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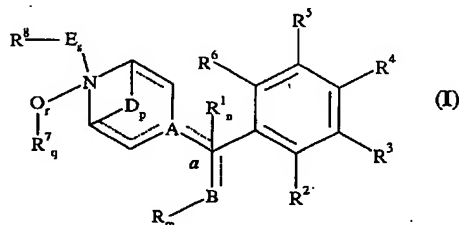
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(54) Title: N-(SUBSTITUTED ARYLMETHYL)-4-(DISUBSTITUTED METHYL) PIPERIDINES AND PYRIDINES



(57) Abstract: It has now been found that certain novel N-(substituted aryl)-4-(disubstituted methyl)piperidine and pyridine derivatives have provided unexpected insecticidal activity. These compounds are represented by formula (I): wherein m, n, q, r, and s are independently selected from 0 or 1; and p is 0, 1, 2, or 3; A is C or CH; and B, D, E, R, R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, R⁷ and R⁸ are fully described herein. In addition, compositions comprising an insecticidally effective amount of at least one compound of formula I, and optionally, an effective amount of at least one of a second compound, with at least one insecticidally compatible carrier are also disclosed; along with methods of controlling insects comprising applying said compositions to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.



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N-(SUBSTITUTED ARYLMETHYL)-4-(DISUBSTITUTED METHYL)PIPERIDINES AND PYRIDINES

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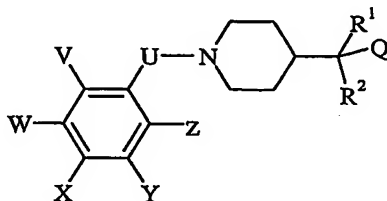
FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention generally relates to insecticidal compounds and their use in controlling insects. In particular, it pertains to insecticidal N-(substituted aryl)-4-(disubstituted methyl)piperidines and pyridine derivatives, N-oxides, and agriculturally acceptable salts thereof, compositions of these insecticides, and methods for their use in controlling insects.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

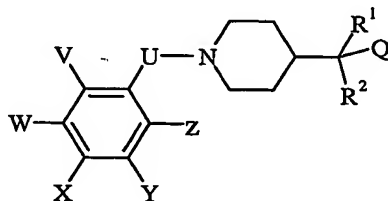
It is well known that insects in general can cause significant damage, not only to crops grown in agriculture, but also, for example, to structures and turf where the damage is caused by soil-borne insects, such as termites and white grubs. Such damage may result in the loss of millions of dollars of value associated with a given crop, turf or structures. Thus, there is a continuing demand for new insecticides that are safer, more effective, and less costly. Insecticides are useful for controlling insects which may otherwise cause significant damage to crops such as wheat, corn, soybeans, potatoes, and cotton to name a few. For crop protection, insecticides are desired which can control the insects without damaging the crops, and which have no deleterious effects to mammals and other living organisms.

A number of patents disclose a variety of insecticidally active substituted
25 piperidine and piperazine derivatives. For example, as set forth in United States
Patent 5,569,664, compounds of the following structure are reported to be
insecticidally active:



where U is selected from $-(CH_2)_n-$ and ethylidene, where n is 1, 2, or 3; Q is selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, sulfhydryl, and fluorine; V is selected from hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsilyloxy, dialkylamino, cyano, nitro, hydroxy, and phenyl; W is selected from hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, nitro, amino, phenoxy, and phenylalkoxy; X is selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, halogen, alkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkylalkoxy, haloalkoxy, alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, alkylsilyloxy, alkylthio, haloalkylthio, cyano, cyanoalkoxy, nitro, amino, monoalkylamino, dialkylamino, alkylaminoalkoxy, alkylcarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, aminocarbonyloxy, phenyl, phenylalkoxy, phenoxy, and phenoxyalkyl; Y and Z are independently selected from hydrogen and alkoxy; R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from phenyl substituted with halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, hydroxy, arylthio, alkoxy, dialkylamino, dialkylaminosulfonyl, hydroxyalkylaminocarbonyl, alkylsulfonyloxy, and haloalkylsulfonyloxy; and the corresponding N-oxides and agriculturally acceptable salts.

As set forth in United States Patent 5,639,763 compounds of the following structure are reported to be insecticidally active:



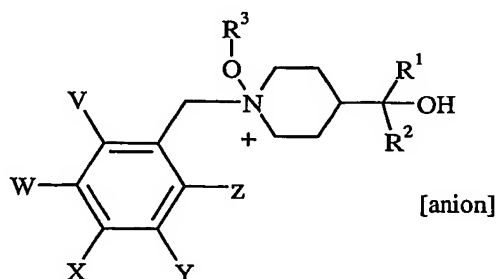
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where U is selected from $-(CH_2)_n-$ and ethylidene, where n is 1, 2, or 3; Q is selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, sulfhydryl, and fluorine; V is selected from hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsilyloxy, dialkylamino, cyano, nitro, hydroxy, and phenyl; Y and Z are independently selected from hydrogen and alkoxy; W and X taken together is $-OCH_2CH_2O-$, $-CH_2C(CH_3)_2O-$, $-OC(CH_3)_2O-$, or $-N=C(C_2H_5)O-$; R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from phenyl substituted with halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy,

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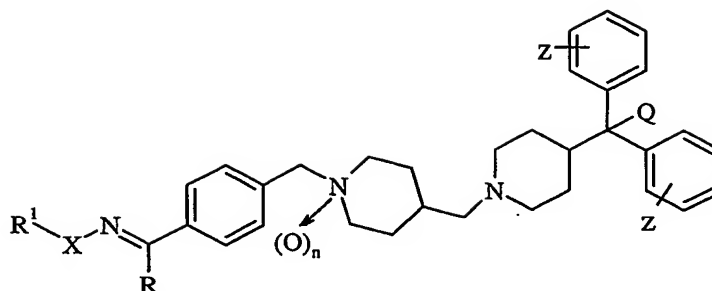
alkoxyalkyl, hydroxy, arylthio, alkoxy, dialkylamino, dialkylaminosulfonyl, hydroxyalkylaminocarbonyl, alkylsulfonyloxy, and haloalkylsulfonyloxy; and the corresponding N-oxides and agriculturally acceptable salts.

As set forth in United States Patent 5,795,901 compounds of the following structure are reported to be insecticidally active:



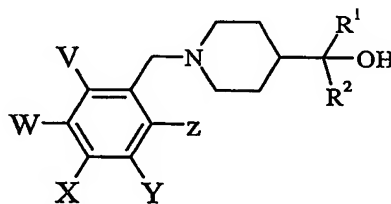
where V, W, Y, and Z are hydrogen; X is alkoxy, cycloalkoxy, alkoxy carbonyl, alkoxy carbonylamino, or a five- or six-membered heteroaryl or heteroaryloxy, each heteroaryl optionally substituted with halogen, cyano, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, or haloalkoxyalkyl; R¹ and R² are independently selected from haloalkyl, phenyl substituted with halogen, halothio, haloalkyl, or haloalkoxy; or a five- or six-membered heteroaryl substituted with halogen or alkyl; R³ is alkyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, dialkylaminoalkyl, alkylaminocarbonyloxyalkyl, alkylthioalkyl, alkylsulfonylalkyl, alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl, alkoxy carbonylalkyl, carboxyalkyl, carboxyarylalkyl, arylcarbonyl, sulfonato, or sulfonatoalkyl, and may bear a negative charge resulting in an inner salt, and a separate anion is chloride, bromide, iodide, or a phenyl, or alkyl sulfate or sulfonate.

As set forth in United States Patent 5,939,438 compounds of the following structure are reported to be insecticidally active:



where R is hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, or dialkylamino; R¹ is hydrogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, or alkylaminocarbonyl; Q is fluoro or hydroxy; X is oxygen or NR²; Z is halogen, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, pentahalothio, haloalkylthio, haloalkylsulfinyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, , or -OCF₂O- attached to two adjacent carbon atoms of the phenyl ring; n is 0 or 1; and, when X is NR², R² is hydrogen, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, or R¹ and R² taken together may be -C_mH_{2m}-, or -C₂H₄OC₂H₄-, where m is 3-9; and their agriculturally acceptable salts.

As set forth in United States Patent 6,017,931 compounds of the following structure are reported to be insecticidally active:

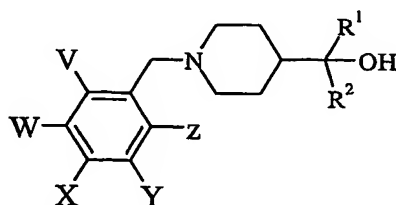


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where V, W, and Z are hydrogen; X is selected from alkoxy, haloalkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, cycloalkylalkoxy, halocycloalkylalkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl, haloalkoxycarbonyl, cycloalkylalkoxycarbonyl, halocycloalkylalkoxycarbonyl, alkoxyalkoxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, haloalkoxycarbonylamino, cycloalkylalkoxycarbonylamino, halocycloalkylalkoxycarbonylamino, alkylaminocarbonyl, haloalkylaminocarbonyl, cyanoalkoxycarbonylamino, phenylcarbonylamino, and phenoxy carbonyl, each cycloalkyl moiety or phenyl ring optionally substituted with halogen; Y is selected from hydrogen or halogen;

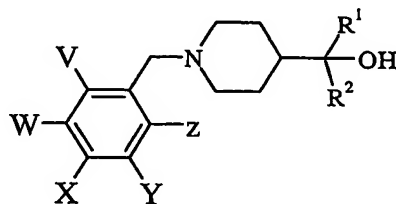
R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from phenyl or pyridyl, each substituted with haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, or alkylthio, and the corresponding N-oxides and agriculturally acceptable salts.

As set forth in United States Patent 6,030,987 compounds of the following structure are reported to be insecticidally active:



where V, W, Y and Z are hydrogen; X is a five- or six-membered heterocycle optionally substituted with halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, cyano, aminocarbonyl, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, or haloalkoxyalkyl; and the heterocycle is optionally connected to the phenyl ring through a $-O-$, $-S-$, $-(CH_2)_p-$, $-C(O)-$, or $-O(CR^3R^4)_q-$ linkage; R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from phenyl or pyridyl, each substituted with haloalkyl, or haloalkoxy; R^3 and R^4 are independently selected from hydrogen and methyl; n and p are independently 1, 2, or 3; and q is 1 or 2, and the corresponding N-oxides and agriculturally acceptable salts.

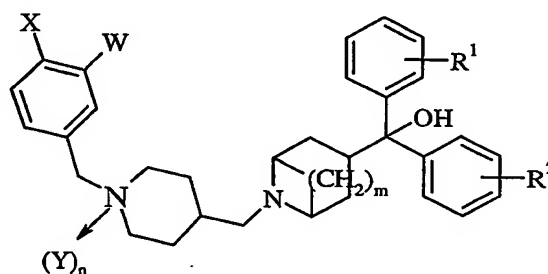
As set forth in United States Patent 6,184,234 compounds of the following structure are reported to be insecticidally active:



where V, W, Y and Z are hydrogen; X is a five- or six-membered heterocycle optionally substituted with bromine, chlorine, fluorine, alkyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, cyano, aminocarbonyl, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, or haloalkoxyalkyl; and the heterocycle is optionally connected to the phenyl ring through a $-O-$, $-S-$, -

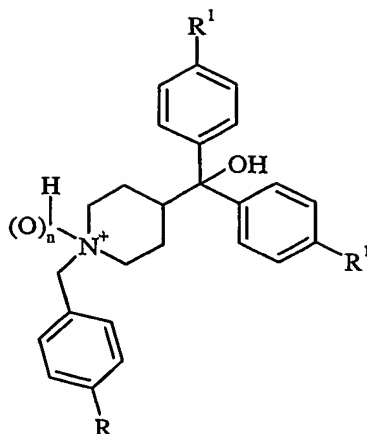
(CH₂)_p-, -C(O)-, or -O(CR³R⁴)_q- linkage; R¹ and R² are independently selected from i) phenyl or pyridyl, each substituted with pentahalothio, haloalkylthio, haloalkylsulfinyl, or haloalkylsulfonyl; ii) phenyl substituted with -OC(M)₂O-, where M is bromine, chlorine, or fluorine to provide a dihalobenzodioxolyl fused ring; or iii) pyridyl substituted with -OC(M)₂O-, to provide a dihalodioxoleneopyridyl fused ring; R³ and R⁴ are independently selected from hydrogen and methyl; n and p are independently 1, 2, or 3; and q is 1 or 2, and the corresponding N-oxides and agriculturally acceptable salts.

As set forth in United States Statutory Invention Registration H1,838 compounds of the following structure are reported to be insecticidally active:



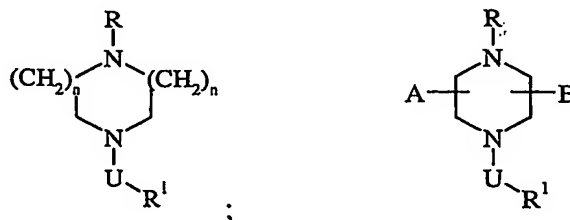
where m is 2 or 3; n is 0 or 1; X is hydrogen, alkoxy, cycloalkylalkoxy, haloalkoxyimino, or a five- or six-membered heteroaryl or heteroaryloxy in which one or more hetero atoms may be optionally substituted with alkyl; R¹ and R² are independently selected from hydrogen, haloalkyl, halothio, or haloalkoxy; and when n is 1, Y represents (a) an N-oxide of the ring nitrogen; or (b) an agriculturally acceptable anionic salt of the ring nitrogen; or (c) forms an OR³ linkage in which R³ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxy-carbonylalkyl, hydroxycarbonyl-ethyl in association with an agriculturally acceptable anion resulting in an ionic salt, or R³ is an oxycarbonylalkyl group bearing a negative charge resulting in an inner salt.

As set forth in United States Statutory Invention Registration H1,996 photostable, agriculturally acceptable acid salts of an organic or inorganic acid of the following structure are reported to be insecticidally active:



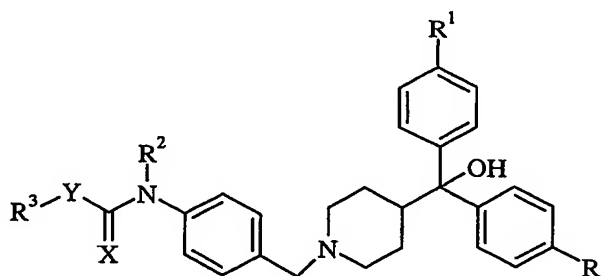
where R is alkoxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, cycloalkylalkoxy, 2-alkyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl, or 2-haloalkyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl; R¹ is trihaloalkyl, or trihaloalkoxy; n is 0, or 1; and said salt is at least 2.5 times more photostable than its non-ionic parent and is derived from hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, boric acid, phosphoric acid, maleic acid, fumaric acid, phthalic acid, D-glucuronic acid; the sulfonic acid R²SO₃H where R² is alkyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, D-10-camphoryl, or phenyl optionally substituted with alkyl or halogen; the carboxylic acid R³CO₂H where R³ is hydrogen, alkyl, trihaloalkyl, carboxyl, phenyl optionally substituted with alkyl or halogen, or pyridyl; the boronic acid R⁴B(OH)₂ where R⁴ is alkyl or phenyl optionally substituted with alkyl or halogen; the phosphonic acid R⁵PO₃H₂ where R⁵ is alkyl, haloalkenyl, or phenyl optionally substituted with alkyl or halogen; the sulfuric acid R⁶OSO₃H where R⁶ is hydrogen or alkyl; or the alkanoic acid X-(CH₂)_qCO₂H where q is 0 to 11, X is halogen, trihaloalkyl, haloalkenyl, cyano, aminocarbonyl, or CO₂R⁷ where R⁷ is hydrogen or alkyl.

As set forth in United States Statutory Invention Registration H2,007 compounds of the following structures are reported to be insecticidally active:



where A and B are independently selected from lower alkyl; U is selected from lower alkylidene, lower alkenylidene, and CH-Z, where Z is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, or phenyl; R is -CHR³R⁴ where R³ and R⁴ are independently selected from phenyl, optionally substituted with halogen, lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, lower alkenyl, or phenyl; R¹ is phenyl, naphthyl, tetrazolylphenyl, phenylcyclopropyl, phenoxyphenyl, benzyloxyphenyl, pyridylphenyl, pyridyloxyphenyl, or thiadiazolyloxyphenyl, each optionally substituted with halogen, cyano, hydroxy, lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, amino, lower dialkylamino, nitro, lower haloalkylsulfonyloxy, lower alkylcarbonyloxy, lower alkylcarbonylamino, lower alkoxy carbonyl, lower alkoxyalkoxy carbonyl, lower cycloalkylalkoxy carbonyl, lower alkoxyalkylalkoxy carbonyl, lower alkoxy carbonylamino, alkoxythiocarbonylamino, lower alkyl dithiocarbonylamino, lower dialkyldioxolylalkoxy carbonylamino, or halophenylamino; or lower alkyl substituted with any one of the foregoing cyclic R¹ groups; m is 2 or 3; and n is 1, 2, or 3.

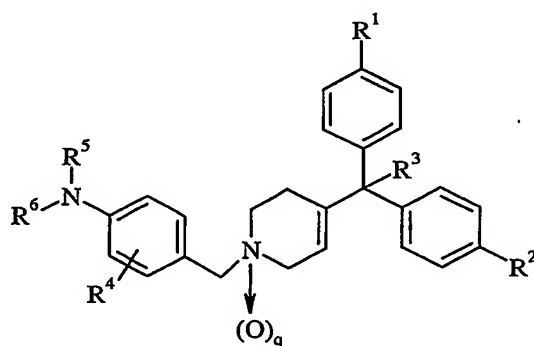
As set forth in unexamined Japanese Patent Application 2002-220372 compounds of the following structures are reported to be insecticidally active:



where R¹ and R² are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, or lower alkylsulfonyloxy; R² is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, or lower alkylcarbonyl; X and Y are independently oxygen or sulfur; R³ is selected from lower alkenyl, or lower alkynyl, which are optionally substituted with

hydroxy, halogen, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfinyl, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower cycloalkyl, lower alkoxyalkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino, lower dialkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, nitro, cyano, trimethylsilyl, phenyl, or lower cycloalkenyl; and the corresponding N-oxides and salts.

As set forth in PCT Publication WO 02/068392A1 compounds of the following structures are reported to be insecticidally active:

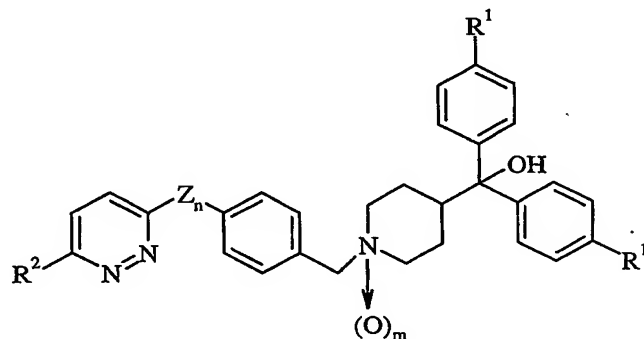


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where R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from halogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, halo C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, halo C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, $-S(=O)_p-R^9$, or SF_5 ; R^3 is hydrogen, hydroxy, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, , or $-OC(=O)-C_1$ - C_6 alkyl; R^4 is hydrogen, halogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, halo C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, halo C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, or $-S(=O)_p-R^9$, or $-SCN$; R^5 and R^6 are independently selected from C_1 - C_{12} alkyl, halo C_1 - C_{12} alkyl, C_2 - C_{12} alkenyl, halo C_2 - C_{12} alkenyl, C_2 - C_{12} alkynyl, halo C_2 - C_{12} alkynyl, C_3 - C_8 cycloalkyl, $-C(=O)-OR^7$, $-C(=S)-OR^8$, $-C(=Y)-ZR^8$, $-S(=O)_p-R^9$, aryl, aryl C_1 - C_6 alkyl, heterocycle, heterocycle C_1 - C_6 alkyl, each substituted in the ring from one to five times independently of one another by halogen, hydroxy, cyano, nitro, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, halo C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, halo C_1 - C_6 alkoxy; or in common together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached to form a heterocyclic ring which is substituted or unsubstituted; Y is oxygen or sulfur; X is a bond, $-NR^{10}$ -, or sulfur; R^7 is C_1 - C_6 alkoxy- C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkylthio- C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkylamino- C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_3 - C_6 alkynyl, C_1 - C_6 alkyl- $S(=O)_p$ - C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_3 - C_8 cycloalkyl, aryl, aryl- C_1 - C_6 alkyl, heterocyclyl, or heterocyclyl- C_1 - C_6 alkyl each substituted in the ring from one to five times independently of one another by

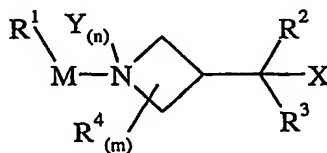
halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₆alkyl, haloC₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₆alkoxy, or haloC₁-C₆alkoxy; R⁸ is C₁-C₆alkyl, haloC₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₆alkoxy-C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₆alkylthio-C₁-C₆alkyl, C₂-C₆alkenyl, C₃-C₆alkynyl, C₁-C₆alkyl-S(=O)_p-C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₈cycloalkyl, aryl, aryl-C₁-C₆alkyl, heterocyclyl, or heterocyclyl-C₁-C₆alkyl, or is C₃-C₈cycloalkyl, aryl, aryl-C₁-C₆alkyl, heterocyclyl, or heterocyclyl-C₁-C₆alkyl each substituted in the ring from one to five times independently of one another by halogen, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₆alkyl, haloC₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₆alkoxy, or haloC₁-C₆alkoxy; R⁹ is C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₈cycloalkyl, haloC₁-C₆alkyl, or benzyl; R¹⁰ is hydrogen, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₈cycloalkyl, haloC₁-C₆alkyl, or benzyl; p is 0, 1, or 2; q is 0 or 1; and, where appropriate, E/Z isomers, E/Z isomer mixtures and/or tautomers, each in free form or in salt form.

As set forth in PCT Publication WO 200020409A1 compounds of the following structures are reported to be insecticidally active:



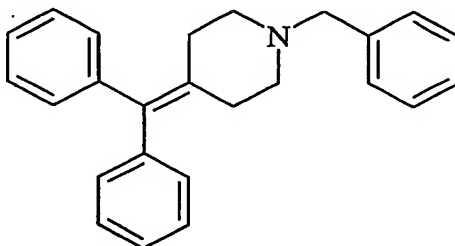
where R¹ is halo, C₁-C₄alkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, C₁-C₄haloalkyl, C₁-C₄haloalkoxy; R² is hydrogen, hydroxyl, halo, C₁-C₄alkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, C₁-C₄alkoxycarbonyl, C₁-C₄alkylthio, C₁-C₄alkylsulfonyl, optionally substituted phenyl or carbamoyl; Z is O or S(O)_p, p is 0 or 2; and m and n are 0 or 1.

As set forth in PCT Publication WO 03/022808A1 compounds of the following structures are reported to be pesticidally active:



where R^1 represents aryl or heteroaryl that is optionally identically or differently substituted once or several times; R^2 and R^3 are identical or different and represent aryl or heteroaryl that is optionally identically or differently substituted once or several times, whereby both groups can also be bridged by a common substituent; M is optionally substituted $(CH_2)_l$, where l is 1, 2, or 3, CO, or $-HN-C(O)$; X represents H, OH, halogen, OR⁴ or CN; Y represents (O), H, OH, OR⁴, R⁴; (in the last four groups, in which nitrogen has a positive charge, in combination with a corresponding anion); R⁴ is identical or different and represents (C₁-C₄)alkyl, (C₁-C₄)alkanoyl, (C₁-C₄)haloalkyl; m is 0, 1, 2, 3, ; and n 0 or 1.

As set forth in published Japanese Patent Application JP 62,145,018, the following compound is disclosed as being an antiallergy pharmaceutical agent:

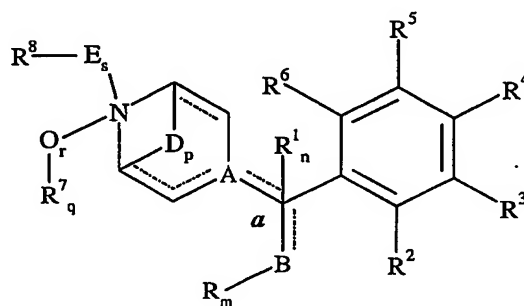


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There is no disclosure or suggestion in any of the citations set forth above of the piperidine or pyridine derivatives of the present invention.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In accordance with the present invention, it has now been found that certain N-(substituted arylmethyl)-4-(disubstituted methyl)piperidine and pyridine derivatives, (hereinafter termed "compounds of formula I"), N-oxides, and agriculturally acceptable salts thereof are surprisingly active when used in the insecticidal compositions and methods of this invention. The compounds of formula I are represented by the following general formula I:



I

wherein;

m, n, q, r, and s are independently selected from 0 or 1; and p is 0, 1, 2, or 3;

A is selected from C and CH, forming a six-membered azine ring selected from piperidine, 1,4-dihydropyridine, and 1,2,5,6-tetrahydropyridine;

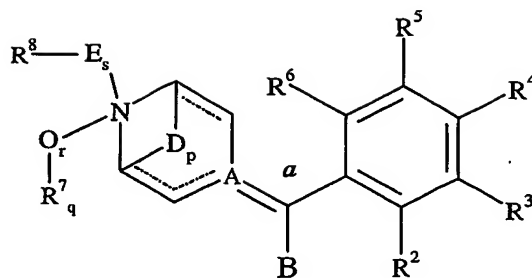
R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, and R⁶ are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, pentahalothio, alkylthio, cyano, nitro, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxy carbonyl, aryl, or aryloxy, provided that at least one of R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, and R⁶ are other than hydrogen; and, wherein either of R² and R³, or R³ and R⁴ are taken together with -OCF₂O-, -OCF₂CF₂-, -CF₂CF₂O-, or -CH=CHCH=CH-, forming a benzo-fused ring;

And when,

(a) m and n are 0;

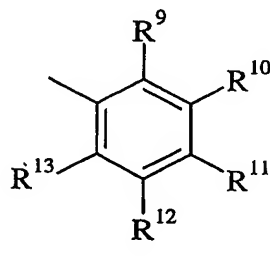
a double bond between methyl carbon (α) and the 4-position of the six-membered azine ring is formed,

13



where

B is phenyl substituted with R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} , R^{12} , and R^{13} ,



5

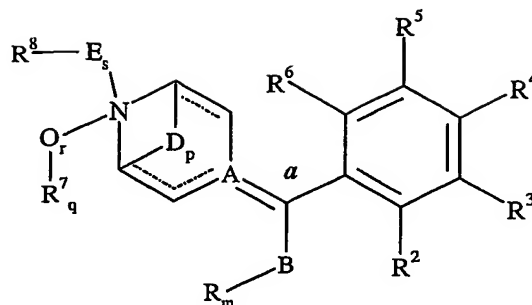
where

R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} , R^{12} , and R^{13} are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, mercapto, and alkylthio, cyano, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, or aryloxy; and, wherein either of R^9 and R^{10} , or R^{10} and R^{11} may be taken together with $-OCF_2O-$, $-OCF_2CF_2-$, or $-CF_2CF_2O-$, forming a benzo-fused ring, providing that at least one of R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} , R^{12} , and R^{13} is other than hydrogen;

and when

(b) m is 1, and n is 0;

15 a double bond between methyl carbon (a) and the 4-position of the six-membered azine ring is formed,



where

B is a bridging group from methyl carbon (a) to R;

5 where

B is selected from O, S, *CH₂O, *OCH₂, OC(=O)O, *OC(=O)NR¹⁵,
 *NR¹⁵C(=O)O, *OC(=S)NR¹⁵, *NR¹⁵C(=S)O, *OCH₂C(=O)NR¹⁵,
 *NR¹⁵C(=O)CH₂O, *CH₂OC(=O)NR¹⁵, *NR¹⁵C(=O)OCH₂, *NR¹⁵CH₂,
 *CH₂NR¹⁵, *NR¹⁵C(=O), *C(=O)NR¹⁵, *NR¹⁵SO₂, *SO₂NR¹⁵, *NR¹⁵NHSO₂,
 10 *SO₂NHNR¹⁵, *OC(=O)NR¹⁵SO₂, *SO₂NR¹⁵C(=O)O, *OC(=O)NR¹⁵CHR¹⁶,
 *CHR¹⁶NR¹⁵C(=O)O, *NR¹⁵C(=O)NR¹⁶; 1,4-dioxycyclohexyl, or 4-
 oxypiperidin-1-yl, where the asterisk denotes attachment to the methyl carbon
 (a);

where

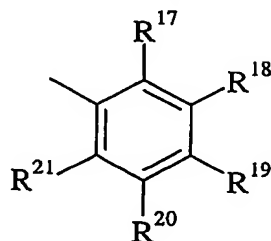
15 R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkylaminocarbonyl,
 and arylcarbonyl wherein the aryl is optionally substituted with halogen, alkyl,
 alkoxy, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, or nitro;

where

R is alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, or alkoxy carbonyl;

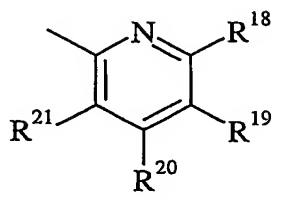
20 or

R is phenyl substituted with R¹⁷, R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²⁰, and R²¹;

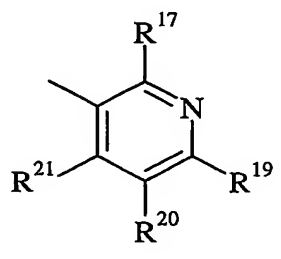


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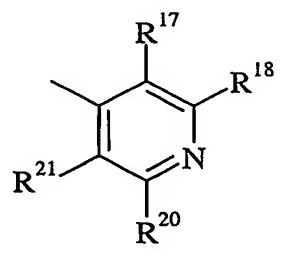
or,

R is pyrid-2-yl substituted with R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ,

5 or

pyrid-3-yl substituted with R^{17} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ,

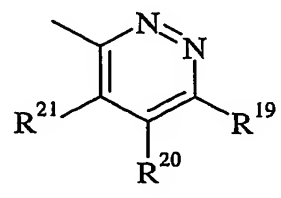
or

10 pyrid-4-yl substituted with R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ,

or

pyridazin-3-yl substituted with R^{19} , R^{20} and R^{21} ,

15



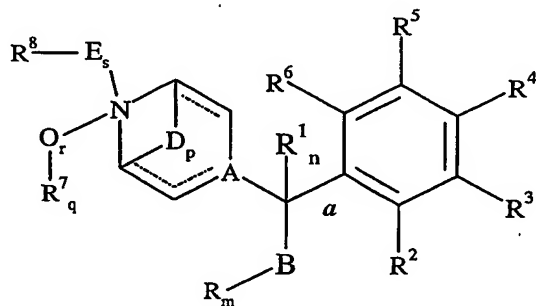
where

R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, alkylthio, haloalkylthio, cyano, nitro, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxy carbonyl, alkoxy carbonylamino, aryl, aryloxy, and 2-alkyl-2H-tetrazole, and, wherein either of R^{17} and R^{18} , or R^{18} and R^{19} may be taken together with $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CHCH}_2-$, $-\text{OCF}_2\text{O}-$, $-\text{OCF}_2\text{CF}_2-$, or $-\text{CF}_2\text{CF}_2\text{O}-$, to form benzo-fused rings;

and when

(c) m and n are 1;

a single bond between methyl carbon (a) and the 4-position of the six-membered azine ring is formed;



where

B is a bridging group from methyl carbon (a) to R ;

where

B is selected from O , S , $^*\text{CH}_2\text{O}$, $^*\text{OCH}_2$, $\text{OC}(=\text{O})\text{O}$, $^*\text{OC}(=\text{O})\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{O}$, $^*\text{OC}(=\text{S})\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{S})\text{O}$, $^*\text{OCH}_2\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{CH}_2\text{O}$, $^*\text{CH}_2\text{OC}(=\text{O})\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{OCH}_2$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{CH}_2$, $^*\text{CH}_2\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{O})$, $^*\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{SO}_2$, $^*\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{NHSO}_2$, $^*\text{SO}_2\text{NHN}^{15}$, $^*\text{OC}(=\text{O})\text{NR}^{15}\text{SO}_2$, $^*\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{O}$, $^*\text{OC}(=\text{O})\text{NR}^{15}\text{CHR}^{16}$, $^*\text{CHR}^{16}\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{O}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NR}^{16}$; 1,4-dioxycyclohexyl, or 4-oxypiperidin-1-yl, where the asterisk denotes attachment to the methyl carbon

(a); where R^{15} and R^{16} are described above;

and,

R is alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, or alkoxycarbonyl;

or

R is phenyl substituted with R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ; pyrid-2-yl substituted with R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ; pyrid-3-yl substituted with R^{17} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ; pyrid-4-yl substituted with R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ; or pyridazin-3-yl substituted with R^{19} , R^{20} and R^{21} ; where R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} are described above;

R^1 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxyalkyl, or aryl;

10 when p is 1, 2, or 3;

D is $-\text{CH}_2-$, and an azabicyclo derivative of the six-membered azine ring is formed;

15 when q is 0, and r is 1, an N-oxide derivative of the six-membered azine ring nitrogen is formed;

when q is 1 and r is 0 or 1;

R^7 is selected from alkyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, dialkylaminoalkyl, alkylaminocarbonyloxyalkyl, alkylthioalkyl, alkylsulfonylalkyl, alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, carboxyalkyl, arylalkyl, arylcarbonyl, sulfonato, or sulfonatoalkyl, and may bear a negative charge resulting in an inner salt; and a separate ion is chloride, bromide, iodide, or an alkyl or phenyl sulfate or sulfonate;

25 when s is 0 or 1;

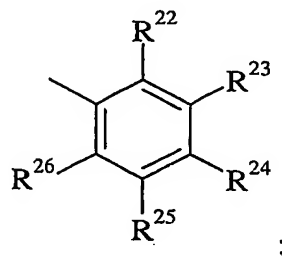
R^8 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, amino, morpholinyl, optionally substituted indolyl, piperidinyl, optionally substituted (pyridyl)alkenyl, optionally substituted 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthylenyl, optionally substituted arylpyrazolyl, benzo[b]thiophenyl, 5-hydropyridino[1,2a]pyrimidinonyl, optionally substituted 4-hydro-1,3-thiazolino[3,2a]pyrimidinonyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinolinyl, 2-thioxo-1,3-dihydroquinazolinonyl, 1,3-

dihydroquinazolindionyl, or benzo[c]azolindionyl, wherein the optional substituent is selected from halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, and nitro;

or

R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶,

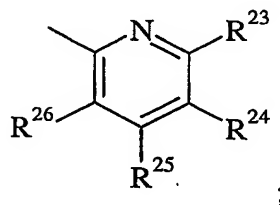
5



or

pyrid-2-yl substituted with R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶,

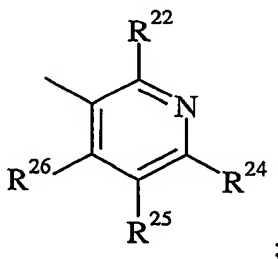
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or

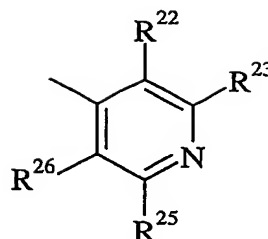
pyrid-3-yl substituted with R²², R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶,

15



or

pyrid-4-yl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁵, and R²⁶,



;

where

R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and R^{26} are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen,
 5 alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, dialkoxyalkyl, trialkoxyalkyl,
 alkoxyiminoalkyl, alkenyloxyiminoalkyl, alkynyloxyiminoalkyl,
 cycloalkylalkoxy, alkoxyalkoxy, alkylthio, dithioalkoxyalkyl,
 trithioalkoxyalkyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylaminosulfonyl, dialkylaminosulfonyl,
 cycloalkylaminosulfonyl, alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, haloalkenyloxy,
 10 alkylsulfonyloxy, optionally substituted arylalkoxy, cyano, nitro, amino,
 alkylamino, alkylcarbonylamino, alkoxy carbonylamino,
 alkenyloxycarbonylamino, alkynyloxycarbonylamino, haloalkylcarbonylamino,
 alkoxyalkoxycarbonylamino, (alkyl)(alkoxycarbonyl)amino,
 alkylsulfonylamino, optionally substituted (heteroaryl)(alkoxycarbonyl)amino,
 15 optionally substituted arylcarbonylamino, formyl, optionally substituted 1,3-
 dioxolan-2-yl, optionally substituted 1,3-dioxan-2-yl, optionally substituted
 1,3-oxazolidin-2-yl, optionally substituted 1,3-oxazaperhydroin-2-yl,
 optionally substituted 1,3-dithiolan-2-yl, optionally substituted 1,3-dithian-2-yl,
 alkoxy carbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyloxy, alkylaminocarbonylamino,
 20 dialkylaminocarbonylamino, alkylamino(thiocarbonyl)amino,
 dialkylphosphoroureydyl, optionally substituted thienyl, optionally substituted
 1,3-thiazolylalkoxy, optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted aryloxy,
 optionally substituted aryloxyalkyl, optionally substituted
 arylaminocarbonyloxy, optionally substituted heteroaryl, optionally substituted
 25 heteroaryloxy, optionally substituted pyrrolyl, optionally substituted pyrazolyl,
 optionally substituted pyrazinyloxy, optionally substituted 1,3-oxazolinyll,
 optionally substituted 1,3-oxazolinyloxy, optionally substituted 1,3-
 oxazolinyllamino, optionally substituted 1,2,4-triazolyl, optionally substituted

1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, optionally substituted 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl, optionally substituted 1,2,5-thiadiazolyloxy, optionally substituted 2H-tetrazolyl, optionally substituted pyridyl, optionally substituted pyridyloxy, optionally substituted pyridylamino, optionally substituted pyrimidinyl, optionally substituted pyrimidinylloxy, optionally substituted 3,4,5,6-tetrahydropyrimidinylloxy, optionally substituted pyridazinylloxy, or optionally substituted 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl, wherein the optional substituent is selected from one or more of halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, dialkoxyalkyl, dithioalkoxyalkyl, cyano, nitro, amino, or alkoxycarbonylamino, provided that at least one of R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and R^{26} is other than hydrogen;

when s is 1;

E is a bridging group selected from $(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y$, $(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_yO^*$, C_3H_6 , C_4H_8 , $C(=O)$, $C(=O)C_2H_4^*$, $C_2H_4C(=O)^*$, $C_3H_6C(=O)^*$, $C_4H_8NHC(=O)^*$, or $C(=S)NH^*$, where the asterisk denotes attachment at R^8 ,

where

x is 1; y is 0, or 1;

and,

where R^{27} , R^{28} , R^{29} , and R^{30} are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, and aryl optionally substituted with alkoxy;

N-oxides;

and

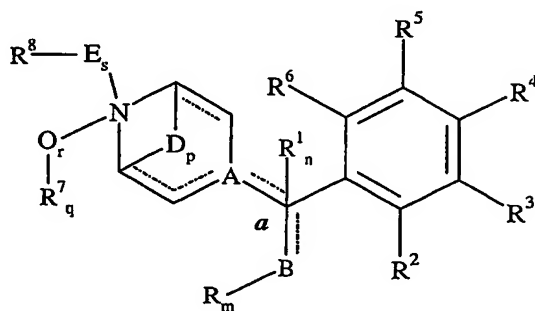
agriculturally-acceptable salts thereof.

The present invention is also directed to compositions containing an insecticidally effective amount of at least one of a compound of formula I, and optionally, an effective amount of at least one of a second compound, with at least one agriculturally acceptable extender or adjuvant.

The present invention is also directed to methods of controlling insects, where control is desired, which comprise applying an insecticidally effective amount of the above composition to the locus of crops, or other areas where insects are present or are expected to be present. Other aspects of the present invention will become apparent.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

One aspect of the present invention relates to certain new and useful compounds, namely certain novel N-(substituted arylmethyl)-4-(disubstituted methyl)piperidine and pyridine derivatives as depicted in general formula I:



I

wherein;

m, n, q, r, and s are independently selected from 0 or 1; and p is 0, 1, 2, or 3;

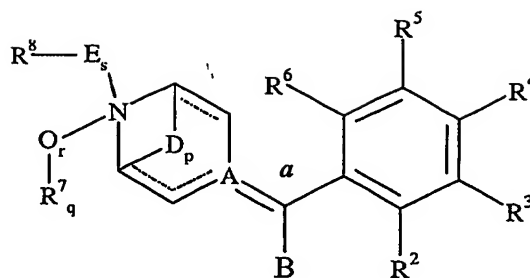
A is selected from C and CH, forming a six-membered azine ring selected from piperidine, 1,4-dihydropyridine, and 1,2,5,6-tetrahydropyridine;

R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , and R^6 are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, pentahalothio, alkylthio, cyano, nitro, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryl, or aryloxy, provided that at least one of R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , and R^6 are other than hydrogen; and, wherein either of R^2 and R^3 , or R^3 and R^4 are taken together with $-OCF_2O-$, $-OCF_2CF_2-$, $-CF_2CF_2O-$, or $-CH=CHCH=CH-$, forming a benzo-fused ring;

and when,

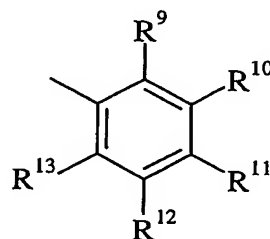
(a) m and n are 0;

a double bond between methyl carbon (a) and the 4-position of the six-membered azine ring is formed,



where

B is phenyl substituted with R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} , R^{12} , and R^{13} ,



5

where

R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} , R^{12} , and R^{13} are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, mercapto, and alkylthio, cyano, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, or aryloxy; and, wherein either of R^9 and R^{10} , or R^{10} and R^{11} may be taken together with $-OCF_2O-$, $-OCF_2CF_2-$, or $-CF_2CF_2O-$, forming a benzo-fused ring, and;

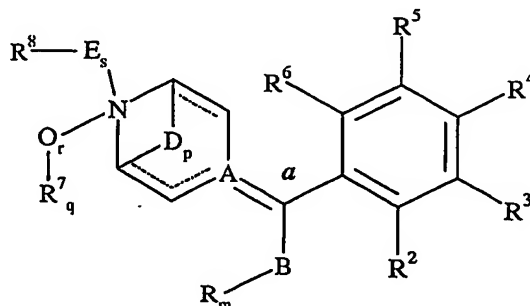
10

and when

(b) m is 1, and n is 0;

a double bond between methyl carbon (a) and the 4-position of the six-membered azine ring is formed,

15



where

B is a bridging group from methyl carbon (a) to R;

where

- 5 B is selected from O, S, $^*\text{CH}_2\text{O}$, $^*\text{OCH}_2$, OC(=O)O , $^*\text{OC(=O)NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C(=O)O}$, $^*\text{OC(=S)NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C(=S)O}$, $^*\text{OCH}_2\text{C(=O)NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C(=O)CH}_2\text{O}$, $^*\text{CH}_2\text{OC(=O)NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C(=O)OCH}_2$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{CH}_2$, $^*\text{CH}_2\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C(=O)}$, $^*\text{C(=O)NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{SO}_2$, $^*\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{NHSO}_2$, $^*\text{SO}_2\text{NHN}^{15}$, $^*\text{OC(=O)NR}^{15}\text{SO}_2$, $^*\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^{15}\text{C(=O)O}$, $^*\text{OC(=O)NR}^{15}\text{CHR}^{16}$,
 10 $^*\text{CHR}^{16}\text{NR}^{15}\text{C(=O)O}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C(=O)NR}^{16}$; 1,4-dioxycyclohexyl, or 4-oxypiperidin-1-yl, where the asterisk denotes attachment to the methyl carbon (a);

where

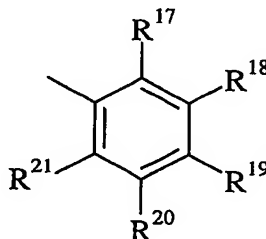
- R^{15} and R^{16} are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkylaminocarbonyl,
 15 and arylcarbonyl wherein the aryl is optionally substituted with halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, or nitro;

where

R is alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, or alkoxycarbonyl;

or

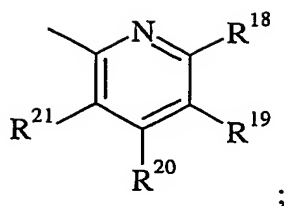
- 20 R is phenyl substituted with R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ;



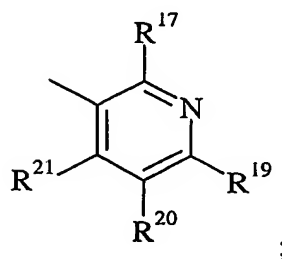
or,

R is pyrid-2-yl substituted with R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ,

24

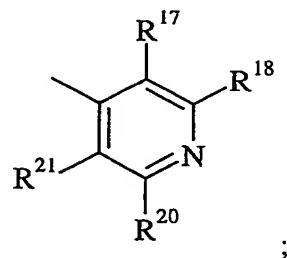


or

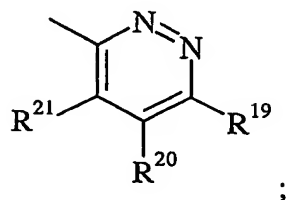
pyrid-3-yl substituted with R^{17} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ,

5

or

pyrid-4-yl substituted with R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ,

10 or

pyridazin-3-yl substituted with R^{19} , R^{20} and R^{21} ,

15 where

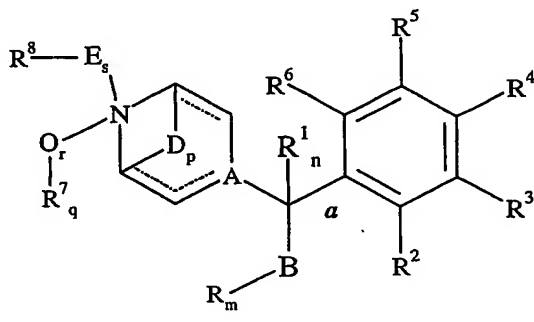
R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, alkylthio, haloalkylthio, cyano, nitro,

alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, aryl, aryloxy, and 2-alkyl-2H-tetrazole, and, wherein either of R^{17} and R^{18} , or R^{18} and R^{19} may be taken together with $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CHCH}_2-$, $-\text{OCF}_2\text{O}-$, $-\text{OCF}_2\text{CF}_2-$, or $-\text{CF}_2\text{CF}_2\text{O}-$, to form benzo-fused rings;

5 and when

(c) **m and n are 1;**

a single bond between methyl carbon (*a*) and the 4-position of the six-membered azine ring is formed;



10

where

B is a bridging group from methyl carbon (*a*) to R;

where

- 15 B is selected from O, S, $^*\text{CH}_2\text{O}$, $^*\text{OCH}_2$, $\text{OC}(=\text{O})\text{O}$, $^*\text{OC}(=\text{O})\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{O}$, $^*\text{OC}(=\text{S})\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{S})\text{O}$, $^*\text{OCH}_2\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{CH}_2\text{O}$, $^*\text{CH}_2\text{OC}(=\text{O})\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{OCH}_2$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{CH}_2$, $^*\text{CH}_2\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{O})$, $^*\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{SO}_2$, $^*\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{NHSO}_2$, $^*\text{SO}_2\text{NHN}^{15}$, $^*\text{OC}(=\text{O})\text{NR}^{15}\text{SO}_2$, $^*\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{O}$, $^*\text{OC}(=\text{O})\text{NR}^{15}\text{CHR}^{16}$, $^*\text{CHR}^{16}\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{O}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NR}^{16}$; 1,4-dioxycyclohexyl, or 4-oxypiperidin-1-yl, where the asterisk denotes attachment to the methyl carbon (*a*); where R^{15} and R^{16} are described above;

20

and,

R is alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, or alkoxycarbonyl;

25 or

R is phenyl substituted with R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ; pyrid-2-yl substituted with R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ; pyrid-3-yl substituted with R^{17} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ; pyrid-4-yl substituted with R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ; or pyridazin-3-yl substituted with R^{19} , R^{20} and R^{21} ; where R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} are described above;

5

R^1 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxyalkyl, or aryl;

when p is 1, 2, or 3;

10 D is $-\text{CH}_2-$, and an azabicyclo derivative of the six-membered azine ring is formed;

when q is 0, and r is 1, an N-oxide derivative of the six-membered azine ring nitrogen is formed;

15 when q is 1 and r is 0 or 1;

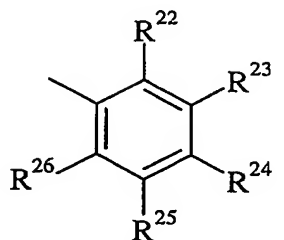
R^7 is selected from alkyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, dialkylaminoalkyl, alkylaminocarbonyloxyalkyl, alkylthioalkyl, alkylsulfonylalkyl, alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, carboxyalkyl, arylalkyl, arylcarbonyl, sulfonato, or sulfonatoalkyl, and may bear a negative charge
20 resulting in an inner salt; and a separate ion is chloride, bromide, iodide, or an alkyl or phenyl sulfate or sulfonate;

when s is 0 or 1;

R^8 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, alkoxy,
25 alkoxyalkyl, amino, morpholinyl, optionally substituted indolyl, piperidinyl, optionally substituted (pyridyl)alkenyl, optionally substituted 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthylenyl, optionally substituted arylpyrazolyl, benzo[b]thiophenyl, 5-hydropyridino[1,2a]pyrimidinonyl, optionally substituted 4-hydro-1,3-thiazolino[3,2a]pyrimidinonyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinolinyl,
30 2-thioxo-1,3-dihydroquinazolinonyl, 1,3-dihydroquinazolinindionyl, or benzo[c]azolindionyl, wherein the optional substituent is selected from halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, and nitro;

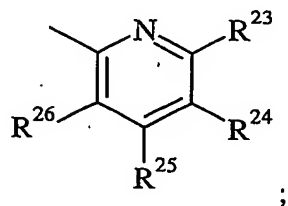
or

R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶,



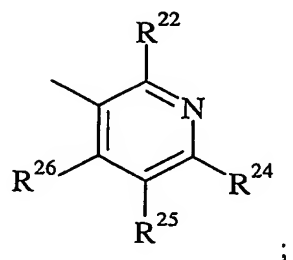
5 or

pyrid-2-yl substituted with R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶,



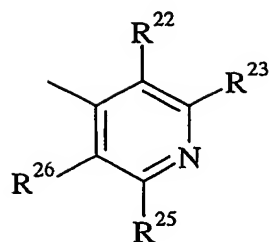
10 or

pyrid-3-yl substituted with R²², R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶,



or

15 pyrid-4-yl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁵, and R²⁶,



where

R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and R^{26} are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, dialkoxyalkyl, trialkoxyalkyl, alkoxyiminoalkyl, alkenyloxyiminoalkyl, alkynyloxyiminoalkyl, cycloalkylalkoxy, alkoxyalkoxy, alkylthio, dithioalkoxyalkyl, trithioalkoxyalkyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylaminosulfonyl, dialkylaminosulfonyl, cycloalkylaminosulfonyl, alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, haloalkenyloxy, alkylsulfonyloxy, optionally substituted arylalkoxy, cyano, nitro, amino, alkylamino, alkylcarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkenyloxycarbonylamino, alkynyloxycarbonylamino, haloalkylcarbonylamino, alkoxyalkoxycarbonylamino, (alkyl)(alkoxycarbonyl)amino, alkylsulfonylamino, optionally substituted (heteroaryl)(alkoxycarbonyl)amino, optionally substituted arylcarbonylamino, formyl, optionally substituted 1,3-dioxolan-2-yl, optionally substituted 1,3-dioxan-2-yl, optionally substituted 1,3-oxazolidin-2-yl, optionally substituted 1,3-oxazaperhydroin-2-yl, optionally substituted 1,3-dithiolan-2-yl, optionally substituted 1,3-dithian-2-yl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyloxy, alkylaminocarbonylamino, dialkylaminocarbonylamino, alkylamino(thiocarbonyl)amino, dialkylphosphoroureidyl, optionally substituted thienyl, optionally substituted 1,3-thiazolylalkoxy, optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted aryloxy, optionally substituted aryloxyalkyl, optionally substituted arylaminocarbonyloxy, optionally substituted heteroaryl, optionally substituted heteroaryloxy, optionally substituted pyrrolyl, optionally substituted pyrazolyl, optionally substituted pyrazinyloxy, optionally substituted 1,3-oxazolinyl, optionally substituted 1,3-oxazolinylalkoxy, optionally substituted 1,3-oxazolinylamino, optionally substituted 1,2,4-triazolyl, optionally substituted 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, optionally substituted 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl, optionally

substituted 1,2,5-thiadiazolyloxy, optionally substituted 2H-tetrazolyl, optionally substituted pyridyl, optionally substituted pyridyloxy, optionally substituted pyridylamino, optionally substituted pyrimidinyl, optionally substituted pyrimidinyloxy, optionally substituted 3,4,5,6-tetrahydropyrimidinyloxy, optionally substituted pyridazinyloxy, or optionally substituted 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl, wherein the optional substituent is selected from one or more of halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, dialkoxyalkyl, dithioalkoxyalkyl, cyano, nitro, amino, or alkoxycarbonylamino, provided that at least one of R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and R^{26} is other than hydrogen;

10

when s is 1;

E is a bridging group selected from $(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y$, $(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_yO^*$, C_3H_6 , C_4H_8 , $C(=O)$, $C(=O)C_2H_4^*$, $C_2H_4C(=O)^*$, $C_3H_6C(=O)^*$, $C_4H_8NHC(=O)^*$, or $C(=S)NH^*$, where the asterisk denotes attachment at R^8 ,

15 where

x is 1; y is 0, or 1;

and,

where R^{27} , R^{28} , R^{29} , and R^{30} are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, and aryl optionally substituted with alkoxy;

20 N-oxides;

and

agriculturally-acceptable salts thereof.

Compounds within the scope of the present invention that are of particular interest are those where p and q are 0; r is 0 or 1; and s is 1; R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , and R^6 are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, pentahalothio, alkylthio, nitro, aryl, and aryloxy; E is the bridging group $-(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y-$, where x is 1 and y is 0, R^{27} and R^{28} are hydrogen; and R^8 is phenyl substituted with R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and R^{26} , where R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and R^{26} are independently selected from hydrogen, alkoxy, dialkoxyalkyl, dithioalkoxyalkyl, alkoxyiminoalkyl, alkenyloxyiminoalkyl, alkynyloxyiminoalkyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, optionally substituted arylcarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyloxy, optionally substituted

1,3-dioxolane-2-yl, optionally substituted 1,3-dioxan-2-yl, optionally substituted 1,3-dithiolan-2-yl, optionally substituted 1,3-dithian-2-yl, optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted aryloxy, optionally substituted 2H-tetrazole, optionally substituted pyridyl, optionally substituted pyridyloxy, optionally substituted
5 pyrimidinyl, optionally substituted pyrimidinyloxy, and optionally substituted pyridazinyloxy.

In one aspect of the present invention, preferred compounds of the present invention are those where A is C, forming the piperidine ring; m is (a) 0 or (b) 1, and n is 0, forming a double bond between methyl carbon (α) and the 4-position of
10 said piperidine ring;
and when

(a) m and n are 0;

B is phenyl substituted with R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} , R^{12} , and R^{13} , where R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} , R^{12} , and R^{13} are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl,
15 hydroxyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, mercapto, and alkylthio;

or

when

(b) m is 1, and n is 0;

B is the bridging group selected from O, $*OC(=O)NR^{15}$, and $*SO_2NR^{15}$, where R^{15}
20 is hydrogen;
and,

R is phenyl substituted with R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} where R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, nitro, aryl, aryloxy, and 2-alkyl-2H-tetrazole.

25 More preferred are those compounds where R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , and R^6 are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, haloalkyl, and haloalkoxy; and R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and R^{26} are independently selected from hydrogen, dialkoxyalkyl, dithioalkoxyalkyl, alkoxyiminoalkyl, alkylaminocarbonyloxy, optionally substituted 1,3-dioxolan-2-yl, optionally substituted 1,3-dioxan-2-yl,
30 optionally substituted aryloxy, optionally substituted 2H-tetrazole, optionally substituted pyridyloxy, optionally substituted pyrimidinyl, optionally substituted pyrimidinyloxy, and optionally substituted pyridazinyloxy.

Particularly preferred are those compounds i) where (a) m and n are 0; and R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} , R^{12} , and R^{13} are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, haloalkyl, and haloalkoxy; more particularly where R^2 , R^3 , R^5 , R^6 , R^9 , R^{10} , R^{12} , R^{13} , R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{25} , and R^{26} are hydrogen; R^4 and R^{11} are difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl or trifluoromethoxy; and R^{24} is pyrid-2-yloxy or pyrimidin-2-yloxy.

Other particularly preferred are those compounds ii) where (b) m is 1, and n is 0; B is the bridging group O or $*OC(=O)NR^{15}$; and R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, haloalkyl, and haloalkoxy; more particularly where R^2 , R^3 , R^5 , R^6 , R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{20} , R^{21} , R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{25} , and R^{26} are hydrogen; R^4 and R^{19} are difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl or trifluoromethoxy; and R^{24} is pyrid-2-yloxy or pyrimidin-2-yloxy.

In another aspect of the present invention, preferred compounds of the present invention are those where A is CH, forming the piperidine ring;

(c) m and n are 1, forming a single bond between methyl carbon (a) and the 4-position of said rings ;

R^1 is hydrogen;

B is the bridging group selected from O, $*OC(=O)NR^{15}$, and $*SO_2NR^{15}$, where R^{15} is hydrogen;

and

R is phenyl substituted with R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} where R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, nitro, aryl, aryloxy, and 2-alkyl-2H-tetrazole.

More preferred are those compounds where R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , and R^6 are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, haloalkyl, and haloalkoxy; and R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and R^{26} are independently selected from hydrogen, dialkoxyalkyl, dithioalkoxyalkyl, alkoxyiminoalkyl, alkylaminocarbonyloxy, optionally substituted 1,3-dioxolan-2-yl, optionally substituted 1,3-dioxan-2-yl, optionally substituted aryloxy, optionally substituted 2H-tetrazole, optionally substituted pyridyloxy, optionally substituted pyrimidinyl, optionally substituted pyrimidin-yloxy, and optionally substituted pyridazin-yloxy.

Particularly preferred are those compounds where B is the bridging group O or $^*OC(=O)NR^{15}$; R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, haloalkyl, and haloalkoxy; more particularly where R^2 , R^3 , R^5 , R^6 , R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{20} , R^{21} , R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{25} , and R^{26} are hydrogen; R^4 and R^{19} are difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl or trifluoromethoxy; and R^{24} is pyrid-2-yloxy or pyrimidin-2-yloxy.

In certain cases the compounds within the scope of formula I may possess asymmetric centers, which can give rise to optical enantiomorphs and diastereomers. Compounds within the scope of formula I may exist in two or more forms, i.e., polymorphs, which are significantly different in physical and chemical properties. Compounds within the scope of formula I may also exist as tautomers, which are in equilibrium. Compounds within the scope of formula I may also possess acidic or basic moieties, which may allow for the formation of agriculturally acceptable salts or agriculturally acceptable metal complexes.

This invention includes the use of such enantiomorphs, polymorphs, tautomers, salts and metal complexes. Agriculturally acceptable salts and metal complexes include, without limitation, for example, ammonium salts, the salts of organic and inorganic acids, such as hydrochloric acid, sulfonic acid, ethanesulfonic acid, trifluoroacetic acid, methylbenzenesulfonic acid, phosphoric acid, gluconic acid, pamoic acid, and other acid salts, and the alkali metal and alkaline earth metal complexes with, for example, sodium, potassium, lithium, magnesium, calcium, and other metals.

The methods of the present invention are predicated on causing an insecticidally effective amount of a compound of formula I to be present within insects in order to kill or control the insects. Preferred insecticidally effective amounts are those that are sufficient to kill the insect. It is within the scope of the present invention to cause a compound of formula I to be present within insects by contacting the insects with a derivative of that compound, which derivative is converted within the insect to a compound of formula I. This invention includes the use of such compounds, which can be referred to as pro-insecticides.

Another aspect of the present invention relates to compositions containing an insecticidally effective amount of at least one compound of formula I, and,

optionally, an effective amount of at least one second compound, with at least one agriculturally acceptable extender or adjuvant.

Another aspect of the present invention relates to methods of controlling insects by applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition set forth
5 above to a locus of crops such as, without limitation, cereals, cotton, vegetables, and fruits, other areas where insects are present or are expected to be present, or adjacent to areas where insects are present or are expected to be present.

The present invention also includes the use of the compounds and compositions set forth herein for control of non-agricultural insect species, for
10 example, ants, dry wood termites and subterranean termites as well as other insects; and also for use as pharmaceutical agents and compositions thereof.

In the field of veterinary medicine, the compounds of the present invention are expected to be effective against certain *endo*- and *ecto*-parasites, such as insects and worms, which prey on animals. Examples of such animal parasites include,
15 without limitation, *Gastrophilus* spp., *Stomoxys* spp., *Trichodectes* sp., *Rhodnius* spp., *Ctenocephalides canis*, and other species.

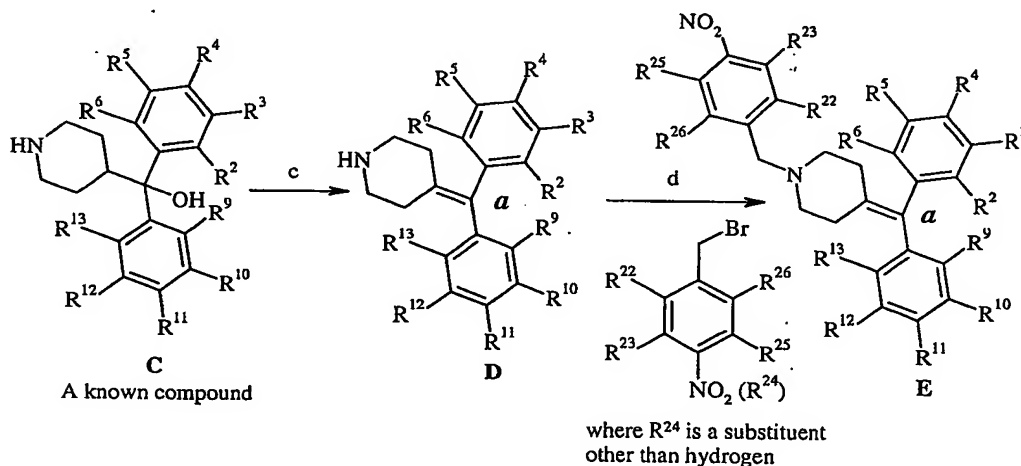
As used in this specification and unless otherwise indicated the substituent terms "alkyl", "alkenyl", "alkynyl", "alkoxy", "alkenyloxy", and "alkynyloxy" used alone or as part of a larger moiety, includes straight or branched chains of at
20 least one or two carbon atoms, as appropriate to the substituent, and preferably up to 12 carbon atoms, more preferably up to ten carbon atoms, most preferably up to seven carbon atoms, wherein "alkenyl" has at least one carbon to carbon double bond, and "alkynyl" has at least one carbon to carbon triple bond. The term "aryl" refers to an aromatic ring structure, including fused rings, having four to ten carbon
25 atoms, for example, phenyl and naphthyl. The term "heteroaryl" refers to an aromatic ring structure, including fused rings, having four to ten carbon atoms, and in which one or more of the atoms in the ring is other than carbon, for example, sulfur, oxygen, or nitrogen. The term "THF" refers to tetrahydrofuran. The term "DMSO" refers to methyl sulfoxide. The term "DMF" refers to N,N-
30 dimethylformamide. The term "halogen" or "halo" refers to fluorine, bromine, iodine, or chlorine. The term "ambient temperature" or "room temperature" often

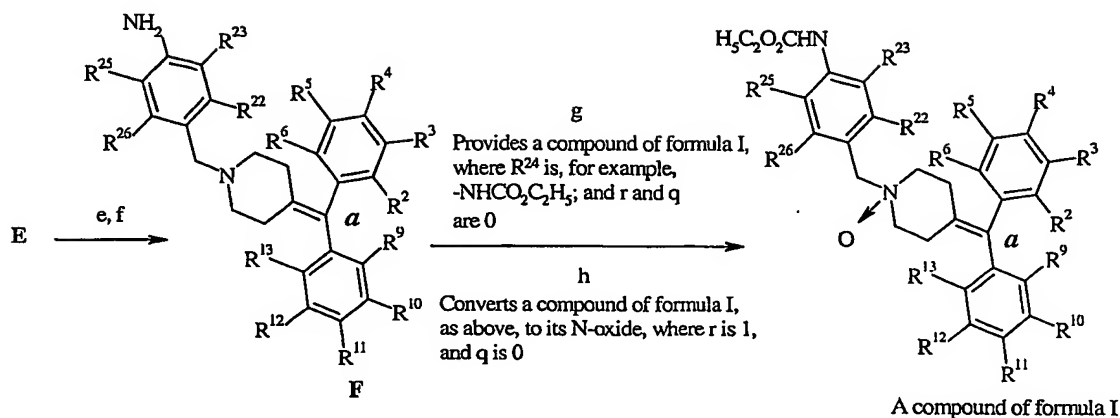
abbreviated as "RT", for example, in reference to a chemical reaction mixture temperature, refers to a temperature in the range of 20 °C to 30 °C.

The compounds of formula I of the present invention can be synthesized by methods that are individually known to one skilled in the art from intermediate compounds readily available in commerce.

Scheme 1 below illustrates a general procedure for synthesizing those compounds of formula I, where A is C, forming a piperidine ring; n is 0, forming a double bond between the methyl carbon (a) and the 4-position of the piperidine ring; m, p, and q are 0; r is 1, forming an N-oxide; and s is 1; E is $-(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y-$, where x is 1, and y is 0; R^8 is phenyl substituted with R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and R^{26} ; B is phenyl substituted with R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} , R^{12} , and R^{13} , where R^{27} and R^{28} are hydrogen:

Scheme 1





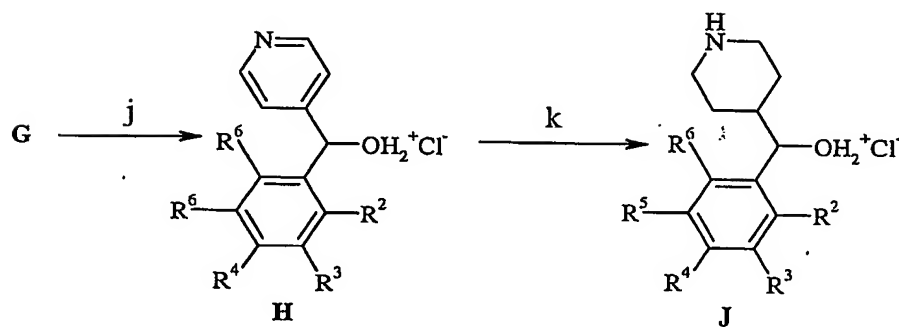
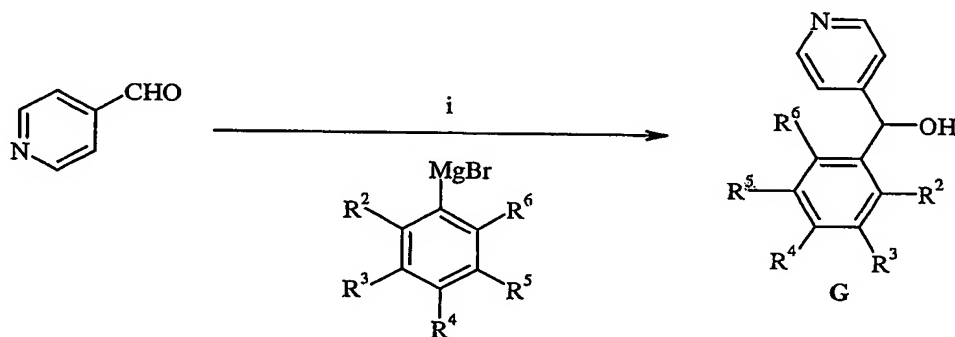
- 5 c) CF_3COOH / $70^\circ C$; d) K_2CO_3 / $EtOH$ / $25-75^\circ C$; e) H_2 / 5% Pt on carbon / $EtOH$ / $HOAc$ / $75^\circ C$;
 f) H_2 / Fe / $EtOH$ / $HOAc$ / $65^\circ C$; g) $C_2H_5CO_2Cl$ / $EtOAc$ / $0-5^\circ C$; h) 30% H_2O_2 / $MeOH$

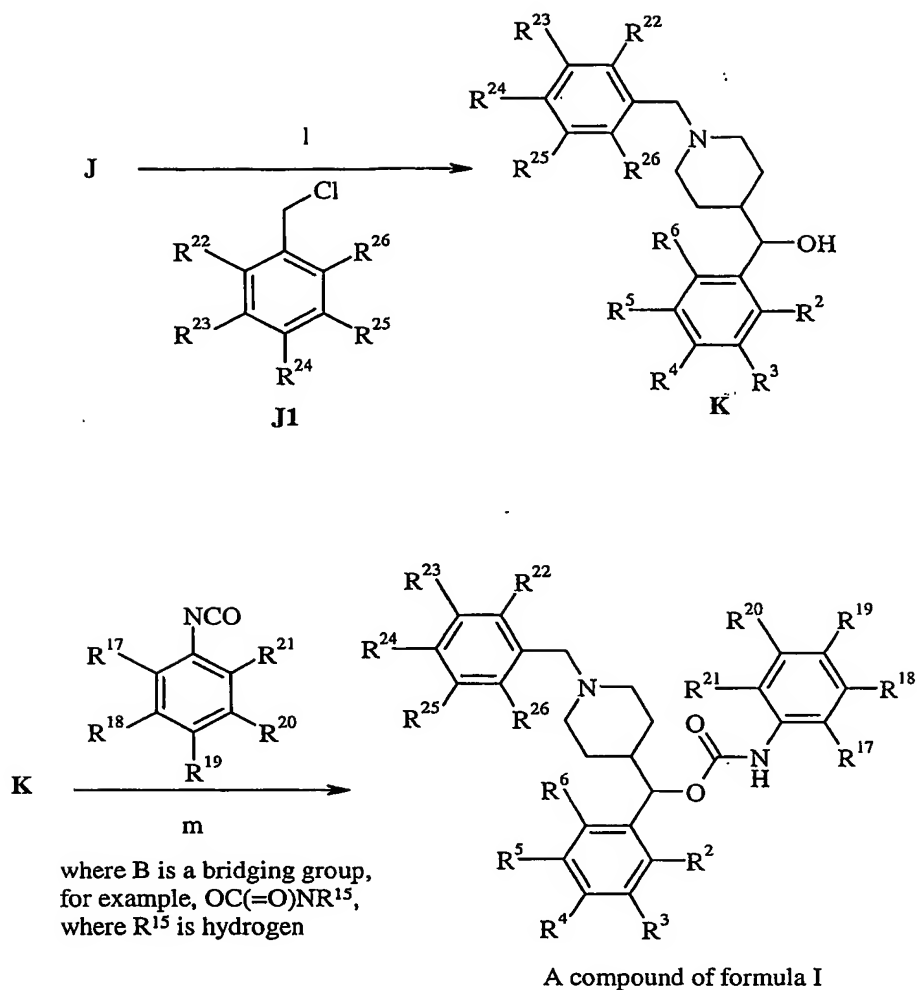
In a first step as set forth in Scheme 1, an appropriately substituted
 methanol (C), for example, 4-{bis[4-
 10 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]hydroxymethyl}piperidine, was treated with
 trifluoroacetic acid at reduced temperature, yielding the corresponding
 unsaturated methylene derivative (D), for example, 4-{bis[4-
 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methylene}piperidine. Intermediate (D) was then
 reacted with an appropriately substituted phenyl bromide, for example, 4-
 15 nitrophenylmethyl bromide, under basic conditions in an appropriate solvent,
 providing the 1-substituted pyridyl derivative (E), for example, 4-{bis[4-
 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methylene}-1-[(4-nitrophenyl)methyl]piperidine.
 Intermediate (E) was then hydrogenated in the presence of a catalyst, for
 example, 5% palladium on carbon, at elevated temperature thereby reducing
 20 the nitro group to the amino group, providing 4-[(4-{bis[4-
 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methylene}piperidyl)methyl]phenylamine (F).
 Intermediate (F) was in turn reacted with an alkyl haloformate, for example,
 ethyl chloroformate, under basic conditions in an appropriate solvent, affording
 the corresponding alkyl carboxamide, for example N-{4-[(4-{bis[4-
 25 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methylene}-
 piperidyl)methyl]phenyl}ethoxycarboxamide, a compound of formula I. The

so-prepared carboxamide was then converted to the corresponding 1-oxypiperidyl derivative (an N-oxide) by treating it with, for example, 30% hydrogen peroxide in methanol, to provide additional compounds of formula I. Example 1, set forth below provides a detailed procedure for this synthesis.

- 5 Scheme 2 below illustrates a general procedure for synthesizing those compounds of formula I where A is CH, forming a piperidine ring; n is 1, forming single bonds from the methyl carbon (a) and its substituents; p, q, and r are 0; m and s are 1; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R; E is $(\text{CR}^{27}\text{R}^{28})_x(\text{CR}^{29}\text{R}^{30})_y$, where x is 1, and y is 0; R^8 is phenyl substituted with R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and R^{26} , and R is phenyl substituted with R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} , where R^{27} and R^{28} are hydrogen:

Scheme 2





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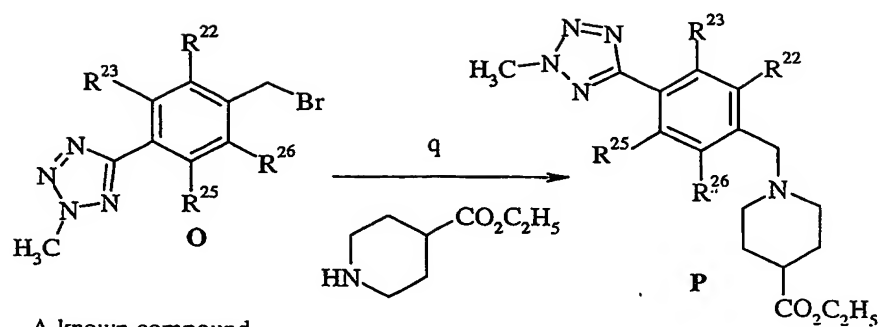
i) Mg / I₂ / THF / ≤ 40 °C; j) HCl (g) / EtOAc; k) H₂ / PtO₂ / MeOH; l) N,N-diisopropylethylamine / DMSO; m) Et₃N / CH₂Cl₂ / 35 °C

In one syntheses, as depicted in Scheme 2, Intermediate (J1) was first prepared by reacting an appropriate formaldehyde, for example (4-(2-pyridyloxy)phenyl)formaldehyde, with sodium borohydride at reduced temperature in an appropriate solvent, yielding the corresponding substituted methanol derivative, for example, (4-(2-pyridyloxy)phenyl)methanol; which was in turn reacted with thionyl chloride in the presence of a catalytic amount of pyridine, at reduced temperature in an appropriate solvent, yielding , for example, (4-(2-pyridyloxy)phenyl)methyl chloride (J1). In a second syntheses, as depicted in Scheme 2, an appropriate carboxaldehyde, for example, 4-pyridinecarboxaldehyde, was reacted with a Grignard Reagent, for example, 4-

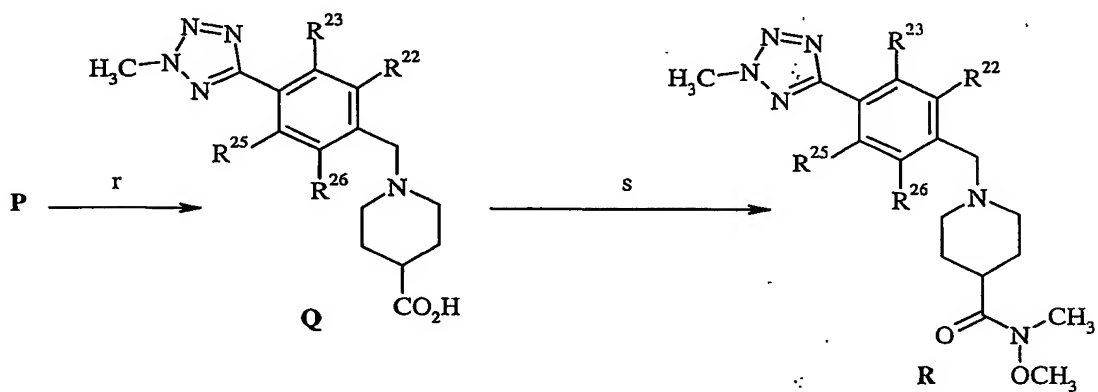
trifluoromethylphenylmagnesium bromide, at an elevated temperature in an appropriate solvent, yielding the corresponding pyridylmethanol, for example, 4-(trifluoromethylphenyl)-4-pyridylmethanol (G). Intermediate (G) was then converted to its hydrochloride salt (H) by treating it with hydrogen chloride gas in an appropriate solvent. The so-formed salt (H) was then hydrogenated in the presence of platinum oxide, affording the corresponding piperidylmethanol, for example, the hydrochloride salt of 4-(trifluoromethylphenyl)-4-piperidylmethanol (J). To substitute the 1-position of the piperidine ring, intermediate (J) was reacted with intermediate (J1) under basic conditions in an appropriate solvent, providing the corresponding methanol derivative (K), for example, {1-[(4-(2-pyridyloxy)phenyl)methyl](4-piperidyl)}[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methanol. Intermediate (K) was then reacted with an appropriate isocyanate, for example, 4-chlorophenylisocyanate, under basic conditions in an appropriate solvent, affording the corresponding compound, for example, N-(4-chlorophenyl)({1-[(4-(2-pyridyloxy)phenyl)methyl](4-piperidyl)}[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methoxy)carboxamide, a compound of formula I. Example 2, set forth below provides a detailed procedure for this synthesis. The so-prepared carboxamide set forth in Example 2 was converted to the corresponding 1-oxypiperidyl derivative (an N-oxide) by treating it with, for example, 50% hydrogen peroxide in an appropriate solvent. Example 6, set forth below provides a detailed procedure for this synthesis. A similar procedure as depicted in Scheme 2 was used to prepare analogous compounds where A is C, forming a 1,2,5,6-tetrahydropyridine ring. Example 5, set forth below provides a detailed procedure for this synthesis.

Scheme 3 below illustrates a general procedure for synthesizing those compounds of formula I where A is CH, forming a piperidine ring; n is 1, forming single bonds from the methyl carbon (a) and its substituents; p, q, and r are 0; m and s are 1; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R; E is $-(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y-$, where x is 1, and y is 0; and R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; where R²⁷ and R²⁸ are hydrogen:

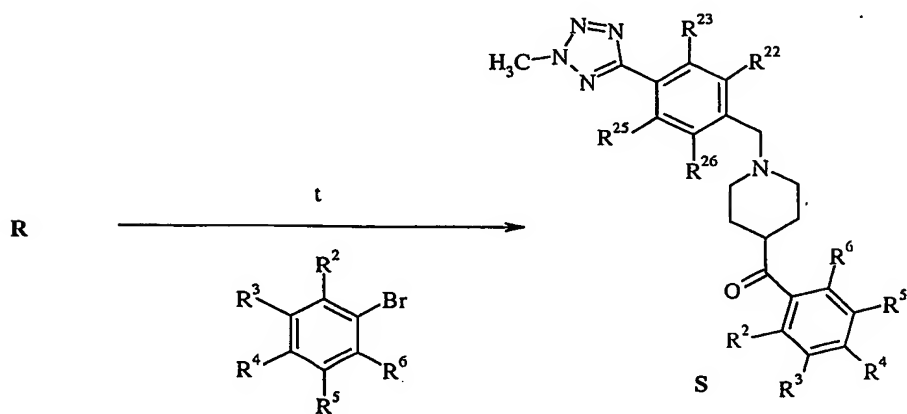
Scheme 3

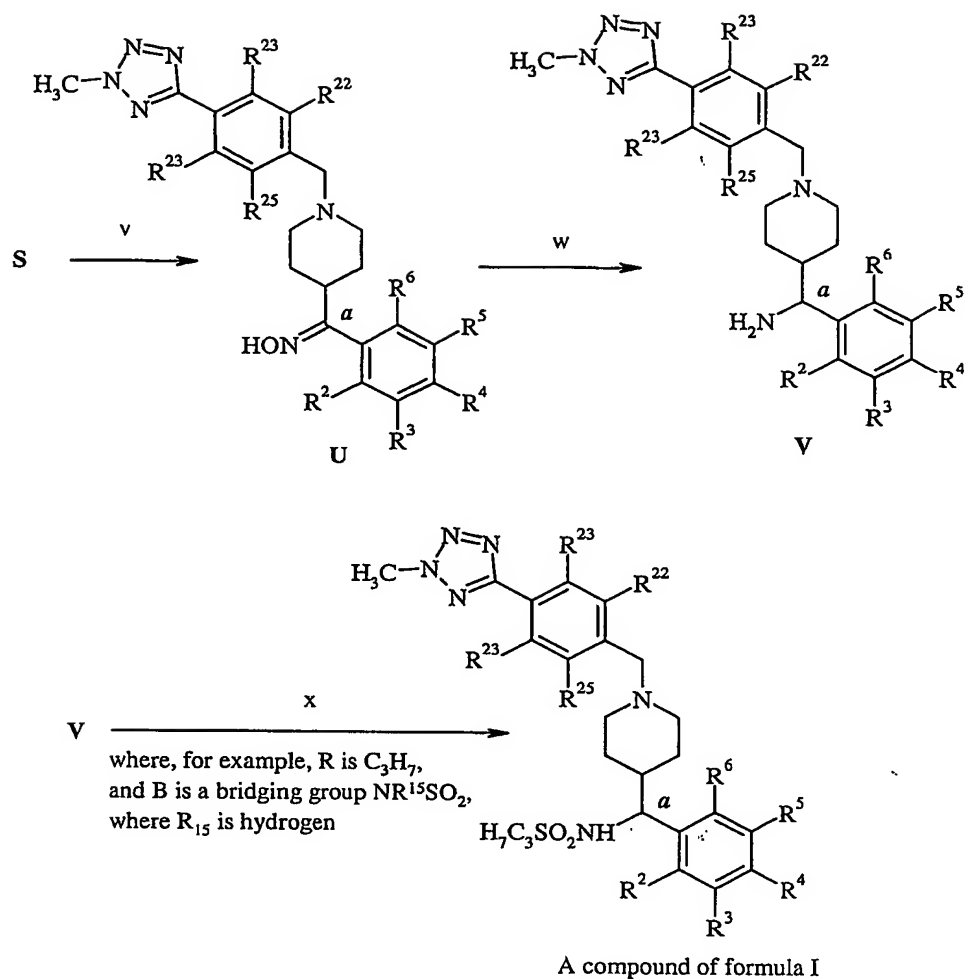


A known compound
where R²², R²³, R²⁵
and R²⁶ are hydrogen;
See Example 19 of
US 5,639,763



5





5 q) N,N-diisopropylethylamine / DMSO; r) NaOH / H₂O / MeOH / THF; s) (EtO)₂P(O)CN / HN(OCH₃)(CH₃):HCl / DMF / 0 °C; t) Mg / THF / RT-60 °C; v) H₂NOH:HCl / Et₃N / EtOH / Reflux; w) LiAlH₄ / THF / RT-65 °C; x) C₃H₇SO₂Cl / Et₃N / CH₂Cl₂

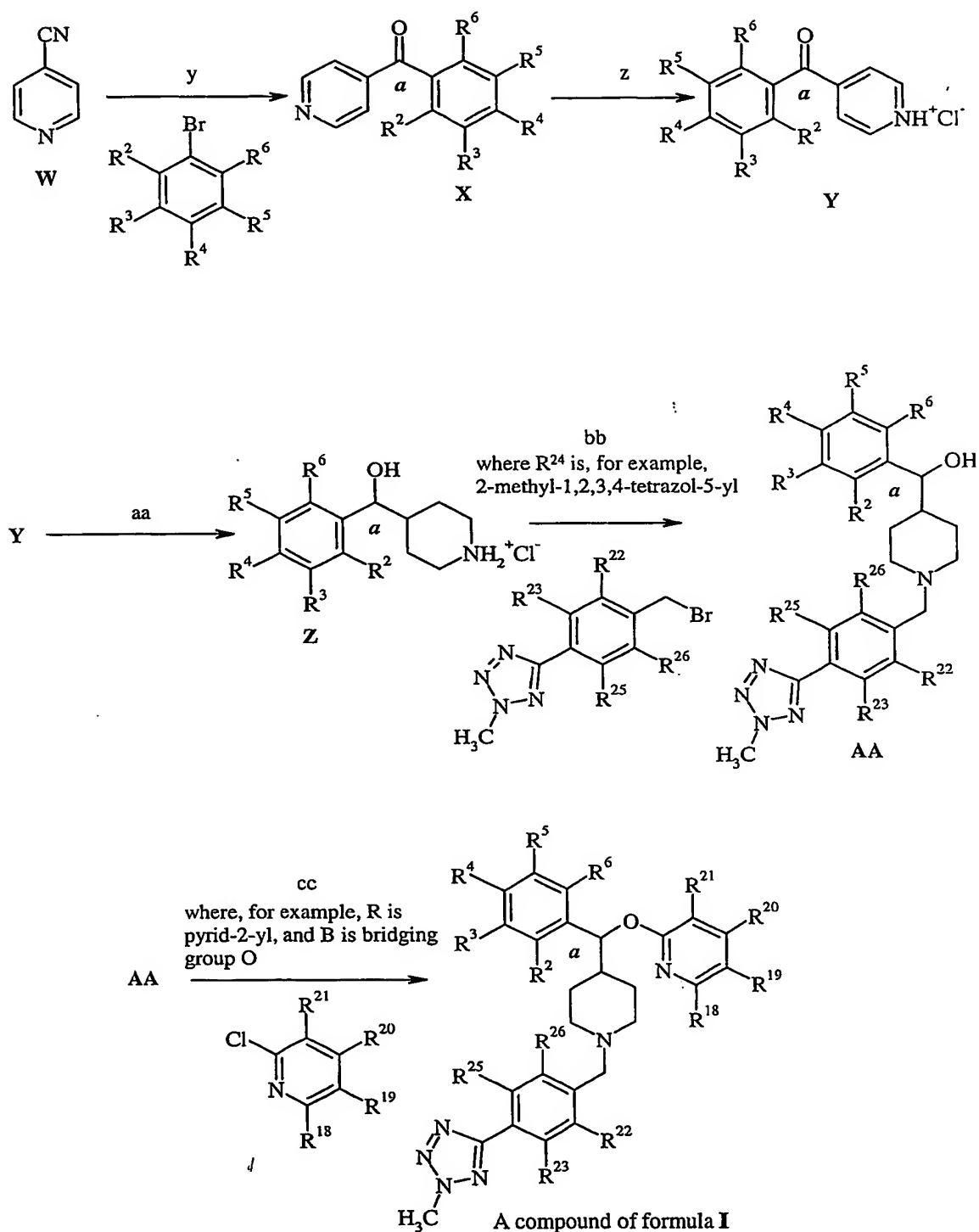
As depicted in Scheme 3, the known compound, for example, 5-[4-(bromomethyl)phenyl]-2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetraazole (**O**) was reacted with ethyl isonipecotatate under basic conditions in an appropriate solvent, providing the corresponding ester (**P**), for example, ethyl 1-[[4-(2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl)phenyl]methyl]piperidine-4-carboxylate, which was in turn converted to its piperidinecarboxylic acid (**Q**) by reacting it with aqueous sodium hydroxide in an appropriate solvent, affording, for example, 1-[[4-(2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl)phenyl]methyl]piperidinecarboxylic acid. Intermediate (**Q**) was then reacted with, for example, N,O-dimethylhydroxylamine hydrochloride and

diethylcyanophosphonate, under basic conditions at reduced temperature in an appropriate solvent, yielding the corresponding piperidine carboxamine (R), for example, 1-{[4-(2-methyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl]methyl}(4-piperidyl)-N-methoxy-N-methylcarboxamide. Intermediate (R) was reacted with a Grignard Reagent, for example, 4-trifluoromethoxyphenylmagnesium bromide, in an appropriate solvent, affording the corresponding ketone (T), for example, 1-{[4-(2-methyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl]methyl}(4-piperidyl)4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl ketone. Intermediate (T) was in turn reacted with hydroxylamine hydrochloride at an elevated temperature under basic conditions in an appropriate solvent, yielding the corresponding hydroxyimino (U) intermediate, for example, (hydroxyimino)(1-[4-(2-methyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl]methyl})(4-piperidyl)[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methane. Intermediate (U) was then reacted with, for example, lithium aluminum hydride, then with ammonium chloride in an appropriate solvent, affording the corresponding amine (V) derivative, for example, 1-[4-(2-methyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl]methyl}(4-piperidyl))[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methylamine. The amine (V) was in turn reacted with an appropriate halide, such as 1-propanesulfonyl chloride, under basic conditions in an appropriate solvent, affording a compound of formula I, for example, [(1-{[4-(2-methyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl]methyl}(4-piperidyl))[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl]propylsulfonylamide. Example 3, set forth below provides a detailed procedure for this synthesis.

Scheme 4 below illustrates another general procedure for synthesizing those compounds of formula I where A is CH, forming a piperidine ring; n is 1, forming single bonds from the methyl carbon (a) and its substituents; p, q, and r are 0; m and s are 1; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R; E is $(\text{CR}^{27}\text{R}^{28})_x-(\text{CR}^{29}\text{R}^{30})_y-$, where x is 1, and y is 0; and R^8 is phenyl substituted with R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and R^{26} ; where R^{27} and R^{28} are hydrogen:

30 Scheme 4

42



y) Mg / THF / 40 °C; z) HCl (g) / Et₂O; aa) H₂ / PtO₂ / MeOH; bb) N,N-diisopropylethylamine / DMSO; cc) NaH / DMSO / 85-90 °C

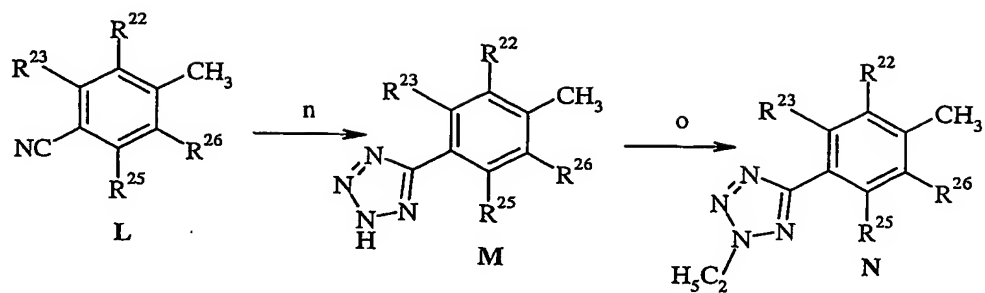
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As depicted in Scheme 4, a cyanopyridine (W), for example 4-cyanopyridine, was reacted with a Grignard Reagent, for example, 4-

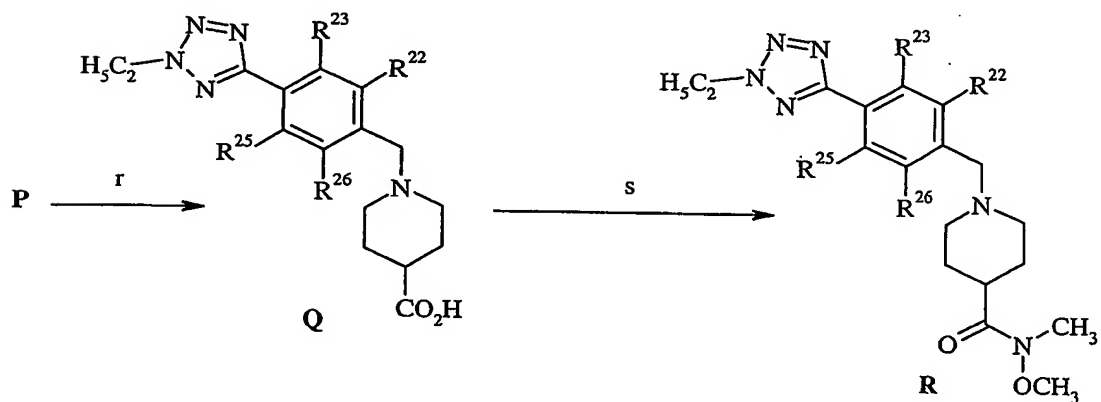
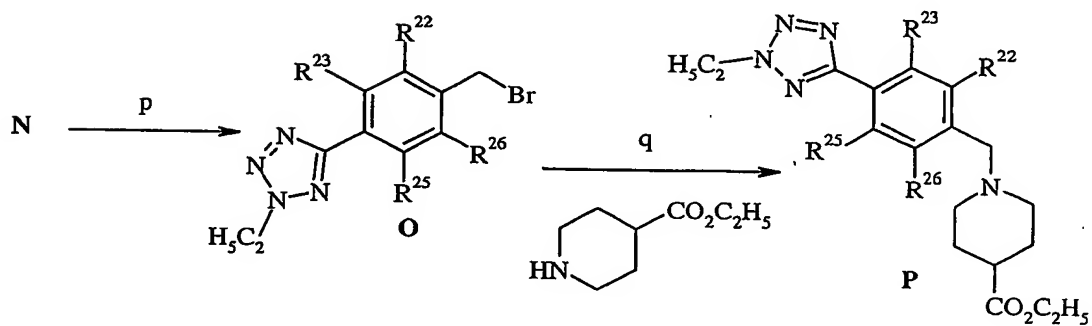
trifluoromethoxyphenylmagnesium bromide, in an appropriate solvent, affording the corresponding ketone (X), for example, 4-pyridyl 4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl ketone, which was, in turn converted to its hydrochloride salt (Y), by reacting it with hydrogen chloride gas in an appropriate solvent. Intermediate (Y) was in turn hydrogenated in the presence platinum oxide and in an appropriate solvent, providing the corresponding methanol (Z), for example, 4-piperidyl[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methanol, hydrochloride. To substitute the 1-position of the piperidine ring, intermediate (Z) was reacted with an appropriate methyl halide, for example, 5-[4-(bromomethyl)phenyl]-2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetraazole, under basic conditions in an appropriate solvent, affording the corresponding methanol (AA) derivative, for example, {1-[(2-methyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))methyl](4-piperidyl)}[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methanol. Intermediate (AA) was in turn treated with sodium hydride at elevated temperature, and then it was reacted with an appropriate halide, for example, 2-fluoro-5-trifluoromethylpyridine, affording a pyridine derivative, for example, 2-[(1-{[4-(2-methyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl]methyl}(4-piperidyl))[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methoxy]-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine, a compound of formula I. Example 4, set forth below provides a detailed procedure for this synthesis.

Scheme 5 below illustrates a general procedure for synthesizing those compounds of formula I where A is C, forming a piperidine ring; n is 0, forming a double bond between the methyl carbon (a) and the 4-position of the piperidine ring, where B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R; p, q, and r are 0; m and s are 1; E is $-(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y-$, where x is 1, and y is 0; R^8 is phenyl substituted with R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and R^{26} ; and R is phenyl substituted with R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ; where R^{27} , and R^{28} are hydrogen:

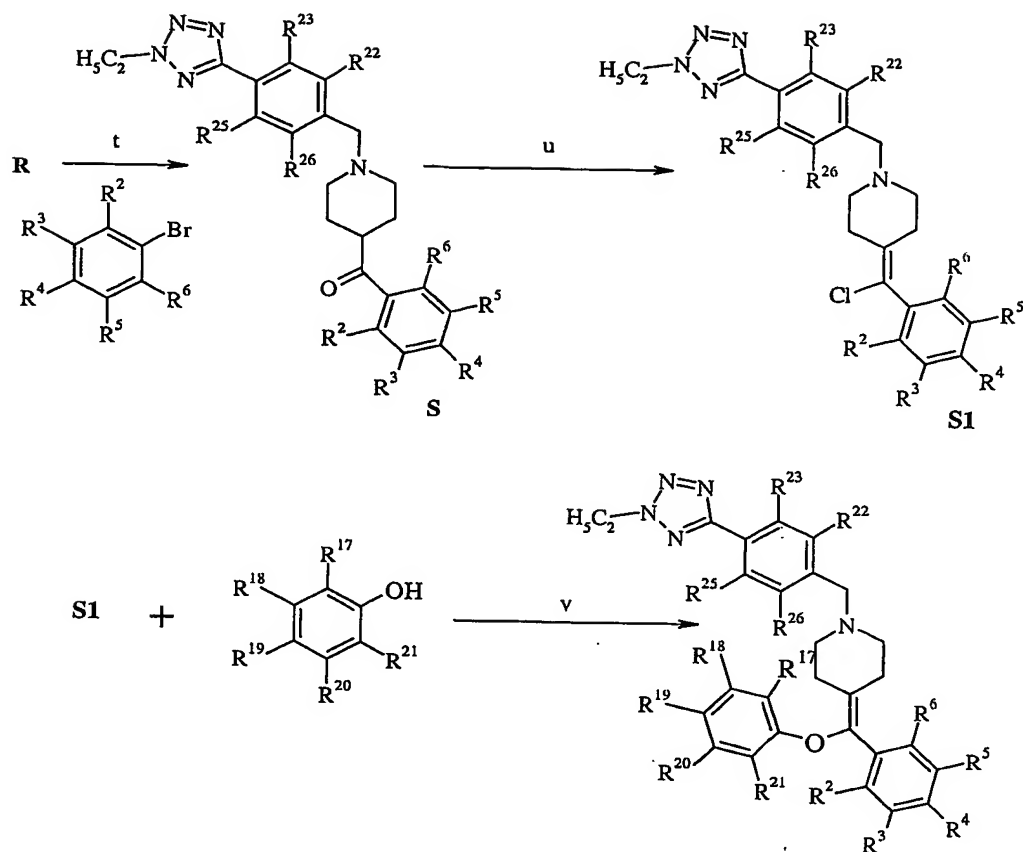
Scheme 5



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A compound of formula I

- 5 n) NaN₃ / NH₄Cl / DMF / 140 °C; o) EtI / K₂CO₃ / DMF; p) NBS / CCl₄ / Reflux;
 q) N,N-diisopropylethylamine / DMSO; r) NaOH / H₂O / MeOH / THF;
 10 s) (EtO)₂P(O)CN / HN(OCH₃)(CH₃):HCl / DMF / 0 °C; t) Mg / THF / RT-70 °C; u) POCl₃ / Et₂O; v) K₂CO₃ / DMF

As depicted in Scheme 5, Intermediate (M), for example, 5-(4-methylphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetraazole, was prepared by reacting an appropriate toluonitrile, for example *para*-toluonitrile, with sodium azide at elevated temperature in an appropriate solvent. Intermediate (M) was then alkylated with an appropriate iodoalkane under basic conditions, affording the corresponding alkylated tetraazole (N), for example, 2-ethyl-5-(4-methylphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetraazole. Intermediate (N) was in turn brominated with, for example, N-bromosuccinimide at elevated temperature in an appropriate solvent, providing the corresponding bromomethyl derivative (O), for example, 5-[4-(bromomethyl)phenyl]-2-ethyl-1,2,3,4-tetraazole. Intermediate (O) was then reacted with ethyl isonipecotatate under basic conditions in an appropriate

solvent, providing the corresponding ester (P), for example, ethyl 1-{{4-(2-ethyl-1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl)phenyl)methyl}piperidine-4-carboxylate, which was in turn converted to its piperidinecarboxylic acid (Q) by reacting it with aqueous sodium hydroxide in an appropriate solvent, affording, for example, 1-
5 {{4-(2-ethyl-1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl)phenyl)methyl}piperidinecarboxylic acid. Intermediate (Q) was then reacted with, for example, N,O-dimethylhydroxylamine hydrochloride and diethylcyanophosphonate, under basic conditions at reduced temperature in an appropriate solvent, yielding the corresponding piperidine carboxamine (R), for example, 1-{{4-(2-ethyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl)methyl}(4-piperidyl)-N-methoxy-N-
10 methylcarboxamide. Intermediate (R) was reacted with a Grignard Reagent, for example, 4-trifluoromethoxyphenylmagnesium bromide, in an appropriate solvent, affording the corresponding ketone (S), for example, 1-{{4-(2-ethyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl)methyl}(4-piperidyl)4-(trifluoromethoxy)-
15 phenyl ketone. The ketone (S) is then halogenated with, for example, phosphorous oxychloride in an appropriate solvent, yielding the corresponding halogen compound (S1), for example, {4-[chloro(1-{{4-(2-ethyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl)methyl}(4-piperidyl))methyl]phenoxy}trifluoromethane. Intermediate (S1) is in turn reacted with, for example, an appropriate phenol,
20 such as 4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenol in an appropriate solvent, providing the corresponding phenoxy derivative, a compound of formula I, for example, 1-[(1-[[4-(2-ethyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl)methyl}(4-piperidylidene))4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methoxy-4-(trifluoromethoxy)benzene. Example 11, set forth below provides a detailed procedure for this synthesis.

25 Examples 7, 8, 9, and 10, set forth below provide detailed procedures for the synthesis of other compounds of formula I, prepared by methods derived from those procedures provided in Schema 1-4 and the Examples associated with these schema.

One skilled in the art will, of course, recognize that the formulation and
30 mode of application of a toxicant may affect the activity of the material in a given application. Thus, for agricultural use the present insecticidal compounds may be formulated as a granular of relatively large particle size

(for example, 8/16 or 4/8 US Mesh), as water-soluble or water-dispersible granules, as powdery dusts, as wettable powders, as emulsifiable concentrates, as aqueous emulsions, as solutions, or as any of other known types of agriculturally-useful formulations, depending on the desired mode of application. It is to be understood that the amounts specified in this specification are intended to be approximate only, as if the word "about" were placed in front of the amounts specified.

These insecticidal compositions may be applied either as water-diluted sprays, or dusts, or granules to the areas in which suppression of insects is desired. These formulations may contain as little as 0.1%, 0.2% or 0.5% to as much as 95% or more by weight of active ingredient.

Dusts are free flowing admixtures of the active ingredient with finely divided solids such as talc, natural clays, kieselguhr, flours such as walnut shell and cottonseed flours, and other organic and inorganic solids which act as dispersants and carriers for the toxicant; these finely divided solids have an average particle size of less than about 50 microns. A typical dust formulation useful herein is one containing 1.0 part or less of the insecticidal compound and 99.0 parts of talc.

Wettable powders, also useful formulations for insecticides, are in the form of finely divided particles that disperse readily in water or other dispersant. The wettable powder is ultimately applied to the locus where insect control is needed either as a dry dust or as an emulsion in water or other liquid. Typical carriers for wettable powders include Fuller's earth, kaolin clays, silicas, and other highly absorbent, readily wet inorganic diluents. Wettable powders normally are prepared to contain about 5-80% of active ingredient, depending on the absorbency of the carrier, and usually also contain a small amount of a wetting, dispersing or emulsifying agent to facilitate dispersion. For example, a useful wettable powder formulation contains 80.0 parts of the insecticidal compound, 17.9 parts of Palmetto clay, and 1.0 part of sodium lignosulfonate and 0.3 part of sulfonated aliphatic polyester as wetting agents. Additional wetting agent and/or oil will frequently be added to a tank mix for to facilitate dispersion on the foliage of the plant.

Other useful formulations for insecticidal applications are emulsifiable concentrates (ECs) which are homogeneous liquid compositions dispersible in water or other dispersant, and may consist entirely of the insecticidal compound and a liquid or solid emulsifying agent, or may also contain a liquid carrier, such as xylene, heavy aromatic naphthas, isophorone, or other non-volatile organic solvents. For insecticidal application these concentrates are dispersed in water or other liquid carrier and normally applied as a spray to the area to be treated. The percentage by weight of the essential active ingredient may vary according to the manner in which the composition is to be applied, but in general comprises 0.5 to 95% of active ingredient by weight of the insecticidal composition.

Flowable formulations are similar to ECs, except that the active ingredient is suspended in a liquid carrier, generally water. Flowables, like ECs, may include a small amount of a surfactant, and will typically contain active ingredients in the range of 0.5 to 95%, frequently from 10 to 50%, by weight of the composition. For application, flowables may be diluted in water or other liquid vehicle, and are normally applied as a spray to the area to be treated.

Typical wetting, dispersing or emulsifying agents used in agricultural formulations include, but are not limited to, the alkyl and alkylaryl sulfonates and sulfates and their sodium salts; alkylaryl polyether alcohols; sulfated higher alcohols; polyethylene oxides; sulfonated animal and vegetable oils; sulfonated petroleum oils; fatty acid esters of polyhydric alcohols and the ethylene oxide addition products of such esters; and the addition product of long-chain mercaptans and ethylene oxide. Many other types of useful surface-active agents are available in commerce. Surface-active agents, when used, normally comprise 1 to 15% by weight of the composition.

Other useful formulations include suspensions of the active ingredient in a relatively non-volatile solvent such as water, corn oil, kerosene, propylene glycol, or other suitable solvents.

Still other useful formulations for insecticidal applications include simple solutions of the active ingredient in a solvent in which it is completely

soluble at the desired concentration, such as acetone, alkylated naphthalenes, xylene, or other organic solvents. Granular formulations, wherein the toxicant is carried on relative coarse particles, are of particular utility for aerial distribution or for penetration of cover crop canopy. Pressurized sprays, typically aerosols wherein the active ingredient is dispersed in finely divided form as a result of vaporization of a low-boiling dispersant solvent carrier may also be used. Water-soluble or water-dispersible granules are free flowing, non-dusty, and readily water-soluble or water-miscible. In use by the farmer on the field, the granular formulations, emulsifiable concentrates, flowable concentrates, aqueous emulsions, solutions, etc., may be diluted with water to give a concentration of active ingredient in the range of say 0.1% or 0.2% to 1.5% or 2%.

The active insecticidal compounds of this invention may be formulated and/or applied with one or more second compounds. Such combinations may provide certain advantages, such as, without limitation, exhibiting synergistic effects for greater control of insect pests, reducing rates of application of insecticide thereby minimizing any impact to the environment and to worker safety, controlling a broader spectrum of insect pests, safening of crop plants to phytotoxicity, and improving tolerance by non-pest species, such as mammals and fish.

Second compounds include, without limitation, other pesticides, plant growth regulators, fertilizers, soil conditioners, or other agricultural chemicals. In applying an active compound of this invention, whether formulated alone or with other agricultural chemicals, an effective amount and concentration of the active compound is of course employed; the amount may vary in the range of, e.g. about 0.001 to about 3 kg/ha, preferably about 0.03 to about 1 kg/ha. For field use, where there are losses of insecticide, higher application rates (e.g., four times the rates mentioned above) may be employed.

When the active insecticidal compounds of the present invention are used in combination with one or more of second compounds, e.g., with other pesticides such as herbicides, the herbicides include, without limitation, for example: N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine ("glyphosate"); aryloxyalkanoic acids

such as (2,4-dichlorophenoxy)acetic acid ("2,4-D"), (4-chloro-2-methylphenoxy)acetic acid ("MCPA"), (+/-)-2-(4chloro-2-methylphenoxy)propanoic acid ("MCPA"); ureas such as N,N-dimethyl-N'-[4-(1-methylethyl)phenyl]urea ("isoproturon"); imidazolinones such as 2-[4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-5-oxo-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-3-pyridinecarboxylic acid ("imazapyr"), a reaction product comprising (+/-)-2-[4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-5-oxo-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-4-methylbenzoic acid and (+/-)-2-[4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-5-oxo-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-5-methylbenzoic acid ("imazamethabenz"), (+/-)-2-[4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-5-oxo-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-5-ethyl-3-pyridinecarboxylic acid ("imazethapyr"), and (+/-)-2-[4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-5-oxo-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-3-quinolinecarboxylic acid ("imazaquin"); diphenyl ethers such as 5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-nitrobenzoic acid ("acifluorfen"), methyl 5-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)-2-nitrobenzoate ("bifenox"), and 5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-N-(methylsulfonyl)-2-nitrobenzamide ("fomasafen"); hydroxybenzonitriles such as 4-hydroxy-3,5-diiodobenzonitrile ("ioxynil") and 3,5-dibromo-4-hydroxybenzonitrile ("bromoxynil"); sulfonylureas such as 2-[[(4-chloro-6-methoxy-2-pyrimidinyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]benzoic acid ("chlorimuron"), 2-chloro-N-[[4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino]carbonyl]benzenesulfonamide ("achlorsulfuron"), 2-[[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]methyl]benzoic acid ("bensulfuron"), 2-[[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-carboxylic acid ("pyrazosulfuron"), 3-[[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]-2-thiophenecarboxylic acid ("thifensulfuron"), and 2-(2-chloroethoxy)-N[[4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino]carbonyl]benzenesulfonamide ("triasulfuron"); 2-(4-aryloxyphenoxy)alkanoic acids such as (+/-)-2-[4-[(6-chloro-2-benzoxazolyl)oxy]phenoxy]propanoic acid ("fenoxaprop"), (+/-)-2-[4-[(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]oxy]phenoxy]propanoic acid ("fluazifop"), (+/-)-

2-[4-(6chloro-2-quinoxalinyloxy)phenoxy]propanoic acid ("quizalofop"), and (+ /-) 2-[(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)phenoxy]propanoic acid ("diclofop"); benzothiadiazinones such as 3-(1-methylethyl)-1H-1,2,3-benzothiadiazin-4(3H)-one-2,2-dioxide ("bentazone"); 2-chloroacetanilides such as N-(butoxymethyl)-2-chloro-N-(2,6-diethylphenyl)acetamide ("butachlor"), 2-chloro-N-(2-ethyl-6-methylphenyl)-N-(2-methoxy-1-methylethyl)acetamide ("metolachlor"), 2-chloro-N-(ethoxymethyl)-N-(2-ethyl-6-methylphenyl)acetamide ("acetochlor"), and (RS)-2-chloro-N-(2,4-dimethyl-3-thienyl)-N-(2-methoxy-1-methylethyl)acetamide ("dimethenamide"); arenecarboxylic acids such as 3,6-dichloro-2-methoxybenzoic acid ("dicamba"); pyridyloxyacetic acids such as [(4-amino-3,5-dichloro-6-fluoro-2-pyridinyl)oxy]acetic acid ("fluroxypyr"), and other herbicides.

When the active insecticidal compounds of the present invention are used in combination with one or more of second compounds, e.g., with other pesticides such as other insecticides, the other insecticides include, for example: organophosphate insecticides, such as chlorpyrifos, diazinon, dimethoate, malathion, parathion-methyl, and terbufos; pyrethroid insecticides, such as fenvalerate, deltamethrin, fenpropathrin, cyfluthrin, flucythrinate, *alpha*-cypermethrin, biphenethrin, resolved cyhalothrin, etofenprox, esfenvalerate, tralomehtrin, tefluthrin, cycloprothrin, betacyfluthrin, and acrinathrin; carbamate insecticides, such as aldecarb, carbaryl, carbofuran, and methomyl; organochlorine insecticides, such as endosulfan, endrin, heptachlor, and lindane; benzoylurea insecticides, such as diflubenuron, triflumuron, teflubenzuron, chlorfluazuron, flucycloxuron, hexaflumuron, flufenoxuron, and lufenuron; and other insecticides, such as amitraz, clofentezine, fenpyroximate, hexythiazox, spinosad, and imidacloprid.

When the active insecticidal compounds of the present invention are used in combination with one or more of second compounds, e.g., with other pesticides such as fungicides, the fungicides include, for example: benzimidazole fungicides, such as benomyl, carbendazim, thiabendazine, and thiophanate-methyl; 1,2,4-triazine fungicides, such as epoxyconazole, cyproconazole, flusilazine, flutriafol, propiconazole, tebuconazole, triadimefon,

and triadimenol; substituted anilide fungicides, such as metalaxyl, oxadixyl, procymidone, and vinclozolin; organophosphorus fungicides, such as fosetyl, iprobenfos, pyrazophos, edifenphos, and tolclofos-methyl; morpholine fungicides, such as fenpropimorph, tridemorph, and dodemorph; other systemic
5 fungicides, such as fenarimol, imazalil, prochloraz, tricyclazine, and triforine; dithiocarbamate fungicides, such as mancozeb, maneb, propineb, zineb, and ziram; non-systemic fungicides, such as chlorothalonil, dichlofluanid, dithianon, and iprodione, captan, dinocap, dodine, fluazinam, gluazatine, PCNB, pencycuron, quintozone, tricylamide, and validamycin; inorganic
10 fungicides, such as copper and sulphur products, and other fungicides.

When the active insecticidal compounds of the present invention are used in combination with one or more of second compounds, e.g., with other pesticides such as nematicides, the nematicides include, for example: carbofuran, carbosulfan, turbufos, aldecarb, ethoprop, fenamphos, oxamyl,
15 isazofos, cadusafos, and other nematicides.

When the active insecticidal compounds of the present invention are used in combination with one or more of second compounds, e.g., with other materials such as plant growth regulators, the plant growth regulators include, for example: maleic hydrazide, chlormequat, ethephon, gibberellin, mepiquat,
20 thidiazon, inabenfide, triaphenthenol, paclobutrazol, uniconazole, DCPA, prohexadione, trinexapac-ethyl, and other plant growth regulators.

Soil conditioners are materials which, when added to the soil, promote a variety of benefits for the efficacious growth of plants. Soil conditioners are used to reduce soil compaction, promote and increase effectiveness of
25 drainage, improve soil permeability, promote optimum plant nutrient content in the soil, and promote better pesticide and fertilizer incorporation. When the active insecticidal compounds of the present invention are used in combination with one or more of second compounds, e.g., with other materials such as soil conditioners, the soil conditioners include organic matter, such as humus,
30 which promotes retention of cation plant nutrients in the soil; mixtures of cation nutrients, such as calcium, magnesium, potash, sodium, and hydrogen complexes; or microorganism compositions which promote conditions in the

soil favorable to plant growth. Such microorganism compositions include, for example, *bacillus*, *pseudomonas*, *azotobacter*, *azospirillum*, *rhizobium*, and soil-borne *cyanobacteria*.

Fertilizers are plant food supplements, which commonly contain nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium. When the active insecticidal compounds of the present invention are used in combination with one or more of second compounds, e.g., with other materials such as fertilizers, the fertilizers include nitrogen fertilizers, such as ammonium sulfate, ammonium nitrate, and bone meal; phosphate fertilizers, such as superphosphate, triple superphosphate, ammonium sulfate, and diammonium sulfate; and potassium fertilizers, such as muriate of potash, potassium sulfate, and potassium nitrate, and other fertilizers.

The following examples further illustrate the present invention, but, of course, should not be construed as in any way limiting its scope. The examples are organized to present protocols for the synthesis of the compounds of formula I of the present invention, set forth a list of such synthesized species, and set forth certain biological data indicating the efficacy of such compounds.

EXAMPLE 1

This example illustrates one protocol for the preparation of N-{4-[(4-{bis[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methylene}piperidyl)methyl]phenyl}ethoxycarboxamide, N-oxide (Compound 101 in table below)

Step A Synthesis of 4-{bis[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methylene} piperidine as an intermediate

A solution of 10.0 grams (0.025 mole) of 4-{bis[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]hydroxymethyl}piperidine (known compound) in 50 mL of trifluoroacetic acid was heated to 70 °C where it stirred for four hours. After this time, excess trifluoroacetic acid was removed by distillation. The residue remaining from the distillation was added drop wise to ice water. Upon completion of addition, the mixture was neutralized with an aqueous solution saturated with potassium carbonate. The mixture was then extracted with

methylen chloride, and the extract was washed with an aqueous solution saturated with sodium chloride. The extract was concentrated under reduced pressure to a residue, and the residue was crystallized in hexane, yielding in two crops, 9.1 grams of the subject compound. The NMR spectrum was
5 consistent with the proposed structure.

Step B Synthesis of 4-{bis[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methylene}-1-
 [(4-nitrophenyl)methyl]piperidine as an intermediate

A stirred mixture of 3.8 grams (0.010 mole) of 4-{bis[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methylene}piperidine, 2.2 grams (0.010 mole) of 4-nitrophenylmethyl bromide, and 1.7 grams (0.012 mole) of potassium carbonate in about 20 mL of ethanol was warmed to 75 °C, where it stirred for about 18 hours. After this time, an additional 0.2 gram (0.001 mole) of 4-nitrophenylmethyl bromide and an additional 0.2 gram (0.001 mole) of
15 potassium carbonate was added to the reaction mixture. The reaction mixture was again heated to 75 °C, where it stirred for about eight hours. After this time, the reaction mixture was cooled and filtered to remove excess potassium carbonate. The reaction mixture was then taken up in acetic acid, and 0.2 gram (catalyst) of 5% platinum on carbon was added to the mixture in preparation
20 for the following hydrogenation step. A quantitative yield of the subject compound was assumed.

Step C Synthesis of 4-[(4-
 {bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methylene}piperidyl)
25 methyl]phenylamine as an intermediate

The reaction product from Step B of this example and 5% platinum on carbon in acetic acid was stirred at 75 °C for about 18 hours while hydrogen gas was bubbled into the reaction mixture. Analysis of the reaction mixture after this time indicated that the hydrogenation had not taken place. A mixture
30 of 1:1 ethanol:acetic acid and 3.0 grams of iron powder was added to the reaction mixture and the hydrogenation was continued at 65 °C during a one hour period. Analysis of the reaction mixture after this time indicated that the

hydrogenation was complete. The reaction mixture was then cooled and filtered through diatomaceous earth. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to a residue. The residue was dissolved in methylene chloride and the solution was washed with water, and then with an aqueous solution saturated with sodium carbonate. The organic layer was concentrated under reduced pressure, yielding 4.2 grams of the subject compound. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

Step D Synthesis of N-{4-[(4-{bis[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methylene}piperidyl)methyl]phenyl}ethoxycarboxamide as an intermediate (Compound 55 in table below)

A stirred solution of 0.52 gram (0.0011 mole) of 4-[(4-{bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methylene}piperidyl)methyl]phenylamine and 0.20 gram (0.0020 mole) of triethylamine in 5 mL of ethyl acetate was cooled to 0-5 °C, and 0.11 gram (0.0010 mole) of ethyl chloroformate was added. Upon completion of addition, the reaction mixture was stirred for about ten minutes. After this time, the reaction mixture was washed with a saturated solution saturated with potassium carbonate and then it concentrated under reduced pressure to a residue. The residue was purified with column chromatography on silica gel using mixtures of ethyl acetate and hexane as eluants. The appropriate fractions were combined and concentrated under reduced pressure, yielding 0.12 gram of Compound 144. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

25

Step E Synthesis of Compound 101

A solution of 0.06 gram (0.00011 mole) of Compound 144 in 3 mL of methanol was stirred, and 1.5 mL of 30% hydrogen peroxide was added. Upon completion of addition, the reaction mixture became cloudy and additional methanol was added to keep the reaction mixture clear. The reaction mixture was stirred for about three days at ambient temperature, during which time an additional 0.5 mL of 30% hydrogen peroxide was added to drive the reaction to

completion. After this time, the reaction mixture was extracted with methylene chloride, and the extract was concentrated under reduced pressure, yielding 0.06 gram of Compound 101. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

5

EXAMPLE 2

This example illustrates one protocol for the preparation of N-(4-chlorophenyl)({1-[(4-(2-pyridyloxy)phenyl)methyl](4-piperidyl)}[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methoxy)carboxamide (Compound 227 in table below)

10

Step A Synthesis of (4-(2-pyridyloxy)phenyl)methanol as an intermediate

A stirred solution of 15.3 grams (0.077 mole) of (4-(2-pyridyloxy)phenyl)formaldehyde (a known compound) in 150 mL of methanol was cooled to 0-5 °C, and 3.2 grams (0.085 mole) of sodium borohydride was added portion wise. Upon completion of addition, the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to ambient temperature where it stirred for 30 minutes. After this time, the reaction mixture was cooled to 5 °C and 150 mL of water was carefully added to destroy excess sodium borohydride. The mixture was cooled to 0 °C and neutralized with concentrated hydrochloric acid. Excess acid was added causing the mixture to be acidic. The mixture was brought to neutrality by the addition of solid sodium bicarbonate. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to remove some of the methanol. The concentrate was taken up in ethyl acetate and washed with an aqueous solution saturated with sodium chloride. The organic layer was dried with sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure, yielding 12.6 grams of the subject compound. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

30 Step B Synthesis of (4-(2-pyridyloxy)phenyl)methyl chloride as an intermediate

A stirred solution of 4.4 gram (0.037 mole) of thionyl chloride in 75 mL of dry methylene chloride was cooled to 0 °C, and 0.07 gram (catalyst) of pyridine was added. A solution of 5.0 grams (0.025 mole) of (4-(2-pyridyloxy)phenyl)methanol in 25 mL of methylene chloride was then added drop wise. Upon completion addition of addition, the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to 22 °C where it stirred for 30 minutes. After this time an aliquot of the reaction mixture was taken up in ethyl acetate and treated with solid sodium bicarbonate. The organic layer was dried with sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure to a residue. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure. Inasmuch as this compound is unstable, it was used without further purification. The yield was estimated at about 5.0 grams.

Step C Synthesis of 4-(trifluoromethylphenyl)-4-pyridylmethanol as an intermediate

A solution of 4-bromobenzotrifluoride in 62 mL of THF was carefully added to a mixture of 1.9 grams (0.079 mole) of magnesium turnings and an iodine crystal (catalyst), during a period of 60 minutes while maintaining the reaction mixture at a temperature of no higher than 40 °C. After this time, the reaction mixture was stirred and a solution of 5.0 grams (0.047 mole) of 4-pyridinecarboxaldehyde in 45 mL of THF was added dropwise. Upon completion of addition, the reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for about 16 hours. The reaction mixture was then cooled to 0 °C and a sufficient amount of an aqueous solution saturated with ammonium chloride was added to quench the reaction. The mixture was then extracted with ethyl acetate, and the extract was washed with an aqueous solution saturated with sodium chloride. The extract was dried with sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure, yielding about 15.2 grams of crude product.

30

Step D Synthesis of 4-(trifluoromethylphenyl)-4-piperidylmethanol, hydrochloride salt as an intermediate

A solution of 6.4 grams (0.020 mole) of 4-(trifluoromethylphenyl)-4-pyridylmethanol in 80 mL of ethyl acetate was stirred, and dry hydrogen chloride gas was bubbled through the solution, thereby forming the hydrochloride salt of the pyridylmethanol intermediate. The salt was collected
5 by filtration and washed with a small amount of ethyl acetate. The damp solid was then dissolved in 100 mL of methanol and placed in a Parr hydrogenation bottle, along with 0.5 gram (catalyst) of platinum oxide. The mixture was then hydrogenated at 45 pounds per square inch (psi) for about 75 minutes, using a Parr Hydrogenator. An NMR taken of the reaction mixture indicated that the
10 reaction was about 90% complete. An additional 0.25 gram of platinum oxide catalyst was added to the reaction mixture, and the hydrogenation at 45 psi was continued for an additional 60 minutes. After this time, the reaction mixture was filtered through diatomaceous earth. The filter cake was washed with methylene chloride and the combined wash and filtrate was concentrated under
15 reduced pressure, yielding 5.2 grams of subject compound. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure. The reaction was repeated.

Step E Synthesis of {1-[(4-(2-pyridyloxy)phenyl)methyl](4-piperidyl)}[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methanol as an
20 intermediate

A solution of 6.1 grams (0.021 mole) of 4-(trifluoromethylphenyl)-4-piperidylmethanol, hydrochloride salt in 31 mL of DMSO was stirred, and 10.7 grams (0.083 mole) of N,N-diisopropylethylamine was added. Upon
25 completion of addition, the reaction mixture was stirred for 10 minutes, and was then added to the 5.0 grams (0.023 mole) of (4-(2-pyridyloxy)phenyl)methyl chloride that was prepared in Step B of this Example. Upon completion of addition, the reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 16 hours. After this time, the reaction mixture was
30 treated with aqueous 10% sodium carbonate and extracted with ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate layer was washed with water, then with an aqueous solution saturated with sodium chloride. The ethyl acetate layer was dried with sodium

sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure to a residue. The residue was purified with column chromatography on silica gel using mixtures of acetone and methylene chloride as eluants. The appropriate fractions were combined and concentrated under reduced pressure, yielding 4.2 grams of the subject compound. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

Step F Synthesis of Compound 227

A 0.06 gram (0.0004 mole) sample of 4-chlorophenylisocyanate was weighed into a two-dram vial, followed in turn by 1.2 mL of methylene chloride, 0.18 gram (0.0004 mole) of {1-[(4-(2-pyridyloxy)phenyl)methyl](4-piperidyl)][4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methanol, and 0.06 mL of triethylamine. The vial was tightly capped and gently shaken at 35 °C for 16 hours using a vortex mixer. After this time, the methylene chloride was removed under a nitrogen stream to provide a residue. The residue was purified with column chromatography on silica gel using mixtures of acetone and methylene chloride as eluants. The appropriate fractions were combined and concentrated under reduced pressure, yielding 0.2 gram of Compound 227. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

EXAMPLE 3

This example illustrates one protocol for the preparation of [(1-[(4-(2-methyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl)methyl](4-piperidyl))[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl]propylsulfonamide (Compound 433 in table below)

Step A Synthesis of ethyl 1-[(4-(2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl)phenyl)methyl]piperidine-4-carboxylate as an intermediate

A solution of 30.0 grams (0.191 mole) of ethyl isonipecotate in 75 mL of DMSO and 99 mL of methanol was stirred and 61.7 grams (0.477 mole) of N,N-diisopropylethylamine, followed by 40.2 grams (0.159 mole) of 5-[4-(bromomethyl)phenyl]-2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetraazole (known compound-US

5,639,763) were added. Upon completion of addition the reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for about 72 hours. The reaction mixture was then diluted with 175 mL of ethyl acetate and washed with 175 mL of a solution comprised of one part of an aqueous solution saturated with sodium chloride and one part of water. The organic layer was concentrated under reduced pressure to a residue. NMR analysis of the residue indicated the presence of some of the starting ethyl isonipecotate. The residue was dissolved in 370 mL of methanol and water was added to precipitate a solid material. After standing for about 20 minutes, the solid was collected by filtration and was washed with a cold solution of one part methanol and one part of water. The solid was dried, yielding 32.9 grams of the subject compound. A second crop of solid was collected from the filtrate, yielding an additional 11.0 grams of the subject compound. The NMR spectra were consistent with the proposed structure.

15

Step B Synthesis of 1-{{[4-(2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl)phenyl]methyl}piperidinecarboxylic acid as an intermediate

A solution of 51.6 grams (0.157 mole) of ethyl 1-{{[4-(2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl)phenyl]methyl}piperidine-4-carboxylate in 264 mL of THF was stirred, and a solution of 6.9 grams (0.172 mole) of sodium hydroxide in 186 mL of water, followed by 160 mL of methanol were added. Upon completion of addition, the reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for two hours. After this time, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to a residue. The residue was dissolved in 250 mL of water and the solution was cooled to about 4 °C. The solution was then neutralized with concentrated hydrochloric acid, yielding a solid. The water was removed under a stream of nitrogen during about a 60 hour period. The resultant solid was dried in a vacuum oven, yielding 53.4 grams of the subject compound. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

30

Step C Synthesis of 1-{{[4-(2-methyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl]methyl}(4-piperidyl)-N-methoxy-N-methylcarboxamide as an intermediate

5 A solution of 47.2 grams (0.157 mole) of 1-{{[4-(2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl)phenyl]methyl}piperidinecarboxylic acid in 675 mL of DMF was stirred, and 18.3 grams (0.188 mole) of N,O-dimethylhydroxylamine hydrochloride was added. The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, and 30.7 grams (0.188 mole) of diethyl cyanophosphonate, followed by 34.9 grams (0.345 mole) of triethylamine were added. Upon completion of addition, the
10 reaction mixture was allowed to warm to ambient temperature as it stirred for two hours. The reaction mixture was then diluted with ethyl acetate and a 1:1 solution of an aqueous solution saturated with sodium chloride and water. The aqueous layer was separated from the organic layer and washed with ethyl acetate. The wash was then combined with the organic layer, and the
15 combination was washed with one portion of water, and then with four 150 mL portions of an aqueous solution saturated with sodium chloride. The mixture was dried with sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure, yielding 44.1 grams of the subject compound. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

20

Step D Synthesis of 1-{{[4-(2-methyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl]methyl}(4-piperidyl)4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl ketone as an intermediate

25 To a Grignard Reagent prepared from 46.2 grams (0.192 mole) of 1-bromo-4-trifluoromethoxybenzene and 5.0 grams (0.205 gram-atom) of magnesium metal in 133 mL of THF was added a solution of 44.1 grams (0.128 mole) of 1-{{[4-(2-methyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl]methyl}(4-piperidyl)-N-methoxy-N-methylcarboxamide in 65 mL of THF. Upon completion of addition, the reaction mixture was warmed to 60 °C, where it
30 stirred for an additional 60 minutes. After this time, the reaction mixture was poured into a cold solution of 15.5 mL of concentrated hydrochloric acid in 101.5 mL of ethanol, and stirred for five minutes. The mixture was diluted

methylene chloride and washed with an aqueous solution saturated with sodium bicarbonate. The organic layer was washed with an aqueous solution saturated with sodium chloride, dried with sodium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to a residue, yielding 58.5 grams of the subject compound. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

Step E Synthesis of (hydroxyimino)(1-[[4-(2-methyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl]methyl])(4-piperidyl)[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methane as an intermediate

A solution of 40.0 grams (0.090 mole) of 1-[[4-(2-methyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl]methyl](4-piperidyl)4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl ketone in 641 mL of ethanol was stirred and 6.3 grams (0.091 mole) of hydroxylamine hydrochloride, followed by 9.1 grams (0.090 mole) of triethylamine were added. Upon completion of addition, the reaction mixture was warmed to reflux where it stirred 16 hours. After this time an additional 0.1 equivalent each of hydroxylamine hydrochloride and triethylamine were added to the reaction mixture, and heating under reflux was continued for another three hours. The reaction mixture was then cooled and concentrated under reduced pressure to a residue. The residue was dissolved in methylene chloride and washed in turn with an aqueous solution saturated with sodium bicarbonate and an aqueous solution saturated with sodium chloride. The organic layer was concentrated under reduced pressure to a residue. The residue was dried under reduced pressure, yielding 39.9 grams of the subject compound. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

Step F Synthesis of 1-[[4-(2-methyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl]methyl](4-piperidyl)[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methanamine as an intermediate

A stirred solution of 39.9 grams (0.087 mole) of (hydroxyimino)(1-[[4-(2-methyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl]methyl])(4-piperidyl)[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methane in 100 mL of THF was cooled to -10 °C,

and 19.1 mL (0.191 mole-1M in THF) of lithium aluminum hydride was added. Upon completion of addition, the reaction mixture was warmed to 65 °C where it stirred for 2.5 hours. After this time, the reaction mixture was cooled to about ambient temperature and added by cannulation to a cold, stirred aqueous solution saturated with ammonium chloride. The mixture was then extracted ethyl acetate, in which the extracts were separated from the aqueous layer by cannulation. The combined extracts were concentrated under reduced pressure to a residue. The residue was dried, yielding 36.1 grams of the subject compound. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

Step G Synthesis of Compound 433

A solution of 0.30 gram (0.0007 mole) of 1-[[4-(2-methyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl)phenyl)methyl}(4-piperidyl)][4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methylamine, 0.10 gram (0.0007 mole) of 1-propanesulfonyl chloride, and 0.11 gram (0.0011 mole) of triethylamine in 7 mL of methylene chloride was stirred at ambient temperature for about 18 hours. After this time, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to a residue. The residue was purified with column chromatography on silica gel using hexane, ethyl acetate, and mixtures thereof as eluants. The appropriate fractions were combined and concentrated under reduced pressure, yielding 0.07 gram of Compound 433. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

EXAMPLE 4

This example illustrates one protocol for the preparation of 2-[(1-{[4-(2-methyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl]methyl}(4-piperidyl)][4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methoxy]-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine (Compound 434 in table below)

Step A Synthesis of 4-pyridyl 4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl ketone as an intermediate

To a Grignard Reagent prepared from 21.3 grams (0.088 mole) of 1-bromo-4-trifluoromethoxybenzene and 2.5 grams (0.102 gram-atom) of magnesium metal was added a solution of 7.1 grams (0.068 mole) of 4-cyanopyridine in 50 mL of THF. Upon completion of addition, the reaction mixture was stirred at 40 °C for 18 hours. After this time, the reaction mixture was poured into an aqueous dilute solution of ammonium chloride, and was acidified to a pH of 3 with aqueous 10% hydrochloric acid. The mixture was extracted with methylene chloride and the combined extracts were dried with sodium sulfate. The mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to a residue. The residue was purified with column chromatography on silica gel using acetone, methylene chloride, and mixtures thereof as eluants. The appropriate fractions were combined and concentrated under reduced pressure, yielding the subject compound. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

15

Step B Synthesis of 4-pyridyl 4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl ketone hydrochloride as an intermediate

A solution of 20.0 grams (0.075 mole) of 4-pyridyl 4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl ketone in 350 mL of ethanol was stirred as hydrogen chloride gas was bubbled through during a five minute period. Upon completion of addition, the reaction mixture was stirred for one hour, and then it was filtered to collect a solid. The solid was washed with three portions of diethyl ether, and dried in a vacuum oven, yielding about 22.0 grams of the subject compound. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

25

Step C Synthesis of 4-piperidyl[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methanol, hydrochloride as an intermediate

Platinum oxide, 1.0 gram (catalyst) was added to a 2000 mL Parr hydrogenation bottle, and the bottle was purged with dry nitrogen. To the bottle was then added 1.0 gram of platinum oxide and a solution of 22.0 grams (0.072 mole) of 4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl ketone hydrochloride in 750 mL of

30

ethanol. The bottle was placed in a Parr hydrogenator, and the contents of the bottle were subjected to hydrogenation conditions. When the theoretical amount of hydrogen gas was taken up, the bottle was removed from the hydrogenator, and the contents filtered through diatomaceous earth. The filter
5 cake was washed with methylene chloride, and the combined filtrate and washes were concentrated under reduced pressure, yielding the subject compound. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

Step D Synthesis of {1-[(2-methyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))methyl](4-
10 piperidyl)}[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methanol as an intermediate

This compound was prepared in a manner analogous to that of Step E of Example 3, using 7.0 grams (0.026 mole) of 4-piperidyl[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methanol, hydrochloride, 6.8 grams (0.026 mole) of
15 5-[4-(bromomethyl)phenyl]-2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrazole (prepared in a manner analogous to that of Steps A-C of Example 4), and 9.9 grams (0.077 mole) of N,N-diisopropylethylamine in about 40 mL of DMSO. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

20 Step E Synthesis of Compound 434

A stirred mixture of 0.89 gram (0.002 mole) of {1-[(2-methyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))methyl](4-piperidyl)}[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methanol, 0.36 gram (0.002 mole) of 2-fluoro-5-trifluoromethylpyridine, and 0.08 gram (0.002 mole) of 60% sodium hydride (in mineral oil) in about 10 mL of DMSO
25 was heated at 85-90 °C for three hours. After this time, the reaction mixture was allowed to cool to ambient temperature, and then it was poured into water. The mixture was extracted with diethyl ether and the combined extracts were dried with magnesium sulfate. The mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to a residue. The residue was purified
30 with column chromatography on silica gel using mixtures of methylene chloride and methanol eluants. The appropriate fractions were combined and

concentrated under reduced pressure, yielding 0.63 gram of Compound 434. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

EXAMPLE 5

5 This example illustrates one protocol for the preparation of N-(3,5-difluorophenyl)({1-[(4-pyrimidin-2-yloxyphenyl)methyl](4-1,2,5,6-tetrahydropyridyl)}[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methoxy)carboxamide (Compound 786 in table below)

10 Step A Synthesis of 2-[4-(chloromethyl)phenoxy]pyrimidine as an intermediate

 A stirred solution of 4.0 grams (0.02 mole) of (4-pyrimidin-2-yloxyphenyl)methanol (known compound) and seven drops of pyridine in 35 mL of methylene chloride was cooled in an ice-water bath and a solution of 2.0
15 mL (0.027 mole) of thionyl chloride was added dropwise. Upon completion of addition the reaction mixture was stirred at about 10 °C to 20 °C during a three-hour period. After this time, the reaction mixture was poured into a cold aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate. The mixture was then stirred for 30 minutes and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous layer was extracted
20 with one 50 mL portion of methylene chloride. The extract was combined with the organic layer, and the combination was passed through silicone-coated filter paper to remove traces of water. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure, yielding grams of the subject compound. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

25

Step B Synthesis of 4-pyridyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methanol as an intermediate

 Under a dry nitrogen atmosphere, an appropriate amount of freshly cut magnesium chips was suspended in 150 mL of THF. To this was added about
30 5% of a solution of 22.5 grams (0.100 mole) of 4-bromobenzotrifluoride in 75 mL of THF. The reaction mixture was then warmed to about 30 °C to initiate the reaction. Once the reaction was proceeding, the remainder of the solution

of 4-bromobenzotrifluoride was added during a one hour period, at a rate to maintain the reaction mixture temperature at about 34 °C to about 38 °C. Upon completion of addition, the reaction mixture was stirred during a one hour period, as it cooled to ambient temperature. After this time a solution of 8.5 grams (0.075 mole) of 4-pyridinecarboxaldehyde in 75 mL of THF was added portion wise while maintaining the reaction mixture temperature below 30 °C. Upon completion of addition the reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for about 18 hours. With vigorous stirring the reaction mixture was then poured into 600 mL of aqueous 10% ammonium chloride. The mixture was extracted with two 300 mL portions of ethyl acetate. The combined extracts were washed with 250 mL of an aqueous solution saturated with sodium chloride, then dried with magnesium sulfate. The mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure, yielding 21.2 grams of the subject compound. The product was used without purification in the following reaction.

Step C Synthesis of 4-pyridyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methanol hydrochloride salt as an intermediate

A solution of 21.2 grams (0.070 mole) of 4-pyridyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methanol in 500 mL of ethyl acetate was stirred vigorously and anhydrous hydrogen chloride gas was slowly added during a 15 minute period, below the surface of the solution. The reaction mixture was then stirred for an additional 15 minutes, and a solid was collected by filtration. The solid was washed with ethyl acetate and dried, yielding 11.4 grams of the subject compound. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

Step D Synthesis of {1-[(4-pyrimidin-2-yloxyphenyl)methyl](4-pyridyl)}[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methanol, hydrochloride salt as an Intermediate

A 3.3 gram (0.0113 mole) aliquot of 4-pyridyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methanol, hydrochloride salt was partitioned between

diethyl ether and an aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate. The ether layer was separated and dried with magnesium sulfate. The mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to a residue. The residue was dissolved in 100 mL of acetone, and 2.5 grams (0.0113 mole) of 2-[4-(chloromethyl)phenoxy]pyrimidine and 0.2 gram (0.0012 mole) of potassium iodide were added. Upon completion of addition, the reaction mixture was warmed to 50 °C where it stirred for about 18 hours. The reaction mixture was then concentrated under reduced pressure to a residue, and the residue was triturated with 150 mL of diethyl ether, yielding when dried, 5.2 grams of solid product. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

Step E Synthesis of {1-[(4-pyrimidin-2-yloxyphenyl)methyl](4-1,2,5,6-tetrahydropyridyl)}[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methanol as an Intermediate

A stirred solution of 1.0 gram (0.0021 mole) of {1-[(4-pyrimidin-2-yloxyphenyl)methyl](4-pyridyl)}[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methanol, hydrochloride salt in 30 mL of ethanol was cooled in an ice-water bath, and 0.1 gram (0.0026 mole) of sodium borohydride was added in one portion. Upon completion of addition, the reaction mixture was stirred at about 10 °C to 20 °C during a three-hour period. After this time the reaction mixture was diluted with 100 mL of water and extracted with two 75 mL portions of ethyl acetate. The combined extracts were washed with one 75 mL portion of aqueous 10% lithium chloride, and the combination was dried with sodium sulfate. The mixture was then filtered and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to a residue. The residue was purified with column chromatography on neutral alumina (6% water) using 1% to 2% methanol/methylene chloride mixtures as eluants. The appropriate fractions were combined and concentrated under reduced pressure, yielding 0.44 gram of the subject compound. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

Step F Synthesis of Compound 786

This compound was prepared in a manner analogous to that of Step F of Example 2, using 0.44 gram (0.0010 mole) of {1-[(4-pyrimidin-2-yloxyphenyl)methyl](4-1,2,5,6-tetrahydropyridyl)}[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methanol, 0.21 gram (0.0014 mole) of 3,5-difluorophenylisocyanate, 0.14 gram (0.0014 mole) of triethylamine, and 0.05 gram (catalyst) of 4-dimethylaminopyridine in 15 mL of methylene chloride. The reaction product was purified with column chromatography on silica gel using 10% to 25% acetone/methylene chloride mixtures as eluants. The appropriate fractions were combined and concentrated under reduced pressure, yielding 0.18 gram of Compound 786, mp 85-92 °C. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

EXAMPLE 6

This example illustrates one protocol for the preparation of N-(4-chlorophenyl)({1-[(4-(2-pyridyloxy)phenyl)methyl](4-(1-oxypiperidyl))}[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methoxy)carboxamide (Compound 395 in table below)

A solution of 12.9 grams (0.0216 mole) of Compound 227 (prepared by the method of Example 2) and 390 grams of methanol was stirred, and 117.7 grams (1.7315 moles) of aqueous 50% hydrogen peroxide was added. Upon completion of addition, the reaction mixture was stirred during a 48 hour period as it was being monitored by high pressure liquid chromatography and NMR analyses for completion of reaction. After this time the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to remove the methanol, and then the concentrate was extracted with methylene chloride. The methylene chloride was removed under reduced pressure, leaving a residue. The residue was purified with column chromatography on neutral alumina (6% water) using 1% to 2% methanol/methylene chloride mixtures as eluants. The appropriate fractions were combined and concentrated under reduced pressure, yielding 9.2 grams of Compound 395. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

EXAMPLE 7

This example illustrates one protocol for the preparation of N-(4-chlorophenyl)({1-ethoxy-1-[(4-(2-pyridyloxy)phenyl)methyl](4-piperidyl)}[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methoxy)carboxamide, ethyl sulfate salt (Compound 860 in table below)

A stirred solution of 0.5 gram (0.0008 mole) of Compound 493 (prepared in Example 6) and 0.25 gram (0.0016 mole) of diethyl sulfate in 10 mL of chloroform was heated at reflux during a 24 hour period. After this time the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to a residue. The residue was triturated with diethyl ether during a 24 hour period, then washed with fresh diethyl ether. The residue was dried under reduced pressure at 60 °C, yielding 0.57 gram of solid material. The solid was dissolved in one mL of chloroform, and re-precipitated with about 10 mL of diethyl ether. The chloroform was decanted and the remaining solid was dried under reduced pressure at 60 °C, yielding 0.45 gram of Compound 860. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

EXAMPLE 8

This example illustrates one protocol for the preparation of 2-{4-[[bis[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methylene]piperidyl)methyl]phenoxy}pyrimidine (Compound 824 in table below) as an Intermediate

This compound was prepared in a manner analogous to that of Step B of Example 1, using 26.0 grams (0.1011 mole) of 2-[4-(chloromethyl)phenoxy]pyrimidine hydrochloride (prepared in a manner analogous to Step A of Example 7) and 34.0 grams (0.0882 mole) of 4-{bis[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methylene}piperidine (prepared in Step A of Example 2), 36.0 grams (0.2604 mole) of potassium carbonate in 200 grams of DMF. The yield of Compound 824 was 41.0 grams. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

EXAMPLE 9

This example illustrates one protocol for the preparation of 2-{4-
[bis[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methylene]1-
5 oxypiperidyl)methyl]phenoxy}pyrimidine (Compound 854 in table below)

This compound was prepared in a manner analogous to that of Step E of
Example 1, using 40.0 grams (0.0702 mole) of Compound 824 (prepared in
Example 8) and 50 grams of 30% hydrogen peroxide in 140 mL of methanol.
10 The yield of Compound 854 was 35.0 grams. The NMR spectrum was
consistent with the proposed structure.

EXAMPLE 10

This example illustrates one protocol for the preparation of 2-{4-[(9-
15 aza-3-{bis[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methylene}bicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-
yl)methyl]phenoxy}pyridine (Compound 117 in table below)

This compound was prepared in a manner analogous to that of Step A
of Example 1, using 0.18 gram (0.00025 mole) of {9-aza-9-[(4-(2-
20 pyridyloxy)phenyl)nethyl]bicyclo[3.3.1]non-3-yl}bis[4-
(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methanol (known compound-disclosed in US Statutory
Invention Registration H1,838) in trifluoroacetic acid, yielding Compound 117.
The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

25 EXAMPLE 11

This example illustrates one protocol for the preparation of 1-[(1-[[4-(2-
ethyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl]methyl](4-piperidylidene))[4-
(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methoxy]-4-(trifluoromethoxy)benzene (Compound
137 in table below)

30

Step A Synthesis of 5-(4-methylphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetraazole as an
intermediate

A solution of 10.0 grams (0.085 mole) of *para*-toluonitrile in 160 mL of DMF was stirred and 5.6 grams (0.085 mole) of sodium azide was added. Upon completion of addition, the reaction mixture was warmed to 135 °C where it stirred for three hours. The reaction mixture was then cooled and poured into 200 mL of stirred, cold aqueous 1N hydrochloric acid. Upon completion of addition, the mixture was stirred for five minutes and filtered to collect a white solid. The solid was dried for 16 hours in a vacuum oven at 35-40 °C, yielding 7.1 grams of the subject compound. The reaction was repeated.

10 Step B Synthesis of 2-ethyl-5-(4-methylphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetraazole as an intermediate

A solution of 20.0 grams (0.125 mole) of 5-(4-methylphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetraazole in 230 mL of acetonitrile was stirred and 48.7 grams (0.312 mole) of iodoethane, followed by 17.3 grams (0.125 mole) of potassium carbonate were added. Upon completion of addition, the reaction mixture was warmed to reflux, where it stirred for two hours. After this time, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to a residue. The residue was taken up in ethyl acetate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to a residue. The residue was purified with column chromatography on silica gel using 1:4 ethyl acetate:hexane as an eluant. The appropriate fractions were combined and concentrated under reduced pressure, yielding 18.8 grams of the subject compound. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

25 Step C Synthesis of 5-[4-(bromomethyl)phenyl]-2-ethyl-1,2,3,4-tetraazole as an intermediate

A solution of 18.8 grams (0.100 mole) of 2-ethyl-5-(4-methylphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetraazole in 156 mL of carbon tetrachloride was stirred, and 19.6 grams (0.110 mole) of N-bromosuccinimide, followed by 0.24 gram (0.001 mole) of benzoyl peroxide were added. Upon completion of addition, the reaction mixture was heated to reflux where it stirred for 90 minutes. After this time the reaction mixture was cooled and filtered. The filtrate was

concentrated under reduced pressure, yielding 27.7 grams of the subject compound. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

5 Step D Synthesis of ethyl 1-{{[4-(2-ethyl-1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl)phenyl]methyl}piperidine-4-carboxylate as an intermediate

 A solution of 16.0 grams (0.102 mole) of ethyl isonipecotate in 50 mL of DMSO and 66 mL of methanol was stirred, and 44 mL (0.256 mole) of N,N-diisopropylethylamine, followed by 22.8 grams (0.085 mole) of 5-[4-(bromomethyl)phenyl]-2-ethyl-1,2,3,4-tetraazole were added. Upon
10 completion of addition, the reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for about 72 hours. After this time, the reaction mixture was diluted with 130 mL of ethyl acetate, and washed with a 1:1 solution of an aqueous solution saturated with sodium chloride and water. The organic layer was then washed with an aqueous solution saturated with sodium chloride and water, dried with
15 sodium sulfate, and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to a residue. The residue was purified with column chromatography on silica gel using mixtures of methylene chloride and acetone. The appropriate fractions were combined and concentrated under reduced pressure, yielding 20.9 grams of the subject compound. The NMR spectrum was
20 consistent with the proposed structure.

Step E Synthesis of 1-{{[4-(2-ethyl-1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl)phenyl]methyl}piperidinecarboxylic acid as an intermediate

 A solution of 20.9 grams (0.078 mole) of ethyl 1-{{[4-(2-ethyl-1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl)phenyl]methyl}piperidine-4-carboxylate in 132 mL of THF was
25 stirred, and a solution of 3.4 grams (0.086 mole) of sodium hydroxide in 93 mL of water, followed by 80 mL of methanol were added. Upon completion of addition, the reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for two hours. After this time, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to a residue. The residue was taken up in toluene and concentrated under
30 reduced pressure to remove any remaining solvents. The residue was dissolved in 100 mL of water and extracted with diethyl ether. The aqueous layer was

cooled to about -2°C , and was brought to a pH of 7 with concentrated hydrochloric acid. The resultant solid was collected by filtration, washed with water, and dried, yielding 18.2 grams of the subject compound. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

5

Step F Synthesis of 1-{{4-(2-ethyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl}methyl}(4-piperidyl)-N-methoxy-N-methylcarboxamide as an intermediate

A solution of 18.2 grams (0.058 mole) of 1-{{4-(2-ethyl-1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl)phenyl}methyl}piperidinecarboxylic acid in 240 mL of DMF was stirred, and 6.8 grams (0.070 mole) of N,O-dimethylhydroxylamine hydrochloride was added. The reaction mixture was cooled to 0°C , and 11.3 grams (0.070 mole) of diethyl cyanophosphonate, followed by 17.8 mL (0.127 mole) of triethylamine were added. Upon completion of addition, the reaction mixture was stirred for two hours, and then it was diluted with ethyl acetate and a 1:1 solution of an aqueous solution saturated with sodium chloride and water. To aid in separating the organic layer from the aqueous layer, hexane and solid sodium chloride were added to the reaction mixture. The organic layer was separated and washed with water, and then with an aqueous solution saturated with sodium chloride. The mixture was dried with sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure, yielding 18.5 grams of the subject compound. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

25 Step G Synthesis of 1-{{4-(2-ethyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl}methyl}(4-piperidyl)4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl ketone as an intermediate

To a Grignard Reagent prepared from 9.3 grams (0.039 mole) of 1-bromo-4-trifluoromethoxybenzene and 1.0 gram (0.041 gram-atom) of magnesium metal in 27 mL of THF was added a solution of 9.3 grams (0.026 mole) of 1-{{4-(2-ethyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl}methyl}(4-piperidyl)-N-methoxy-N-methylcarboxamide in 13 mL of THF. Upon completion of

addition, the reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 90 minutes, and then it was warmed to 70 °C, where it stirred for an additional 60 minutes. After this time, the reaction mixture was poured into a cold solution of 13 mL of concentrated hydrochloric acid in 93 mL of ethanol, and stirred for ten minutes. The mixture was diluted methylene chloride and washed with an aqueous dilute solution of sodium bicarbonate. The organic layer was dried with sodium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to a residue, yielding 10.2 grams of the subject compound. The NMR spectrum was consistent with the proposed structure.

Step H Synthesis of {4-[chloro(1-{[4-(2-ethyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl]methyl}(4-piperidyl))methyl]phenoxy}trifluoromethane as an intermediate

A solution of 1-{[4-(2-ethyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl]methyl}(4-piperidyl)4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl ketone and phosphorous oxychloride in diethyl ether is heated under reflux for about two hours. After this time, the reaction mixture is concentrated under reduced pressure to yield the subject compound.

Step I Synthesis of Compound 137

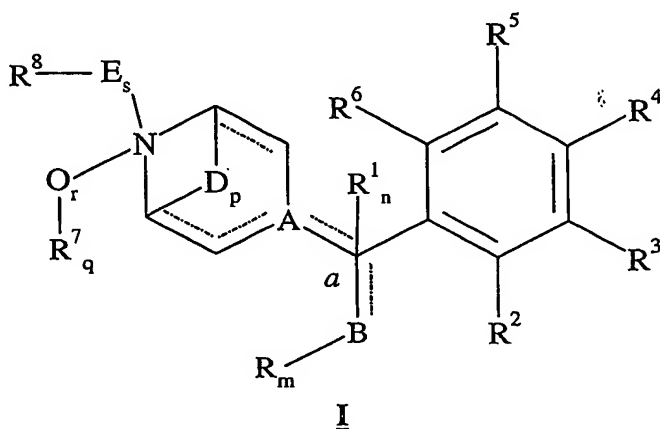
A solution of {4-[chloro(1-{[4-(2-ethyl(1,2,3,4-tetraazol-5-yl))phenyl]methyl}(4-piperidyl))methyl]phenoxy}trifluoromethane, 4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenol and potassium carbonate in DMF is stirred at ambient temperature for about two hours. After this time the reaction mixture is poured into water and the mixture is extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract is dried with magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate is concentrated under reduced pressure, yielding compound 137.

It is well known to one of ordinary skill in the art that compounds like the compounds of formula I of the present invention can contain optically active and racemic forms. It is also well known in the art that compounds like the compounds of formula I may contain stereoisomeric forms, tautomeric forms and/or exhibit polymorphism. It is to be understood that the present

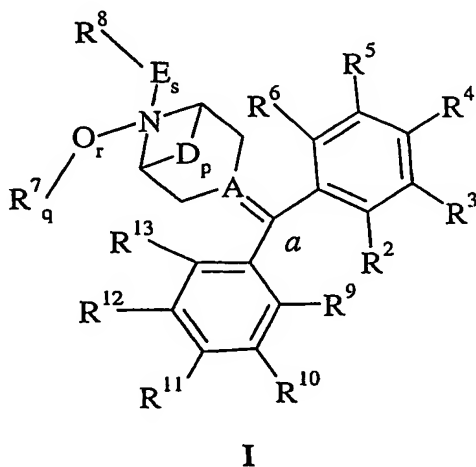
invention encompasses any racemic, optically active, polymorphic, tautomeric, or stereoisomeric form, or mixtures thereof. It should be noted that it is well known in the art how to prepare optically active forms, for example by resolution of a racemic mixture, or by synthesis from optically active intermediates.

The following table sets forth some additional examples of compounds of formula I useful in the present invention:

Table 1
Insecticidal N-substituted-4-(substituted arylmethyl)piperidines and Pyridines

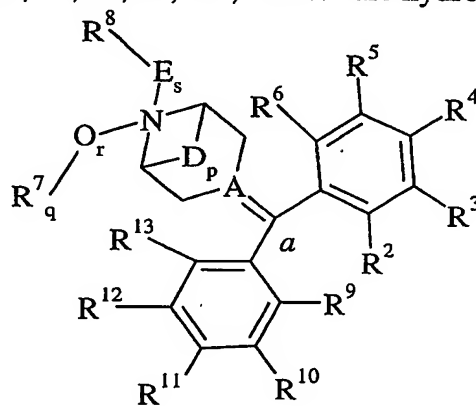


Compounds of the formula I where A is C, forming a piperidine ring; m, p, q, r and s are 0; n is 0, forming a double bond between the methyl carbon (a) and the 4-position of the piperidine ring; and B is phenyl substituted with R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹, R¹², and R¹³; where R², R⁵, R⁶, R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹², and R¹³ are hydrogen:



Cmpd. No.	R ³	R ⁴	R ⁸	R ¹¹
1	H	H	H	H
2 ¹	H	H	H	H
3 ⁴	H	H	H	H
4 ¹	Cl	H	H	H
5 ¹	H	Cl	H	H
6 ¹	F	H	H	H
7 ⁶	H	F	H	F
8	H	CF ₃	H	CF ₃
9	H	OCF ₃	H	OCF ₃
10	H	C ₂ H ₅	H	C ₂ H ₅
11	H	Cl	CH ₃	H
12	H	OCF ₃	CH ₃	OCF ₃

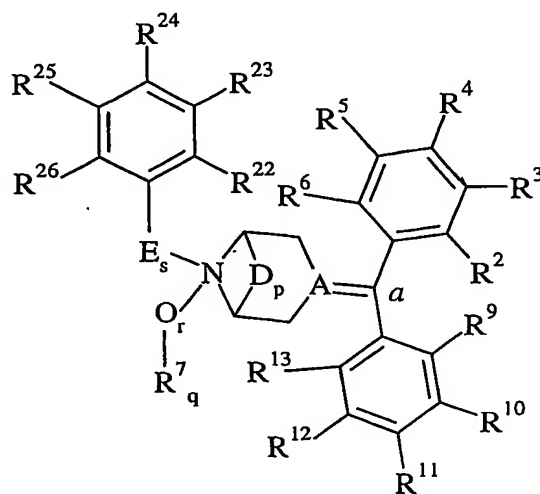
Compounds of formula I where A is C, forming a piperidine ring; m, p, q, and r are 0; s is 1; n is 0, forming a double bond between the methyl carbon (α) and the 4-position of the piperidine ring; B is phenyl substituted with R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹, R¹², and R¹³; where R², R⁵, R⁶, R⁹, R¹², and R¹³ are hydrogen:



I

Cmpd. No	R ³	R ⁴	E	x	R ²⁷ /R ²⁸	y	R ²⁹ /R ³⁰	R ⁸	R ¹⁰	R ¹¹
13	H	C ₂ H ₅	(CR ²⁷ R ²⁸) _x -(CR ²⁹ R ³⁰) _y	1	H	0	---	4-fluoroindol-3-yl	H	C ₂ H ₅
14	H	H	(CR ²⁷ R ²⁸) _x -(CR ²⁹ R ³⁰) _y	1	H	1	H	indol-3-yl	H	H
15	H	F	(CR ²⁷ R ²⁸) _x -(CR ²⁹ R ³⁰) _y	1	H	1	H	2-thioxo-1,3-dihydroquinolin-4-on-3-yl	H	F
16	H	F	(CR ²⁷ R ²⁸) _x -(CR ²⁹ R ³⁰) _y	1	H	1	H	7-methyl-4-hydro-1,3-thiazolino[3,2-a]pyrimidin-5-on-6-yl	H	H
17	H	F	(CR ²⁷ R ²⁸) _x -(CR ²⁹ R ³⁰) _y	1	H	1	H	7-methyl-4-hydro-1,3-thiazolino[3,2-a]pyrimidin-5-on-6-yl	H	F
18 ¹	CF ₃	H	C ₃ H ₆	--	---	--	---	piperidin-1-yl	CF ₃	H
19 ⁷	H	H	C ₃ H ₆	--	---	--	---	1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinolin-1-yl	H	H
20	H	H	C ₄ H ₈	--	---	--	---	NH ₂	H	H
21	H	H	C ₄ H ₈	--	---	--	---	benzo[c]azoline-1,3-dion-2-yl	H	H
22	H	H	C(=O)C ₂ H ₄	--	---	--	---	morpholin-1-yl	H	H
23	H	SCH ₃	C(=O)	--	---	--	---	OC(CH ₃) ₃	H	SCH ₃
24 ¹	H	H	C ₃ H ₆ C(=O)	--	---	--	---	OC(CH ₃) ₃	H	H
25	H	H	C ₄ H ₈ NHC(=O)	--	---	--	---	2-(pyrid-3-yl)-ethenyl	H	H
26	H	H	C ₄ H ₈ NHC(=O)	--	---	--	---	2-(2-methylpyrid-5-yl)ethenyl	H	H
27	H	H	C(=S)NH	--	---	--	---	CH ₃	H	H

- Compounds of formula I where A is C, forming a piperidine ring; m, p, q, and r are 0; s is 1; n is 0, forming a double bond between the methyl carbon (α) and the 4-position of the piperidine ring; E is, unless otherwise noted, $-(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y$ where x is 1 and y is 0; R^8 is phenyl substituted with R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and R^{26} ; B is phenyl substituted with R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} , R^{12} , and R^{13} ; where R^2 , R^5 , R^6 , R^9 , R^{12} , R^{13} , R^{25} , R^{26} , R^{27} and R^{28} are hydrogen;



I

Cmpd. No.	R^3 / R^4	R^{22}	R^{23}	R^{24}	R^{10} / R^{11}
28	H / F	H	H	H	H Cl
29	H / F	H	H	H	H F
30	H / CF ₃	H	H	H	H H
31	H / CF ₃	H	H	H	H F
32	H / OCF ₃	H	H	H	H H
33	H / CF ₃	H	H	Br	H CF ₃
34	H / CF ₃	H	H	F	H H
35	H / OCF ₃	H	H	F	H H
36	H / Cl	H	F	F	H H
37	H / F	H	F	F	H H
38	H / CF ₃	H	F	F	H H
39	H / Cl	H	H	OCH ₃	H H
40	H / F	H	H	OCH ₃	H H

Cmpd. No.	R ³ / R ⁴	R ²²	R ²³	R ²⁴	R ¹⁰ / R ¹¹
41	H / CF ₃	H	H	OCH ₃	H
42	H / OCF ₃	H	H	OCH ₃	H
43	H / C ₂ H ₅	H	H	OCH ₃	OCF ₃
44	H / OH	H	H	OC ₃ H ₇	C ₂ H ₅
45	CF ₃ / H	H	H	OC ₃ H ₇	H
46	H / CF ₃	H	H	OC ₃ H ₇	OH
47	OCF ₃ / H	H	H	OC ₃ H ₇	CF ₃
48	H / OCF ₃	H	H	OC ₃ H ₇	H
49	H / OCF ₃	OCH ₃	H	OC ₃ H ₇	H
50	H / CF ₃	H	H	CO ₂ C ₂ H ₅	OCF ₃
51	H / CF ₃	H	H	CO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂	H
52	H / CF ₃	H	H	NHC(=O)CH ₃	CF ₃
53	H / CF ₃	H	H	NHC(=O)CF ₃	H
54	H / CF ₃	H	H	NHCO ₂ CH ₃	CF ₃
55	H / CF ₃	H	H	NHCO ₂ C ₂ H ₅	H
56	H / CF ₃	H	H	N(CH ₃)CO ₂ C ₂ H ₅	CF ₃
57	H / CF ₃	H	H	NHCO ₂ C ₃ H ₇	H
58	H / CF ₃	H	H	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂	CF ₃
59	H / CF ₃	H	H	NHCO ₂ CH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂	H
60	H / CF ₃	H	H	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	CF ₃
61	H / CF ₃	H	H	1,3-thiazol-2-ylmethoxy	H
62	H / CF ₃	H	H	pyrid-2-yl	CF ₃
63	H / CF ₃	H	H	3-chloropyrid-2-yl	H
64	H / OCF ₃	H	H	3-chloropyrid-2-yl	CF ₃
65	H / CF ₃	H	H	5-chloropyrid-2-yl	OCF ₃
66	H / CF ₃	H	H	6-chloropyrid-2-yl	H
67	H / CF ₃	H	H	3-trifluoromethylpyrid-2-yl	CF ₃
68	H / OCF ₃	H	H	3-trifluoromethylpyrid-2-yl	H
69	H / CF ₃	H	H	5-trifluoromethylpyrid-2-yl	OCF ₃
70	H / CF ₃	H	H	3-cyanopyrid-2-yl	H
					CF ₃

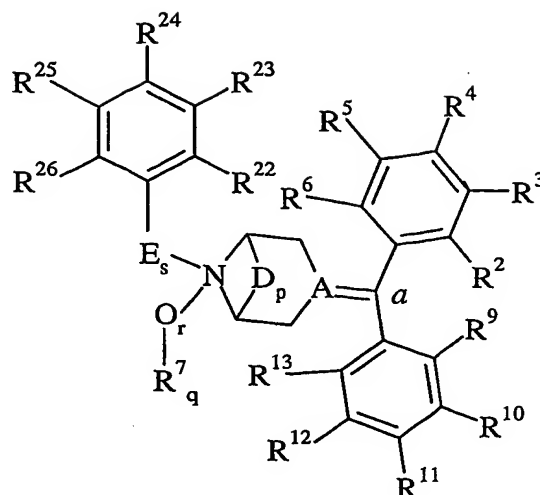
Cmpd. No.	R ³ / R ⁴	R ²²	R ²³	R ²⁴	R ¹⁰ / R ¹¹
71	H / CF ₃	H	H	5-cyanopyrid-2-yl	H CF ₃
72	H / CF ₃	H	H	3-nitropyrid-2-yl	H CF ₃
73	H / CF ₃	H	H	3-(methoxycarbonylamino)- pyrid-2-yl	H CF ₃
74	H / CF ₃	H	H	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H Cl
75	H / CF ₃	H	H	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H CF ₃
76	H / Cl	H	H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H H
77	H / Cl	H	H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H Cl
78	H / F	H	H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H F
79	H / F	H	H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H Cl
80	H / CF ₃	H	H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H H
81	H / CF ₃	H	H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H F
82	H / CF ₃	H	H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H CF ₃
83 ^a	-OCF ₂ O-	H	H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	-OCF ₂ O- --
84	H / H	CH ₃	Cl	H	H H
85	H / H	H	H	H	H H

^aIn Cmpd 83, R³ and R⁴, and R¹⁰ and R¹¹ are taken together with -OCF₂O- to form 2,2-difluoro[d]1,3-benzodioxolane rings. In Cmpd. 84, E is C(=S)NH, and in Cmpd. 85, E is C₂H₄C(=O).

5

Compounds of formula I where A is C, forming a piperidine ring; n is 0, forming a double bond between the methyl carbon (*a*) and the 4-position of the piperidine ring; m and p are 0; q is 0 and r is 1, forming an N-oxide; and s is 1; E is -(CR²⁷R²⁸)_x-(CR²⁹R³⁰)_y-, where x is 1, and y is 0; R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; B is phenyl substituted with R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹, R¹², and R¹³; where R², R⁵, R⁶, R⁹, R¹², R¹³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen:

10



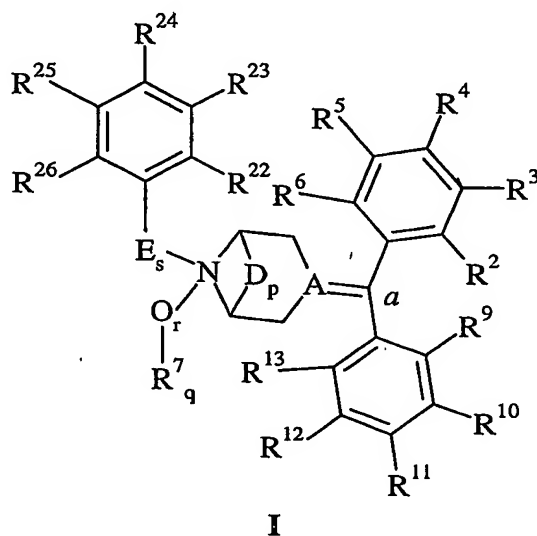
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Cmpd. No.	R ³	R ⁴	R ²²	R ²³	R ²⁴	R ¹⁰	R ¹¹
86	H	CF ₃	H	H	Br	H	CF ₃
87	H	CF ₃	F	H	Br	H	CF ₃
88	H	Cl		F	F	H	H
89	H	F		F	F	H	H
90	H	CF ₃		F	F	H	H
91	H	Cl		H	OCH ₃	H	H
92	H	F		H	OCH ₃	H	H
93	H	CF ₃		H	OCH ₃	H	H
94	H	CF ₃		H	OC ₂ H ₅	H	CF ₃
95	H	CF ₃		H	OC ₃ H ₇	H	CF ₃
96	H	OCF ₃		H	OC ₃ H ₇	H	OCF ₃
97 ^b	*-OCF ₂ CF ₂ -		H	H	OC ₃ H ₇	*-OCF ₂ CF ₂ -	
98	H	CF ₃	H	H	cyclopropylmethoxy	H	CF ₃
99	H	CF ₃	H	H	CO ₂ C ₂ H ₅	H	CF ₃
100	H	CF ₃	H	H	CO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂	H	CF ₃
101	H	CF ₃	H	H	NHCO ₂ C ₂ H ₅	H	CF ₃
102	H	CF ₃	H	H	NHCO ₂ C ₃ H ₇	H	CF ₃
103	H	CF ₃	H	H	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂	H	CF ₃
104	H	CF ₃	H	H	NHCO ₂ CH ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂	H	CF ₃
105	H	CF ₃	H	H	1,3-thiazol-2-ylmethoxy	H	CF ₃
106	H	CF ₃	H	H	pyrid-2-yloxy	H	CF ₃
107	H	CF ₃	H	H	5-chloropyrid-2-yloxy	H	CF ₃
108	H	CF ₃	H	H	6-chloropyrid-2-yloxy	H	CF ₃
109	H	CF ₃	H	H	3-trifluoromethylpyrid-2-yloxy	H	CF ₃
110	H	CF ₃	H	H	5-trifluoromethylpyrid-2-yloxy	H	CF ₃
111	H	CF ₃	H	H	5-cyanopyrid-2-yloxy	H	CF ₃
112	H	CF ₃	H	H	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	CF ₃
113	H	Cl	H	H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	Cl
114	H	CF ₃	H	H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	CF ₃
115 ^c	-OCF ₂ O-		H	H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	-OCF ₂ O-	

^bIn Cmpd 97, R³ and R⁴, and R¹⁰ and R¹¹ are taken together with -OCF₂CF₂- to form 2,2,3,3-tetrafluoro-2,3-dihydrobenzo[b]furan rings, where the asterisk denotes connection at R³ and at R¹⁰.

- 5 ^cIn Cmpd 115, R³ and R⁴, and R¹⁰ and R¹¹ are taken together with -OCF₂O- to form 2,2-difluoro[d]1,3-benzodioxolane rings.

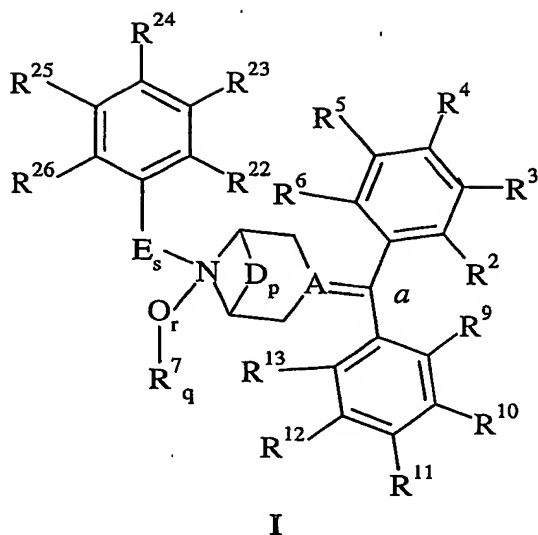
- 10 Compounds of formula I where A is C, forming a piperidine ring; n is 0, forming a double bond between the methyl carbon (*a*) and the 4-position of the piperidine ring; m and p are 0; r is 0, and q is 1, forming an N-disubstituted derivative; and s is 1; E is -(CR²⁷R²⁸)_x-(CR²⁹R³⁰)_y, where x is 1, and y is 0; R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; B is phenyl substituted with R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹, R¹², and R¹³; where R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹², R¹³, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen:



Cmpd. No.	R ⁴	R ⁷	R ¹¹	R ²⁴
116 ⁵	OCHF ₂	4-(C ₃ H ₇ O)PhCH ₂	OCHF ₂	OC ₃ H ₇

- 20 Compounds of formula I where A is C, forming a piperidine ring; n is 0, forming a double bond between the methyl carbon (*a*) and the 4-position of the piperidine ring; m, q and r are 0; s is 1; p is other than 0, forming an azabicyclo derivative; R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; E is -(CR²⁷R²⁸)_x-(CR²⁹R³⁰)_y, where x is 1, and y is 0; B is phenyl substituted with R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹, R¹², and R¹³; where R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹², R¹³, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen:

84

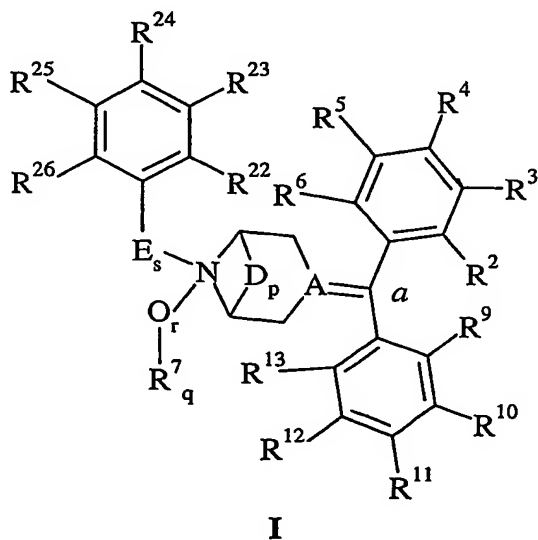


Cmpd. No.	R ⁴	D	p	R ¹¹	R ²⁴
117	CF ₃	CH ₂	3	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy

5

Compounds of formula I where A is C, forming a piperidine ring; n is 0, forming a double bond between the methyl carbon (*a*) and the 4-position of the piperidine ring; m is 0; q and r are 1, forming a N-substituted oxy derivative; p is other than 0, forming an azabicyclo derivative; s is 1; R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; B is phenyl substituted with R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹, R¹², and R¹³; and E is $-(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y$, where x is 1, and y is 0; where R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹², R¹³, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen:

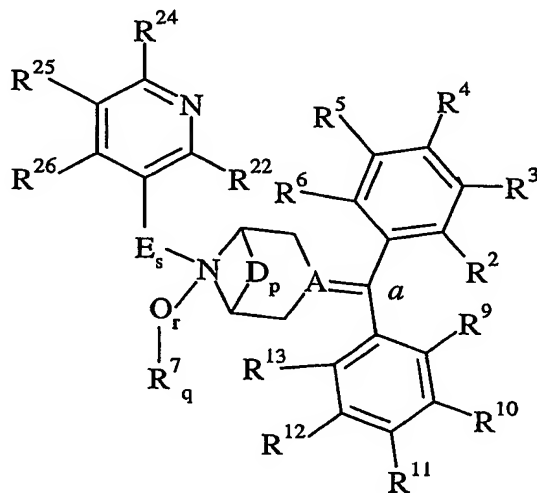
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15

Cmpd. No.	R ⁴	R ⁷	D	p	R ¹¹	R ²⁴
118 ⁵	CF ₃	C ₂ H ₄ CO ₂ C ₂ H ₅	-CH ₂ -	3	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yl oxy

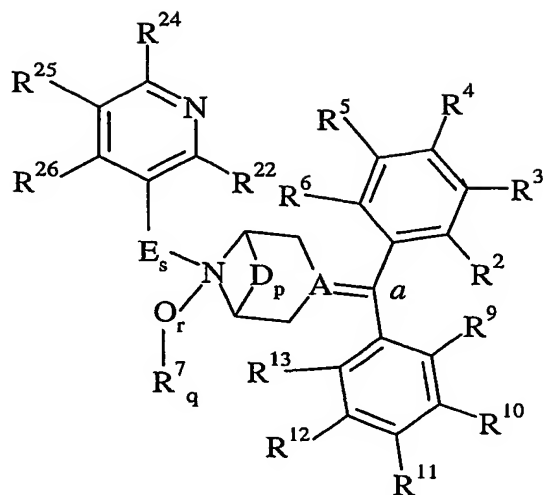
Compounds of formula I where A is C, forming a piperidine ring; m, p, q, and r are 0; s is 1; n is 0, forming a double bond between the methyl carbon (*a*) and the 4-position of the piperidine ring; R⁸ is pyrid-3-yl substituted with R²², R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; E is -(CR²⁷R²⁸)_x-(CR²⁹R³⁰)_y, where x is 1, and y is 0; B is phenyl substituted with R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹, R¹², and R¹³; where R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹², R¹³, R²², R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen;



I

Cmpd. No.	R ⁴	R ¹¹	R ²⁴
119	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl
120	CF ₃	CF ₃	OC ₃ H ₇
121	CF ₃	CF ₃	C≡N
122	CF ₃	CF ₃	NHC ₃ H ₇
123	CF ₃	CF ₃	NHCO ₂ C ₂ H ₅

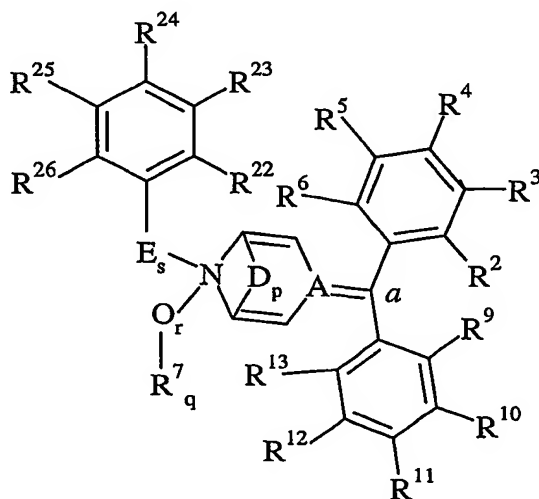
Compounds of formula I where A is C, forming a piperidine ring; m, p, and q, are 0; s is 1; n is 0, forming a double bond between the methyl carbon (*a*) and the 4-position of the piperidine ring; r is 1, forming an N-oxide; R⁸ is pyrid-3-yl substituted with R²², R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; E is -(CR²⁷R²⁸)_x-(CR²⁹R³⁰)_y, where x is 1, and y is 0; B is phenyl substituted with R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹, R¹², and R¹³; where R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹², R¹³, R²², R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen;



I

Cmpd. No.	R ⁴	R ¹¹	R ²⁴
124	CF ₃	CF ₃	Cl
125	CF ₃	CF ₃	OC ₃ H ₇
126	CF ₃	CF ₃	C≡N
127	CF ₃	CF ₃	NHC ₃ H ₇
128	CF ₃	CF ₃	NHCO ₂ C ₂ H ₅

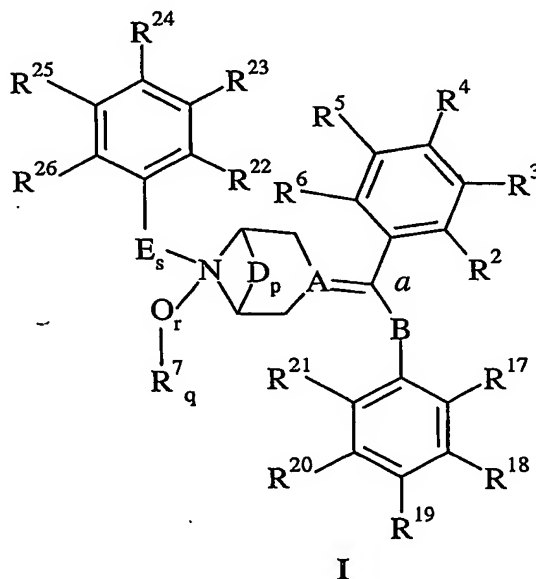
- 5 Compounds of formula I where A is C, forming a 1,4-dihydropyridine ring; m, p, q, and r are 0; s is 1; n is 0, forming a double bond between the methyl carbon (a) and the 4-position of the pyridine ring; E is $-(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y-$, where x is 1, and y is 0; R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; B is phenyl substituted with R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹, R¹², and R¹³; where R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹², R¹³, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen;



I

Cmpd. No.	R ⁴	R ¹¹	R ²⁴
129	CF ₃	Br	OC ₃ H ₇
130	CF ₃	F	NHCO ₂ C ₂ H ₅
131	CF ₃	CF ₃	CO ₂ C ₂ H ₅
132	CF ₃	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy
133	Cl	Cl	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
134	CF ₃	Cl	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
135	CF ₃	CF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
136	OCF ₃	OCF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl

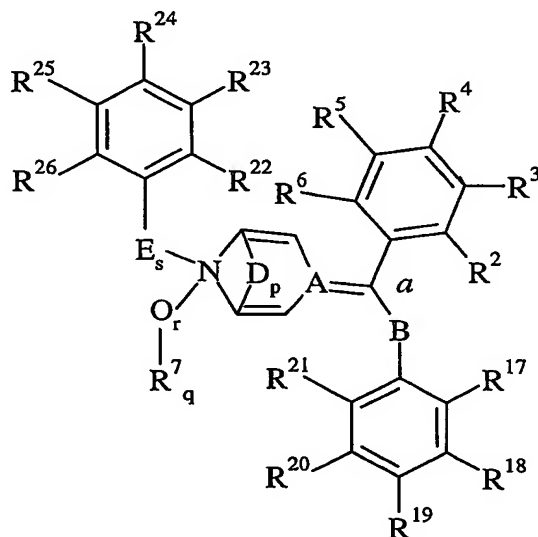
- Compounds of formula I where A is C, forming a piperidine ring; p, q, and r are 0; m and s are 1; n is 0, forming a double bond between the methyl carbon (a) and the 4-position of the piperidine ring; E is $-(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y-$, where x is 1, and y is 0; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R; R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; R is phenyl substituted with R¹⁷, R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²⁰, and R²¹; where R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R¹⁷, R¹⁸, R²⁰, R²¹, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen;



Cmpd. No.	R ⁴	B	R ¹⁵	R ¹⁹	R ²⁴
137	OCF ₃	O	--	OCF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
138	CF ₃	CH ₂	--	CF ₃	OC ₃ H ₇
139	CF ₃	CH ₂ O	--	CF ₃	NHCO ₂ C ₂ H ₅
140	CF ₃	OCH ₂	--	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
141	CF ₃	OCH ₂ CH ₂ O	--	CF ₃	OC ₃ H ₇
142	Cl	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H	Cl	pyrid-2-yloxy
143	CF ₃	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H	Cl	pyrid-2-yloxy

Cmpd. No.	R ⁴	B	R ¹⁵	R ¹⁹	R ²⁴
144	OCF ₃	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy
145	CF ₃	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H	CF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
146	CF ₃	NR ¹⁵ SO ₂	H	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy

Compounds of formula I where A is C, forming a 1,4-dihydropyridine ring; p, q, and r are 0; m and s are 1; n is 0, forming a double bond between the methyl carbon (a) and the 4-position of the pyridine ring; E is $-(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y-$, where x is 1, and y is 0; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R; R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; R is phenyl substituted with R¹⁷, R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²⁰, and R²¹; where R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R¹⁷, R¹⁸, R²⁰, R²¹, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen;



I

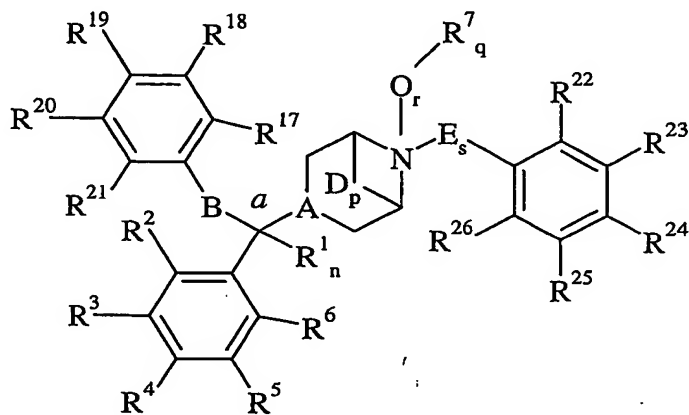
Cmpd. No.	R ⁴	B	R ¹⁵	R ¹⁹	R ²⁴
147	CF ₃	O	--	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy
148	CF ₃	CH ₂	--	CF ₃	OC ₃ H ₇
149	CF ₃	CH ₂	--	CF ₃	CO ₂ C ₂ H ₅
150	Cl	CH ₂	--	Cl	NHCO ₂ C ₂ H ₅
151	OCF ₃	CH ₂	--	CF ₃	NHCO ₂ C ₂ H ₅
152	OCF ₃	CH ₂	--	OCF ₃	NHCO ₂ C ₂ H ₅
153	CF ₃	CH ₂ O	--	CF ₃	NHCO ₂ C ₂ H ₅
154	CF ₃	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H	CF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl

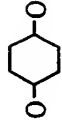
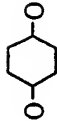
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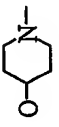
Compounds of formula I where A is CH, forming a piperidine ring; n is 1, forming single bonds from the methyl carbon (a) and its substituents; p, q, and

r are 0; m and s are 1; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R; E is $-(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y-$, where x is 1, and y is 0; R^8 is phenyl substituted with R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and R^{26} , and R is phenyl substituted with R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ; where R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^5 , R^6 , R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{25} , R^{26} , R^{27} , and R^{28} are hydrogen:

5



Cmpd. No.	R ⁴	R ²⁴	R ¹⁷ /R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹	R ²⁰ /R ²¹	B	R ¹⁵ /R ¹⁶
155	OCF ₃	OC ₃ H ₇	H	Cl	H	O	--
156	CF ₃	CO ₂ C ₂ H ₅	H	Cl	H	O	--
157	CF ₃	NHCO ₂ C ₂ H ₅	H	Cl	H	O	--
158	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	H	Cl	H	O	--
159	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	H	Cl	H	O	--
160	CF ₃	CO ₂ C ₂ H ₅	H	Cl	H	S	--
161	CF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	Cl	H	SO ₂	--
162	CF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	Cl	H	SO ₂ NR ¹⁵	H
163	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	H	Cl	H	NR ¹⁵ SO ₂	H
164	CF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	Cl	H	NR ¹⁵ NHSO ₂	H
165	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	H	Cl	H	OC ₂ H ₄ O	--
166	CF ₃	OC ₃ H ₇	H	Cl	H		--
167	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	H	Cl	H		--

Cmpd. No.	R ⁴	R ²⁴	R ¹⁷ /R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹	R ²⁰ /R ²¹	B	R ¹⁵ /R ¹⁶
168	CF ₃	OC ₃ H ₇	H	Cl	H		-
169	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	H	Cl	H		-
170	CF ₃	OC ₂ H ₅	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CH ₃
171	OCF ₃	OC ₃ H ₇	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CH ₃
172	CF ₃	OC ₂ H ₄ OCH ₃	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CH ₃
173	CF ₃	CO ₂ C ₂ H ₅	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CH ₃
174	OCF ₃	CO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CH ₃
175	CF ₃	NHCO ₂ C ₂ H ₅	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CH ₃
176	OCF ₃	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CH ₃
177	CF ₃	NHCO ₂ CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CH ₃
178	OCF ₃	NHCO ₂ CH ₂ C≡CH	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CH ₃
179	CF ₃	NHCO ₂ C ₂ H ₄ OCH ₃	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CH ₃
180	CF ₃	OC(=O)NHCH(CH ₃) ₂	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CH ₃
181	OCF ₃	4-fluorophenylamino-carbonyloxy	H	F	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
182	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H

Cmpd. No.	R ⁴	R ²⁴	R ¹⁷ / R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹	R ²⁰ / R ²¹	B	R ¹⁵ / R ¹⁶
183	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	H	Br	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
184	CF ₃	CH=NOCH ₃	H	H	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
185	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	F	H	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
186	CF ₃	CH=NOCH ₃	F	F	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
187	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	H	F	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
188	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	H	H	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
189	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	Cl	H	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
190	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	Cl	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
191	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	Cl	H	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
192	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	Cl	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
193	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	F	F	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
194	OCF ₃	CH=NOCH ₃	F	F	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
195	OCF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	F	F	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
196	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	F	F	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
197	CF ₃	CH=NOCH(CH ₃) ₂	H	F	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H

Cmpd. No.	R ⁴	R ²⁴	R ¹⁷ /R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹	R ²⁰ /R ²¹	B	R ¹⁵ /R ¹⁶
198	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	F F F	H	H F H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H --
199	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	H F F	H	H H H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H --
200	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	H H H	H	F F F	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H --
201	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	F F F	F	H H H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H --
202	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	F F F	F	H F F	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H --
203	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	F F F	H	H H H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H --
204	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	CF ₃ H	H	H H H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H --
205	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	H H CF	CF ₃	H H H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H --
206	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	H H CF ₃	Cl	H H H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H --
207	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	H H CF ₃	Cl	H H H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H --
208	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	CF ₃ CF ₃	Br	H H H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H --
209	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	H H H	OCH ₃	H H H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H --
210	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	OCH ₃ H	OCH ₃	H H H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H --
211	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	H H H	OCF ₃	Cl H H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H --
212	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	H H H	phenyl	H H H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H --

Compd. No.	R ⁴	R ²⁴	R ¹⁷ /R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹	R ²⁰ /R ²¹	B	R ¹⁵ /R ¹⁶
213	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	H	phenoxy	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
214	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅	H	H	H	OC(=O)NR ²⁸	H
215	CF ₃	4-Clpyrid-2-yl	-CH ₂ CHCHCH ₂ - ----	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
216	CF ₃	5-Clpyrid-2-yl	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
217	CF ₃	6-Clpyrid-2-yl	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
218	CF ₃	5-CH ₃ Opyrid-2-yl	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
219	CF ₃	5-CF ₃ pyrid-2-yl	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
220	CF ₃	2-(C ₃ H ₇ O)pyrid-5-yl	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
221	Br	pyrid-2-yloxy	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
222	F	pyrid-2-yloxy	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
223	NO ₂	pyrid-2-yloxy	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
224	SF ₅	pyrid-2-yloxy	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CH ₃
225	OPh	pyrid-2-yloxy	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
226	OCF ₂ H	pyrid-2-yloxy	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CH ₃
227	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--

Cmpd. No.	R ⁴	R ²⁴	R ¹⁷ /R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹	R ²⁰ /R ²¹	B	R ¹⁵ /R ¹⁶
228	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	H	H	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
229	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	Cl	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
230	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	Cl	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
231	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	Cl	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
232	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	H	H	Cl	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
233	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	H	H	Cl	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
234	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	Cl	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
235	OCF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	H	Cl	Cl	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
236	OCF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	H	H	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
237	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	F	F	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
238	OCF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	H	F	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
239	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	H	H	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
240	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	F	F	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
241	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	F	H	F	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
242	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	F	F	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--

Compd. No.	R ⁴	R ²⁴	R ¹⁷ /R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹	R ²⁰ /R ²¹	B	R ¹⁵ /R ¹⁶
243	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	F	F	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
244	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	F	H	F	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
245	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
246	OCF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	H	CF ₃	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
247	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
248	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	CF ₃	H	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
249	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	CF ₃	OCF ₃	CF ₃	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
250	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	H	phenyl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
251	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy	H	phenoxy	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
252	CF ₃	pyrimidin-2-yl	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
253	CF ₃	5-chloropyrimidin-2-yl	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
254	CF ₃	5-methoxy-pyrimidin-2-yl	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
255	CF ₃	thien-3-yl	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
256	CF ₃	1-methylpyrrol-3-yl	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
257	CF ₃	5-methyl-1,3-oxazol-2-yl	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H

Cmpd. No.	R ⁴	R ²⁴	R ¹⁷ / R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹	R ²⁰ / R ²¹	B	R ¹⁵ / R ¹⁶
258	CF ₃	4-methoxy-1,2,5-thiadiazol-3-yl	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
259	CF ₃	8-methoxy-1,2,3,4-tetra-hydronaphthalen-5-yl	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
260	CF ₃	2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
261	OCF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	H	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
262	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	Cl	H	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
263	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	H	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
264	Cl	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	Cl	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
265	CF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
266	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
267	OCF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
268	CF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
269	CF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	Br	H	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
270	OCF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	Br	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
271	OCF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	Br	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
272	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	I	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H
			F	H	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	-- H

Compd. No.	R ⁴	R ²⁴	R ¹⁷ / R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹	R ²⁰ / R ²¹	B	R ¹⁵ / R ¹⁶
273	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	H	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
274	Cl	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	F	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
275	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	F	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
276 ⁸	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	F	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
277	OCF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	F	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
278	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	F	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
279	CF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	Cl	H	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
280	CF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	Cl	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
281	CF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	H	Cl	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
282	CF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	Cl	H	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
283	CF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	Cl	Cl	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
284	CF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	Cl	H	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
285	OCF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	Cl	CH ₃	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
286	OCF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
287	OCF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	CH ₃	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--

Cmpd. No.	R ⁴	R ²⁴	R ¹⁷ /R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹	R ²⁰ /R ²¹	B	R ¹⁵ /R ¹⁶
288	CF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	H	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
289	CF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
290	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	CF ₃	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
291	OCF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	CF ₃	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
292	CF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
293	CF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	CF ₃	H	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
294	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	CF ₃	OCF ₃	CF ₃	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
295	OCF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	OCF ₃	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
296	OCF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	NO ₂	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
297	CF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	phenyl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
298	CF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	phenoxy	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
299	CF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	Cl	H	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ CH ₂	H
300	CF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	Cl	H	CH ₂ C(=O)NR ¹⁵	--
301	CF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	Cl	H	OCH ₂ C(=O)NR ¹⁵	H
302	OCF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	CF ₃	H	OC(=S)NR ¹⁵	--

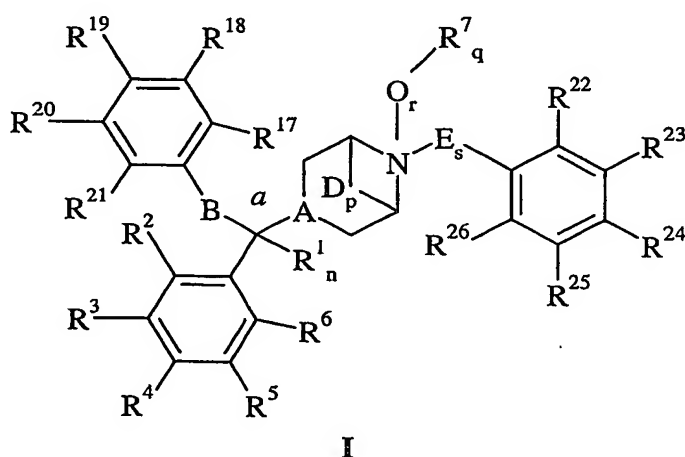
Compd. No.	R ⁴	R ²⁴	R ¹⁷ /R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹	R ²⁰ /R ²¹	B	R ¹⁵ /R ¹⁶
303	CF ₃	CO ₂ C ₂ H ₅	H	Cl	H	CH ₂	-
304	OCF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	CF ₃	H	OCH ₂	-
305	OCF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	OCF ₃	H	OCH ₂	-
306	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	OCH ₂	-
307	OCF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	CF ₃	H	OC(=O)	-
308	OCF ₃	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	OCF ₃	H	OC(=O)	-
309	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	Cl	H	H	NR ¹⁵ CH ₂	H
310	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	H	H	NR ¹⁵ CH ₂	H
311	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	Cl	Cl	H	NR ¹⁵ CH ₂	H
312	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	Br	H	NR ¹⁵ CH ₂	H
313	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	F	H	H	NR ¹⁵ CH ₂	H
314	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	H	H	NR ¹⁵ CH ₂	H
315	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	F	F	H	NR ¹⁵ CH ₂	H
316	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	I	H	NR ¹⁵ CH ₂	H
317	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	CH ₃	H	NR ¹⁵ CH ₂	H

Cmpd. No.	R ⁴	R ²⁴	R ¹⁷ / R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹	R ²⁰ / R ²¹	B	R ¹⁵ / R ¹⁶
318	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	OCH ₃	H	NR ¹⁵ CH ₂	--
319	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	OCF ₃	H	NR ¹⁵ CH ₂	H
320	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	NO ₂	H	NR ¹⁵ CH ₂	--
321	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	H	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)	H
322	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	Cl	H	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)	--
323	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	H	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)	H
324	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	Cl	Cl	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)	--
325	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	Br	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)	H
326	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	F	H	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)	--
327	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	H	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)	H
328	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	F	F	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)	--
329	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	I	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)	H
330	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	CH ₃	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)	--
331	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	OCH ₃	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)	H
332	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	OCF ₃	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)	--

Cmpd. No.	R ⁴	R ²⁴	R ¹⁷ / R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹	R ²⁰ / R ²¹	B	R ¹⁵ / R ¹⁶
333	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	NO ₂	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)	H
334	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	H	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)NR ¹⁶	H
335	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	Cl	H	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)NR ¹⁶	H
336	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	H	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)NR ¹⁶	H
337	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	Cl	Cl	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)NR ¹⁶	H
338	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	Br	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)NR ¹⁶	H
339	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	H	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)NR ¹⁶	H
340	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	F	H	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)NR ¹⁶	H
341	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	H	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)NR ¹⁶	H
342	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	F	F	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)NR ¹⁶	H
343	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	I	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)NR ¹⁶	H
344	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	CH ₃	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)NR ¹⁶	H
345	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	OCH ₃	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)NR ¹⁶	H
346	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	CF ₃	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)NR ¹⁶	H
347	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	OCF ₃	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)NR ¹⁶	H
348	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	NO ₂	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)NR ¹⁶	H
349	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	H	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)NR ¹⁶	H
350	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	Cl	H	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)NR ¹⁶	H

Cmpd. No.	R ⁴	R ²⁴	R ¹⁷ /R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹	R ²⁰ /R ²¹	B	R ¹⁵ /R ¹⁶
348	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	H	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)O	--
349	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	Cl	Cl	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)O	H
350	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	Br	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)O	--
351	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	H	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)O	H
352	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	F	H	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)O	--
353	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	H	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)O	H
354	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	F	F	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)O	--
355	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	I	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)O	H
356	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	CH ₃	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)O	--
357	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	OCH ₃	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)O	H
358	OCF ₃	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl	H	OCF ₃	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)O	--
			H	NO ₂	H	NR ¹⁵ C(=O)O	H
			H		H		--

Compounds of formula I where A is CH, forming a piperidine ring; n is 1, forming single bonds from the methyl carbon (a) and its substituents; p, q, and r are 0; m and s are 1; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R, where B is OC(=O)NR¹⁵; E is -(CR²⁷R²⁸)_x-(CR²⁹R³⁰)_y-, where x is 1, and y is 0; R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; and R is phenyl substituted with R¹⁷, R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²⁰, and R²¹; where R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R¹⁵, R¹⁷, R¹⁸, R²⁰, R²¹, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen:

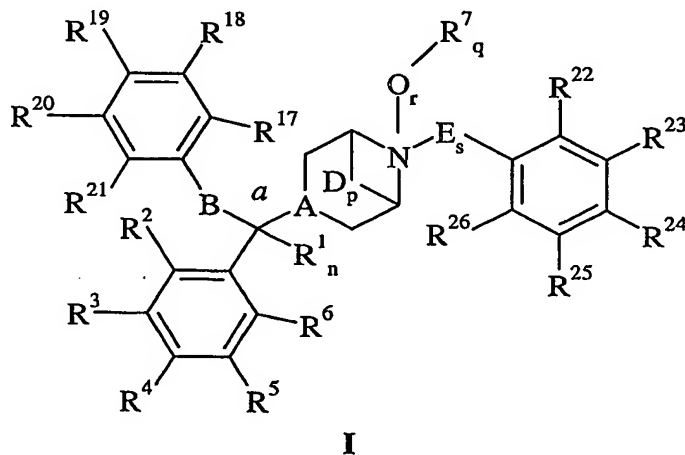


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Cmpd. No.	R ¹	R ⁴	R ¹⁹	R ²⁴
359	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
360	CH ₃	CF ₃	Cl	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
361	CH ₃	OCF ₃	Cl	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
362	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CF ₃	H	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
363	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CF ₃	Cl	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
364	CH(CH ₃) ₂	OCF ₃	Cl	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
365	CH ₂ OCH ₃	CF ₃	H	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
366	CH ₂ OCH ₃	CF ₃	Cl	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
367	CH ₂ OCH ₃	OCF ₃	Cl	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
368	phenyl	CF ₃	H	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
369	phenyl	CF ₃	Cl	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
370	phenyl	OCF ₃	Cl	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
371	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
372	CH ₃	CF ₃	Cl	pyrid-2-yloxy
373	CH ₃	OCF ₃	Cl	pyrid-2-yloxy
374	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CF ₃	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
375	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CF ₃	Cl	pyrid-2-yloxy
376	CH(CH ₃) ₂	OCF ₃	Cl	pyrid-2-yloxy
377	CH ₂ OCH ₃	CF ₃	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
378	CH ₂ OCH ₃	CF ₃	Cl	pyrid-2-yloxy
379	CH ₂ OCH ₃	OCF ₃	Cl	pyrid-2-yloxy
380	phenyl	CF ₃	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
381	phenyl	CF ₃	Cl	pyrid-2-yloxy
382	phenyl	OCF ₃	Cl	pyrid-2-yloxy

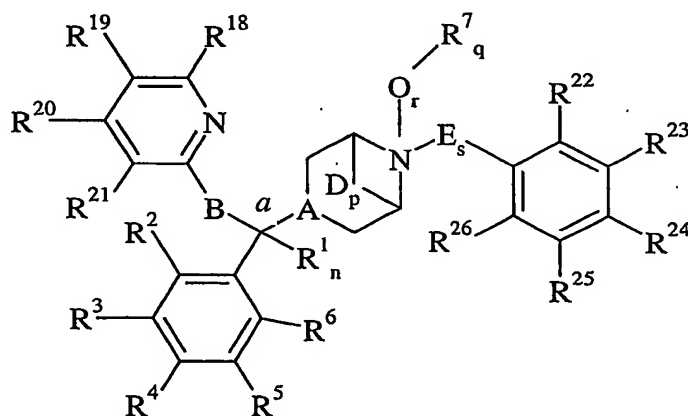
Cmpd. No.	R ¹	R ⁴	R ¹⁹	R ²⁴
383	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
384	CH ₃	CF ₃	Cl	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
385	CH ₃	OCF ₃	Cl	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
386	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CF ₃	H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
387	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CF ₃	Cl	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
388	CH(CH ₃) ₂	OCF ₃	Cl	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
389	CH ₂ OCH ₃	CF ₃	H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
390	CH ₂ OCH ₃	CF ₃	Cl	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
391	CH ₂ OCH ₃	OCF ₃	Cl	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
392	phenyl	CF ₃	H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
393	phenyl	CF ₃	Cl	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
394	phenyl	OCF ₃	Cl	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl

Compounds of formula I where A is CH, forming a piperidine ring; n is 1, forming single bonds from the methyl carbon (a) and its substituents; p is 0; q is 0, and r is 1, forming an N-oxide; m, s, and r are 1; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R, where B is OC(=O)NR¹⁵; E is $-(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-$ (CR²⁹R³⁰)_y, where x is 1, and y is 0; R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; and R is phenyl substituted with R¹⁷, R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²⁰, and R²¹; where R¹, R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R¹⁵, R²¹, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷ and R²⁸ are hydrogen:



Cmpd. No.	R ⁴	R ¹⁷	R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹	R ²⁰	R ²⁴
395	CF ₃	H	H	Cl	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
396	CF ₃	H	Cl	Cl	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
397	CF ₃	H	F	H	F	pyrid-2-yloxy
398	CF ₃	H	H	CF ₃	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
399	OCF ₃	H	H	Cl	H	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
400	OCF ₃	H	H	F	H	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
401	OCF ₃	H	H	F	H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
402	OCF ₃	H	H	CF ₃	H	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
403	OCF ₃	H	H	CF ₃	H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
404	OCF ₃	H	H	OCF ₃	H	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
405	OCF ₃	H	H	OCF ₃	H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl

- 5 Compounds of formula I where A is CH, forming a piperidine ring; n is 1, forming single bonds from the methyl carbon (a) and its substituents; p, q, and r are 0; m and s are 1; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R, where B is O; E is $-(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y-$, where x is 1, and y is 0; R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; and R is pyrid-2-yl substituted with R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²⁰, and R²¹; where R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R¹⁷, R¹⁸, R²¹, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen:



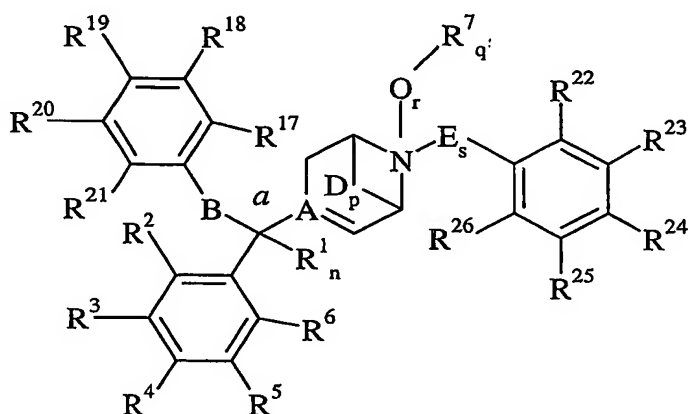
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Cmpd. No.	R ¹	R ⁴	R ¹⁹	R ²⁰	R ²⁴
406	H	CF ₃	OCF ₃	H	OCH(CH ₃) ₂
407	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
408	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
409	H	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
410	CH ₃	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	OC ₃ H ₇
411	CH ₃	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
412	CH ₃	CF ₃	H	F	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
413	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CF ₃	Cl	H	CO ₂ C ₂ H ₅

414	CH ₂ OCH ₃	CF ₃	F	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
415	phenylmethyl	CF ₃	Br	H	OC ₃ H ₇

Compounds of formula I where A is C, forming a 1,2,5,6-tetrahydropyridyl ring; n is 1, forming single bonds from the methyl carbon (a) and its substituents; p, q, and r are 0; m and s are 1; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R; E is $-(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y-$, where x is 1, and y is 0; R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; and R is phenyl substituted with R¹⁷, R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²⁰, and R²¹; where R¹, R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen:

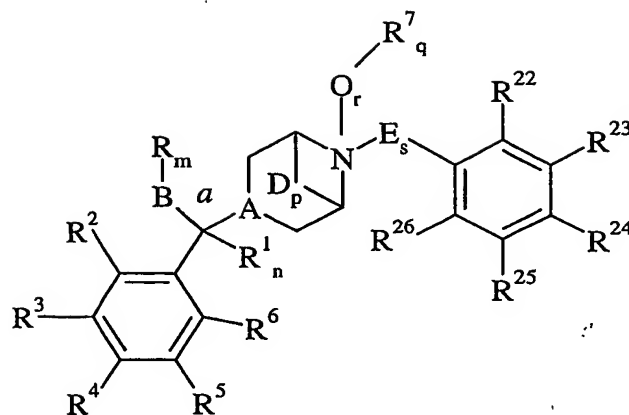


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Cmpd. No.	R ⁴	R ¹⁹	B	R ¹⁵	R ²⁴
416	CF ₃	CF ₃	O	--	pyrid-2-yloxy
417	CF ₃	CF ₃	S	--	CO ₂ C ₂ H ₅
418	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₂	--	OC ₃ H ₇
419	CF ₃	CF ₃	CH ₂ O	--	NHCO ₂ C ₂ H ₅
420	CF ₃	CF ₃	OCH ₂	--	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
421	CF ₃	CF ₃	OCH ₂ CH ₂ O	--	OC ₃ H ₇
422	Cl	Cl	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
423	CF ₃	Cl	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
424	OCF ₃	CF ₃	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
425	CF ₃	CF ₃	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
426	CF ₃	CF ₃	NR ¹⁵ SO ₂	H	pyrid-2-yloxy

Compounds of formula I where A is CH, forming a piperidine ring; n is 1, forming single bonds from the methyl carbon (a) and its substituents; p, q, and r are 0; m and s are 1; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R; E is $-(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y-$, where x is 1, and y is 0; and R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; where R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen:

108



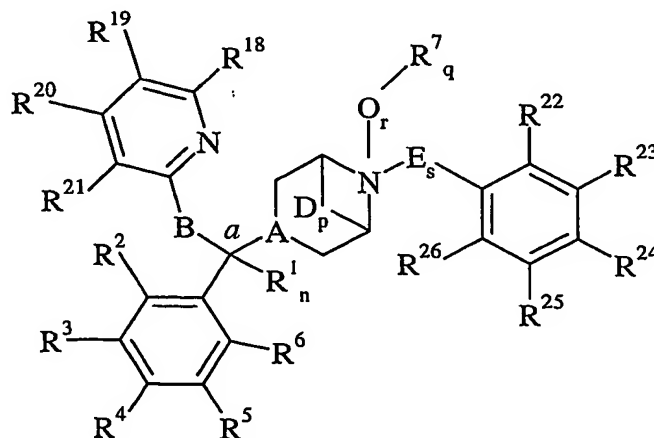
I

Cmpd. No.	R	R ⁴	B	R ¹⁵	R ²⁴
427	C ₃ H ₇	CF ₃	-OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ -	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
428	CH(CH ₃) ₂	Cl	-OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ -	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
429	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CF ₃	-OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ -	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
430	CH(CH ₃) ₂	OCF ₃	-OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ -	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
431	CH ₂ CH=CH ₂	CF ₃	-OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ -	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
432	cyclohexyl	CF ₃	-OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ -	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
433	C ₃ H ₇	OCF ₃	-NR ¹⁵ SO ₂ -	H	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl

5

Compounds of formula I where A is CH, forming a piperidine ring; n is 1, forming single bonds from the methyl carbon (a) and its substituents; p, q, and r are 0; m and s are 1; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R; where R is pyrid-2-yl substituted with R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²⁰, and R²¹; E is -(CR²⁷R²⁸)_x-(CR²⁹R³⁰)_y-, where x is 1, and y is 0; and R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; where R¹, R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R¹⁸, R²¹, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen:

10



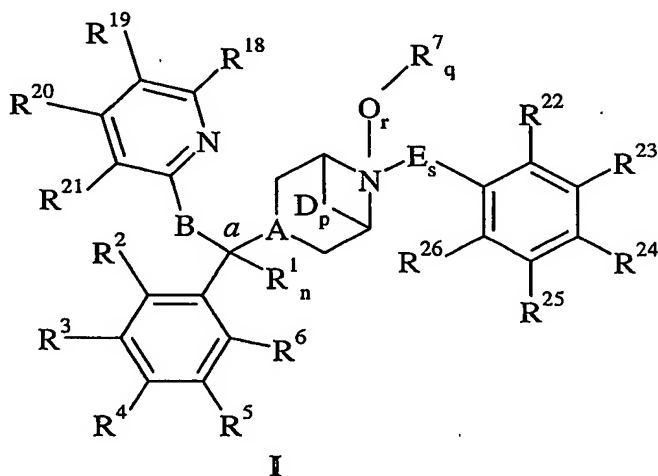
I

15

Cmpd. No.	B	R ⁴	R ¹⁹	R ²⁰	R ²⁴
434	O	OCF ₃	CF ₃	H	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
435	O	CF ₃	Cl	H	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
436	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ *	CF ₃	H	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
437	O	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
438	O	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy
439	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ *	CF ₃	Cl	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
440	O	CF ₃	CF ₃	H	6-chloropyridazin-3-yloxy
441	O	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	6-chloropyridazin-3-yloxy

* R¹⁵ is hydrogen.

- 5 Compounds of formula I where A is CH, forming a piperidine ring; n is 1, forming single bonds from the methyl carbon (a) and its substituents; p is 0; m and s are 1; q is 0 and r is 1, forming an N-oxide; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R; where R is pyrid-2-yl substituted with R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²⁰, and R²¹; E is $-(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y-$, where x is 1, and y is 0; and R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; where R¹, R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R¹⁸, R²⁰, R²¹, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen:

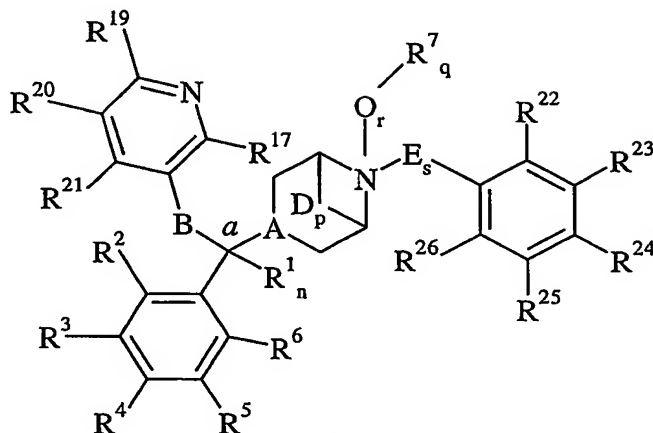


15

Cmpd. No.	B	R ⁴	R ¹⁹	R ²⁴
442	O	CF ₃	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy

- 20 Compounds of formula I where A is CH, forming a piperidine ring; n is 1, forming single bonds from the methyl carbon (a) and its substituents; p, q, and r are 0; m and s are 1; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R; where R is pyrid-3-yl substituted with R¹⁷, R¹⁹, R²⁰, and R²¹; E is $-(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y-$, where x is 1, and y is 0; and R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³,

R^{24} , R^{25} , and R^{26} ; where R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^5 , R^6 , R^{21} , R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{25} , R^{26} , R^{27} , and R^{28} are hydrogen:



5

I

Cmpd. No.	B	R^4	R^{17}	R^{19}	R^{20}	R^{24}
443	O	CF ₃	H	H	Cl	pyrid-2-yloxy
444	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ *	CF ₃	H	H	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
445	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H	Cl	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
446	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H	CN	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
447	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	Cl	H	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
448	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H	CF ₃	H	pyrid-2-yloxy

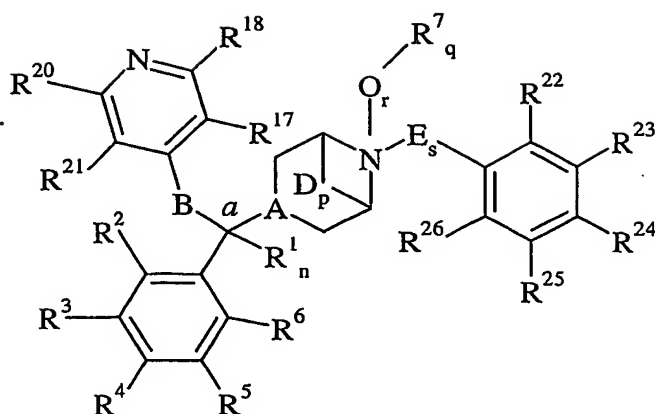
* R^{15} is hydrogen.

10

Compounds of formula I where A is CH, forming a piperidine ring; n is 1, forming single bonds from the methyl carbon (a) and its substituents; p, q, and r are 0; m and s are 1; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R; where R is pyrid-4-yl substituted with R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ; E is $-(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y-$, where x is 1, and y is 0; and R^8 is phenyl substituted with R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and R^{26} ; where R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^5 , R^6 , R^{17} , R^{21} , R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{25} , R^{26} , R^{27} , and R^{28} are hydrogen:

15

111

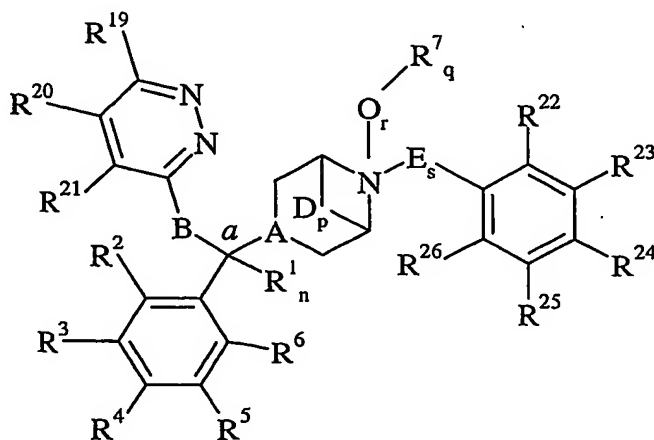


I

Cmpd. No.	B	R ⁴	R ¹⁸	R ²⁰	R ²⁴
449*	O	OCF ₃	H	H	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
450	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ **	CF ₃	H	H	pyrid-2-yloxy
451	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	Cl	Cl	pyrid-2-yloxy

- 5 *N-oxide of the pyrid-4-yl moiety.
 ** R¹⁵ is hydrogen.

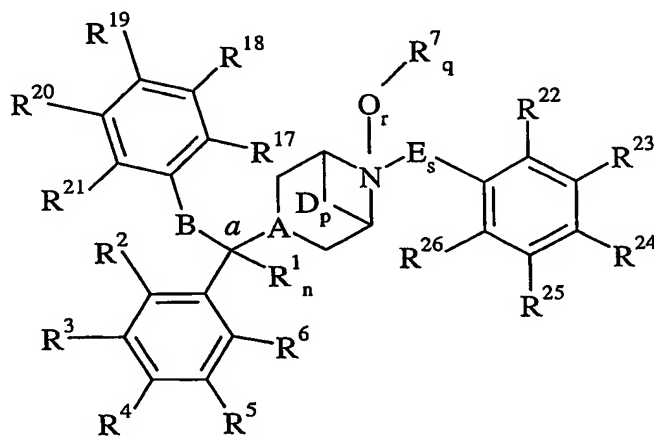
Compounds of formula I where A is CH, forming a piperidine ring; n is 1, forming single bonds from the methyl carbon (a) and its substituents; p, q, and r are 0; m and s are 1; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R; where R is pyridazin-3-yl substituted with R¹⁹, R²⁰, and R²¹; E is -(CR²⁷R²⁸)_x-(CR²⁹R³⁰)_y-, where x is 1, and y is 0; and R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; where R¹, R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R²⁰, R²¹, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen:



I

Cmpd. No.	B	R ⁴	R ¹⁹	R ²⁴
452	O	CF ₃	Cl	pyrid-2-yloxy
453	O	OCF ₃	Cl	2-methyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl

Compounds of formula I where A is CH, forming a piperidine ring; n is 1, forming single bonds from the methyl carbon (a) and its substituents; p, q, and r are 0; m and s are 1; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R; where R is phenyl substituted with R¹⁷, R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²⁰, and R²¹; E is -(CR²⁷R²⁸)_x-(CR²⁹R³⁰)_y-, where x is 1, and y is 0; and R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶, where R¹, R², R³, R⁶, R²¹, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen:



I

Cmpd. No.	B	R ¹⁵ /R ¹⁶	R ² /R ³	R ⁴ /R ⁵	R ¹⁷ /R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹ /R ²⁰	R ²⁴
454	O	---	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
455	O	---	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	pyrid-2-yloxy
456	O	---	H/H	OCF ₃ /H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
457	OCH ₂	---	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂ /H	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
458	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OCF ₃ /H	H/H	F/H	H
459	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OCF ₃ /H	H/H	F/H	Cl
460	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OCF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	Cl
461	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OCF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	F
462	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OCF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	I
463	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	OH
464	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	OH
465	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	NH ₂
466	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	NH ₂
467	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	C ₃ H ₁₁
468	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OCF ₃ /H	H/H	F/H	OCH ₃
469	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OCF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	OCH ₃
470	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	Cl/H	H/H	Cl/H	OC ₃ H ₇
471	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	Cl/H	H/H	F/H	OC ₃ H ₇
472	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	Cl/H	H/CF ₃	H/H	OC ₃ H ₇
473	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	Cl/H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	OC ₃ H ₇
474	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	Cl/H	H/F	H/F	OC ₃ H ₇
475	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	F/H	H/H	Cl/H	OC ₃ H ₇
476	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	F/H	H/H	F/H	OC ₃ H ₇
477	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	F/H	H/CF ₃	H/H	OC ₃ H ₇
478	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	F/H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	OC ₃ H ₇
479	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	F/H	H/F	H/F	OC ₃ H ₇
480	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/Cl	Cl/H	H/H	Cl/H	OC ₃ H ₇

Cmpd. No.	B	R ¹⁵ /R ¹⁶	R ² /R ³	R ⁴ /R ⁵	R ¹⁷ /R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹ /R ²⁰	R ²⁴
481	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/Cl	Cl/H	H/H	F/H	OC ₃ H ₇
482	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/Cl	Cl/H	H/F	H/F	OC ₃ H ₇
483	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/Cl	Cl/H	H/CF ₃	H/H	OC ₃ H ₇
484	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/Cl	Cl/H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	OC ₃ H ₇
485	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/CF ₃	H/H	H/H	Cl/H	OC ₃ H ₇
486	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/CF ₃	H/H	H/H	F/H	OC ₃ H ₇
487	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/CF ₃	H/H	H/F	H/F	OC ₃ H ₇
488	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/CF ₃	H/H	H/CF ₃	H/H	OC ₃ H ₇
489	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/CF ₃	H/H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	OC ₃ H ₇
490	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	OC ₃ H ₇
491	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	OC ₃ H ₇
492	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	OC ₃ H ₇
493	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	OC ₃ H ₇
494	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	OC ₃ H ₇
495	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	OC ₃ H ₇
496	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	OC ₃ H ₇
497	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	OC ₃ H ₇
498	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	OC ₃ H ₇
499	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	OC ₃ H ₇
500	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	Cl/H	H/H	Cl/H	CO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
501	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	Cl/H	H/F	H/H	CO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
502	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	Cl/H	H/F	H/F	NHC(=O)CH ₃
503	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	F/H	H/H	Cl/H	NHC(=O)CH ₃
504	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	F/H	H/F	H/H	NHC(=O)CH(CH ₃) ₂
505	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	F/H	H/F	H/F	NHC(=O)CH(CH ₃) ₂
506	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	Cl/H	Cl/H	H/H	Cl/H	NHCO ₂ CH ₃
507	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	Cl/H	Cl/H	H/F	H/F	NHCO ₂ CH ₃
508	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/Cl	H/Cl	H/H	Cl/H	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
509	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/Cl	H/Cl	H/F	H/H	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
510	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/Cl	H/Cl	H/F	H/F	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂

Cmpd. No.	B	R ¹⁵ /R ¹⁶	R ² /R ³	R ⁴ /R ⁵	R ¹⁷ /R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹ /R ²⁰	R ²⁴
511	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
512	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
513	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	OCF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
514	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	OCF ₃ /H	H/F	H/H	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
515	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	OCF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
516	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	N(pyrid-2-yl)(CO ₂ CH ₃)
517	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	NHC(=O)NHC ₂ H ₅
518	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	NHC(=S)NHC ₂ H ₅
519	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	NHC(=O)N(CH ₃) ₂
520	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	NHC(=O)NP(O)(OC ₂ H ₅) ₂
521	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	H/H	OC(=O)NHCH ₃
522	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	R ^{15*} /-	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	OC(=O)NHCH ₃
523	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	Cl/H	H/H	Cl/H	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
524	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	Cl/H	H/F	H/H	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
525	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	Cl/H	H/F	H/F	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
526	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	F/H	H/H	Cl/H	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
527	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	F/H	H/F	H/H	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
528	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	F/H	H/F	H/F	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
529	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	Cl/H	H/H	Cl/H	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
530	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	Cl/H	Cl/H	H/F	H/H	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
531	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	Cl/H	Cl/H	H/F	H/F	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
532	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/Cl	H/Cl	H/H	Cl/H	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
533	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/Cl	H/Cl	H/F	H/H	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
534	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/Cl	H/Cl	H/F	H/F	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
535	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/H	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
536	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CH ₃ /-	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	H/H	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
537	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	OCF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
538	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	OCF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
539	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	CH=NOC ₂ C≡CH
540	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	CH=NOC ₂ C≡CH

Cmpd. No.	B	R ¹⁵ /R ¹⁶	R ² /R ³	R ⁴ /R ⁵	R ¹⁷ /R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹ /R ²⁰	R ²⁴
541	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	SO ₂ N(C ₂ H ₅) ₂
542	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	SO ₂ N-cyclopentyl
543	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	Ph
544	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	Ph
545	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	OPh
546	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	OPh
547	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	O(2-F-Ph)
548	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	O(2,6-F ₂ -Ph)
549	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	OCH ₂ Ph
550	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	NHC(=O)(2-Cl-Ph)
551	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	NHC(=O)(2,6-Cl ₂ -Ph)
552	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	NHC(=O)(2,6-F ₂ -Ph)
553	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	NHC(=O)(2-OCH ₃ -Ph)
554	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	NHC(=O)(4-OCH ₃ -Ph)
555	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	F/H	pyrazol-1-yl
556	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	pyrazol-1-yl
557	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	F/H	1,2,4-triazol-1-yl
558	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	1,2,4-triazol-1-yl
559	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	F/H	1,2,3-thiadiazol-4-yl
560	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	1,2,3-thiadiazol-4-yl
561	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	3-Cl-1,2,5-thiadiazol-4-yloxy
562	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	3-Cl-1,2,5-thiadiazol-4-yloxy
563	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	1,3-oxazolin-2-ylamino
564	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	H/H	H/H	Cl/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
565	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	H/H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
566	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	H/H	H/CF ₃	H/F	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
567	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	Cl/H	H/H	H/H	Cl/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
568	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	Cl/H	H/H	H/Cl	Cl/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl

Cmpd. No.	B	R ¹⁵ /R ¹⁶	R ² /R ³	R ⁴ /R ⁵	R ¹⁷ /R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹ /R ²⁰	R ²⁴
569	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	Cl/H	H/H	H/F	F/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
570	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	Cl/H	H/H	H/F	H/F	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
571	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	Cl/H	H/H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
572	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/Cl	Cl/H	H/H	Cl/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
573	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/Cl	Cl/H	H/Cl	Cl/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
574	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/Cl	Cl/H	H/F	F/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
575	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/Cl	Cl/H	H/F	H/F	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
576	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/Cl	Cl/H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
577	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/Cl	H/Cl	H/H	Cl/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
578	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/Cl	H/Cl	H/Cl	Cl/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
579	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/Cl	H/Cl	H/F	F/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
580	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/Cl	H/Cl	H/F	H/F	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
581	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/Cl	H/Cl	H/H	CF ₃ /H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
582	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/F	H/H	H/H	Cl/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
583	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/F	H/H	H/Cl	Cl/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
584	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/F	H/H	H/F	F/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
585	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/F	H/H	H/F	H/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
586	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/F	H/H	H/CF ₃	H/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
587	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/F	H/H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
588	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/F	F/H	H/H	Cl/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
589	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/F	F/H	H/F	H/F	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
590	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/F	H/F	H/H	Cl/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
591	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/F	H/F	H/Cl	Cl/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
592	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/F	H/F	H/F	F/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
593	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/F	H/F	H/F	H/F	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
594	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/F	H/F	H/H	CF ₃ /H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
595	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	CH ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
596	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	CH ₃ /H	H/Cl	Cl/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
597	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	CH ₃ /H	H/F	F/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
598	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	CH ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl

Cmpd. No.	B	R ¹⁵ /R ¹⁶	R ² /R ³	R ⁴ /R ⁵	R ¹⁷ /R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹ /R ²⁰	R ²⁴
599	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CH ₃ /H	H/CF ₃	H/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
600	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CH ₃ /H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
601	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OCH ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
602	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OCH ₃ /H	H/Cl	Cl/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
603	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OCH ₃ /H	H/F	F/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
604	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OCH ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
605	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OCH ₃ /H	H/CF ₃	H/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
606	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OCH ₃ /H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
607	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OCH ₃ /H	H/H	Ph/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
608	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/OCH ₃	OCH ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
609	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/OCH ₃	OCH ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
610	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
611	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	Ph/H	H/H	Cl/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
612	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	Ph/H	H/Cl	Cl/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
613	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	Ph/H	H/F	F/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
614	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	Ph/H	H/F	H/F	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
615	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	Ph/H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
616	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OPh/H	H/H	Cl/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
617	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OPh/H	H/Cl	Cl/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
618	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OPh/H	H/F	F/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
619	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OPh/H	H/F	H/F	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
620	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OPh/H	H/CF ₃	H/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
621	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OPh/H	H/H	Ph/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
622	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OPh/H	H/H	OPh/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
623**	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/--	--/H	H/H	Cl/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
624**	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/--	--/H	H/Cl	Cl/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
625**	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/--	--/H	H/F	F/H	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
626**	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/--	--/H	H/F	H/F	2-ethyl-2H-tetrazol-5-yl
627	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	pyrid-2-yl

Cmpd. No.	B	R ¹⁵ /R ¹⁶	R ² /R ³	R ⁴ /R ⁵	R ¹⁷ /R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹ /R ²⁰	R ²⁴
628	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	pyrid-2-yl
629	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	Cl/H	H/H	Cl/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
630	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	Cl/H	H/H	F/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
631	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	Cl/H	H/F	H/F	pyrid-2-yloxy
632	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	Cl/H	H/CH ₃	H/CH ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy
633	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	Cl/H	H/OCH ₃	H/OCH ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy
634	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	Cl/H	H/CF ₃	H/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
635	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	Cl/H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	pyrid-2-yloxy
636	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CH ₃ /-	H/H	Cl/H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	pyrid-2-yloxy
637	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	C ₂ H ₅ /-	H/H	Cl/H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	pyrid-2-yloxy
638	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	Cl/H	H/CO ₂ CH ₃	H/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
639	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	F/H	H/H	Cl/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
640	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	F/H	H/H	F/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
641	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	F/H	H/F	H/F	pyrid-2-yloxy
642	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	F/H	H/CF ₃	H/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
643	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	F/H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	pyrid-2-yloxy
644	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ SO ₂	H/-	H/H	F/H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	pyrid-2-yloxy
645	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/Cl	Cl/H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	pyrid-2-yloxy
646	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/Cl	Cl/H	H/H	Cl/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
647	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/Cl	Cl/H	H/H	F/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
648	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/Cl	Cl/H	H/F	H/F	pyrid-2-yloxy
649	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/Cl	Cl/H	H/OCH ₃	H/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
650	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/Cl	Cl/H	H/OCH ₃	H/OCH ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy
651	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/Cl	Cl/H	H/CF ₃	H/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
652	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/Cl	Cl/H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	pyrid-2-yloxy
653	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/CF ₃	H/H	H/H	Cl/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
654	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/CF ₃	H/H	H/H	F/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
655	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/CF ₃	H/H	H/F	H/F	pyrid-2-yloxy
656	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/CF ₃	H/H	H/CF ₃	H/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
657	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/-	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	pyrid-2-yloxy

Cmpd. No.	B	R ¹⁵ /R ¹⁶	R ² /R ³	R ⁴ /R ⁵	R ¹⁷ /R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹ /R ²⁰	R ²⁴
658	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CH ₃ /--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	H/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
659	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ CHR ¹⁶	H/H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	H/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
660	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ CHR ¹⁶	H/CH ₃	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	H/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
661	OC(=O)O	--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	H/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
662	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	Cl/H	H/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
663	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ CHR ¹⁶	H/H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	Cl/H	H/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
664	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/Cl	H/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
665	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
666 ¹	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
667	OC(=S)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
668	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ SO ₂	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
669	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	pyrid-2-yloxy, N-oxide
670	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	3-cyanopyrid-2-yloxy
671	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	5-cyanopyrid-2-yloxy
672	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/Br	H/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
673	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	Br/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
674	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	H/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
675	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	F/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
676	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ CHR ¹⁶	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	F/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
677	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	I/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
678	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ CHR ¹⁶	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	Cl/H	Cl/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
679	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	F/H	F/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
680	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	pyrid-2-yloxy
681	OC(=S)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	pyrid-2-yloxy
682	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	pyrid-2-yloxy, N-oxide
683	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	3-Cl-pyrid-2-yloxy
684	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	5-Cl-pyrid-2-yloxy
685	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	6-Cl-pyrid-2-yloxy
686	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	3,5-Cl ₂ -pyrid-2-yloxy
687	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	3-cyanopyrid-2-yloxy

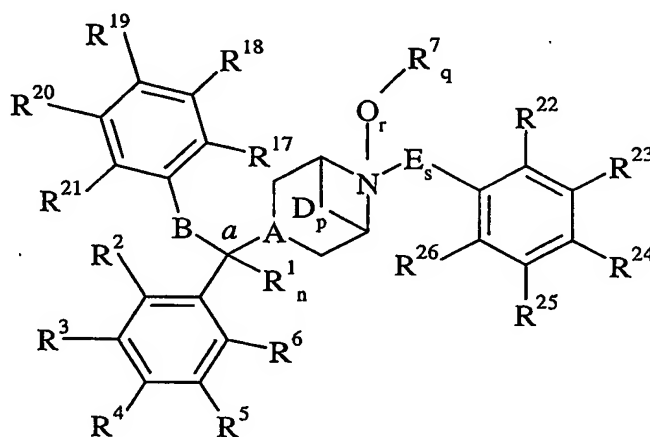
Cmpd. No.	B	R ¹⁵ /R ¹⁶	R ² /R ³	R ⁴ /R ⁵	R ¹⁷ /R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹ /R ²⁰	R ²⁴
688	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	5-cyanopyrid-2-yloxy
689	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	3-CF ₃ -pyrid-2-yloxy
690	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	4-CF ₃ -pyrid-2-yloxy
691	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	5-CF ₃ -pyrid-2-yloxy
692	OC(=S)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/CF ₃	H/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
693	OC(=S)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	pyrid-2-yloxy
694	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ CHR ¹⁶	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/CH ₃	H/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
695	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ CHR ¹⁶	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	CH ₃ /H	pyrid-2-yloxy
696	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ SO ₂	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	CH ₃ /H	pyrid-2-yloxy
697	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	F/F	pyrid-2-yloxy
698	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ CHR ¹⁶	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	OCH ₃ /H	pyrid-2-yloxy
699	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/Cl	OCH ₃ /H	pyrid-2-yloxy
700	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	OCH ₃ /H	pyrid-2-yloxy
701	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	OCHF ₂ /H	pyrid-2-yloxy
702	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	SCH ₃ /H	pyrid-2-yloxy
703	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	SCF ₃ /H	pyrid-2-yloxy
704	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	CN/H	pyrid-2-yloxy
705	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	C(=O)CH ₃ /H	pyrid-2-yloxy
706	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OCF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	pyrid-2-yloxy, N-oxide
707	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OCF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	3-cyanopyrid-2-yloxy
708	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OCF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	5-cyanopyrid-2-yloxy
709	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OCF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	pyrid-2-yloxy, N-oxide
710	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OCF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	3-cyanopyrid-2-yloxy
711	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OCF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	5-cyanopyrid-2-loxy
712	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	Cl/H	H/H	Cl/H	pyrimid-2-yloxy
713	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	Cl/H	H/F	H/H	pyrimid-2-yloxy
714	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	Cl/H	H/F	H/F	pyrimid-2-yloxy
715	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	F/H	H/H	Cl/H	pyrimid-2-yloxy
716	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	F/H	H/F	H/H	pyrimid-2-yloxy
717	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	F/H	H/F	H/F	pyrimid-2-yloxy

Cmpd. No.	B	R ¹⁵ /R ¹⁶	R ² /R ³	R ⁴ /R ⁵	R ¹⁷ /R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹ /R ²⁰	R ²⁴
718	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	Cl/H	Cl/H	H/H	Cl/H	pyrimid-2-yloxy
719	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	Cl/H	Cl/H	H/F	H/H	pyrimid-2-yloxy
720	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	Cl/H	Cl/H	H/F	H/F	pyrimid-2-yloxy
721	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/Cl	Cl/H	H/H	Cl/H	pyrimid-2-yloxy
722	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/Cl	Cl/H	H/H	F/H	pyrimid-2-yloxy
723	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/Cl	Cl/H	H/F	H/F	pyrimid-2-yloxy
724	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/Cl	Cl/H	H/CF ₃	H/H	pyrimid-2-yloxy
725	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/Cl	Cl/H	H/H	CF ₃ /H	pyrimid-2-yloxy
726	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/Cl	H/Cl	H/H	Cl/H	pyrimid-2-yloxy
727	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/Cl	H/Cl	H/F	H/H	pyrimid-2-yloxy
728	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/Cl	H/Cl	H/F	H/F	pyrimid-2-yloxy
729	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	pyrimid-2-yloxy
730	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	F/H	F/H	pyrimid-2-yloxy
731	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	pyrimid-2-yloxy
732	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	F/H	pyrimid-2-yloxy
733	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OCF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	pyrimid-2-yloxy
734	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OCF ₃ /H	H/F	H/H	pyrimid-2-yloxy
735	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	OCF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	pyrimid-2-yloxy
736	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	pyridazin-3-yloxy
737	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/H	Cl/H	6-chloropyridazin-3-yloxy
738	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	6-chloropyridazin-3-yloxy
739	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	1,3,5-triazin-2-yloxy
740	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H/--	H/H	CF ₃ /H	H/F	H/F	4,6-di-OCH ₃ -1,3,5-triazin-2-yloxy

* R¹⁵ in Compound 705 is -C(=O)NHCH₃

**Cmpd 623, 624, 625 and 626: R³ and R⁴ are taken together with -CH=CHCH=CH- to form a benzo-fused ring.

- 5 Compounds of formula I where A is CH, forming a piperidine ring; n is 1, forming single bonds from the methyl carbon (a) and its substituents; p is 0; and; m and s are 1; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R; where R is phenyl substituted with R¹⁷, R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²⁰, and R²¹; q is 0 and r is 1, forming an N-oxide; E is -(CR²⁷R²⁸)_x-(CR²⁹R³⁰)_y, where x is 1, and y is 0; and R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; where R¹, R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R²¹, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen:



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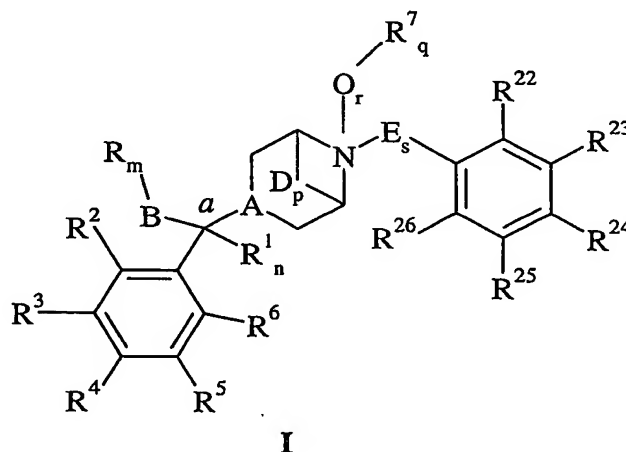
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Cmpd. No.	B	R ⁴	R ¹⁷ / R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹ / R ²⁰	R ²⁴
741	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ *	CF ₃	H / F	H / F	OC ₃ H ₇
742	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / F	H / H	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
743	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / F	H / F	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
744	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / F	H / F	CH=NOCH ₂ C≡CH
745	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / H	Cl / H	CO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
746	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / F	H / F	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
747	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / H	Cl / H	Ph
748	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / F	H / F	Ph
749	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / F	H / F	OPh
750	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / F	H / F	O(2-F-Ph)
751	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / F	H / F	O(2,6-F ₂ -Ph)
752	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	F	H / F	H / F	pyrid-2-yloxy
753	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	F / H	F / H	pyrid-2-yloxy
754	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / F	F / H	pyrid-2-yloxy
755	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / F	H / F	3-chloropyrid-2-yloxy
756	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / F	H / F	5-chloropyrid-2-yloxy
757	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / F	H / F	6-chloropyrid-2-yloxy
758	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / F	H / F	3,5-di-Cl ₂ -pyrid-2-yloxy
759	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / F	H / F	3-CF ₃ -pyrid-2-yloxy
760	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / F	H / F	4-CF ₃ -pyrid-2-yloxy
761	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / F	H / F	N-(methoxycarbonyl)-pyrid-2-ylamino

Cmpd. No.	B	R ⁴	R ¹⁷ / R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹ / R ²⁰	R ²⁴
762	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / H	Cl / H	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
763	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	F / H	F / H	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
764	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / F	F / H	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
765	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / F	H / F	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
766	O	OCF ₃	H / H	CF ₃ / H	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
767	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / H	Cl / H	6-chloropyridazin-3-yloxy
768	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / F	H / F	6-chloropyridazin-3-yloxy

*R¹⁵ is hydrogen in Cmpds 741-765, 767, 768.

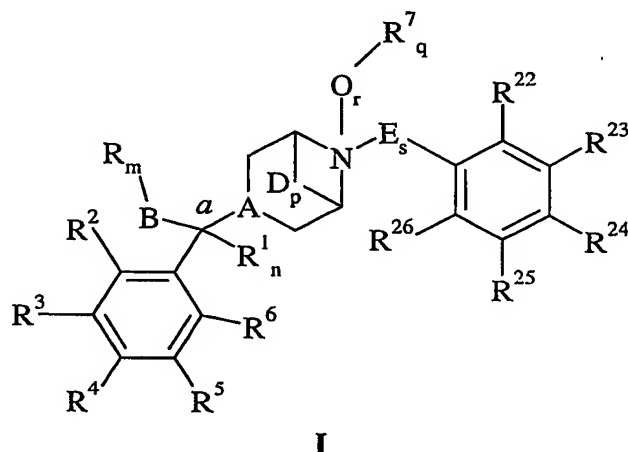
- 5 Compounds of formula I where A is CH, forming a piperidine ring; n is 1, forming single bonds from the methyl carbon (a) and its substituents; p, q, and r are 0; m and s are 1; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R; E is -(CR²⁷R²⁸)_x-(CR²⁹R³⁰)_y, where x is 1, and y is 0; and R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; where R¹, R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen:



Cmpd. No.	B	R ¹⁵	R ¹⁶	R	R ⁴	R ²⁴
769	O	----	----	CH ₂ CH=CH	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy
770	OC(=O)O	----	----	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy
771	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H	----	CH ₃	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy
772	OC(=S)NR ¹⁵	H	----	CH ₃	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy
773	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CH ₃	----	CH ₃	CF ₃	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
774	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H	----	C ₂ H ₅	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy
775	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H	----	C ₃ H ₇	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy
776	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H	----	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy
777	OC(=S)NR ¹⁵	H	----	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy
778	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CH ₃	----	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy
779	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H	----	C(CH ₃) ₃	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy
780	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H	----	CH ₂ CH=CH	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy
781	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H	----	cyclopentyl	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy
782	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H	----	cyclohexyl	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy

Cmpd. No.	B	R ¹⁵	R ¹⁶	R	R ⁴	R ²⁴
783	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ CHR ¹⁶	H	H	CO ₂ C ₂ H ₅	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy
784	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ CHR ¹⁶	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CO ₂ CH ₃	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy

- 5 Compounds of formula I where A is CH, forming a piperidine ring; n is 1, forming single bonds from the methyl carbon (*a*) and its substituents; p is 0; m and s are 1; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R; q is 0 and r is 1, forming an N-oxide; E is $-(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y-$, where x is 1, and y is 0; and R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; where R¹, R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen:

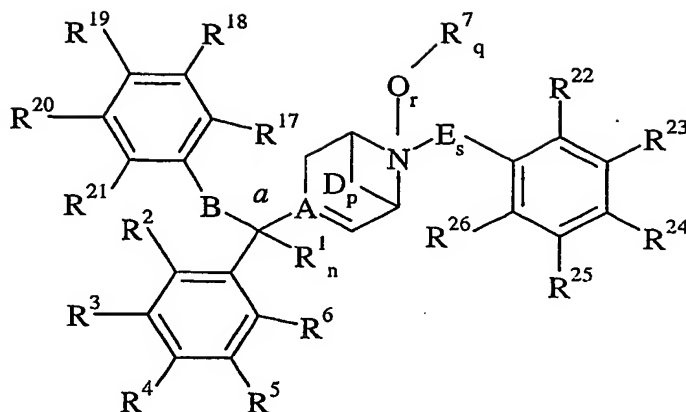


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Cmpd. No.	B	R ¹⁵	R	R ⁴	R ²⁴
785	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H	CH(CH ₃) ₂	CF ₃	pyrid-2-yloxy

- 15 Compounds of formula I where A is C, forming a 1,2,5,6-tetrahydropyridyl ring; n is 1, forming single bonds from the methyl carbon (*a*) and its substituents; p, q, and r are 0; m and s are 1; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R; E is $-(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y-$, where x is 1, and y is 0; R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; and R is phenyl substituted with R¹⁷, R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²⁰, and R²¹; where R¹, R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R²¹, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen:
- 20

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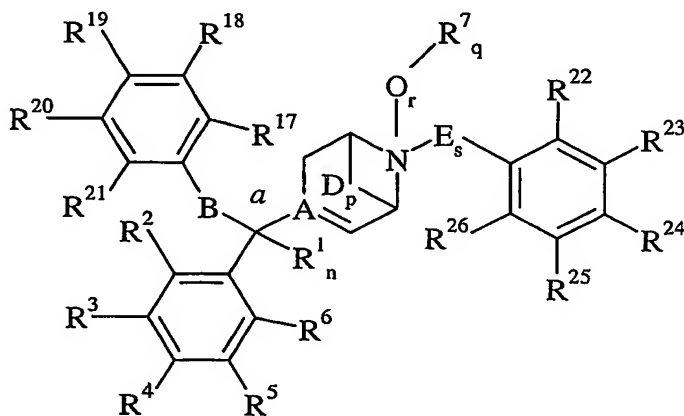


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Cmpd. No.	B	R ⁴	R ¹⁷ /R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹ /R ²⁰	R ²⁴
786	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ *	CF ₃	H / F	H / F	pyrimidin-2-yloxy

5 * R¹⁵ is hydrogen.

10 Compounds of formula I where A is C, forming a 1,2,5,6-tetrahydropyridyl ring; n is 1, forming single bonds from the methyl carbon (a) and its substituents; p is 0; m and s are 1; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R; q is 0 and r is 1, forming an N-oxide; E is $-(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y-$, where x is 1, and y is 0; R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; and R is phenyl substituted with R¹⁷, R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²⁰, and R²¹; where R¹, R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R²¹, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen:



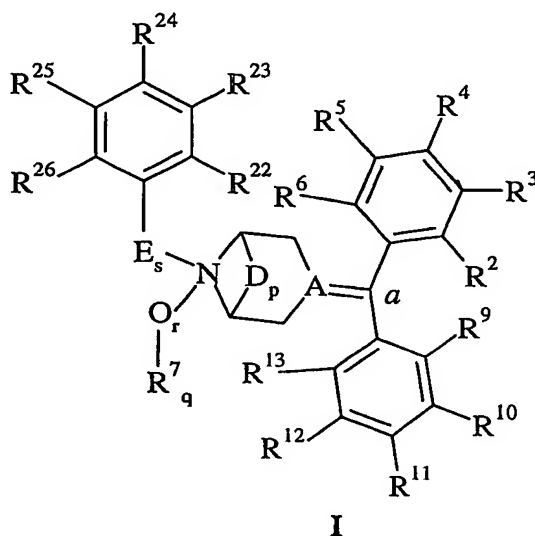
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15

Cmpd. No.	B	R ⁴	R ¹⁷ /R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹ /R ²⁰	R ²⁴
787	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵ *	CF ₃	H / F	H / F	pyrimidin-2-yloxy

* R¹⁵ is hydrogen.

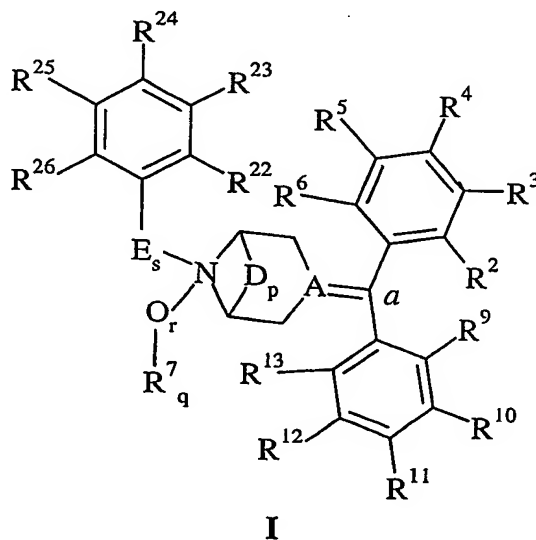
- Compounds of formula I where A is C, forming a piperidine ring; m, p, q, and r are 0; s is 1; n is 0, forming a double bond between the methyl carbon (α) and the 4-position of the piperidine ring; E is $-(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y$, where x is 1, and y is 0; R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; B is phenyl substituted with R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹, R¹², and R¹³; where R², R⁵, R⁶, R⁹, R¹², R¹³, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷ and R²⁸ are hydrogen;



Cmpd. No.	R ² / R ³ / R ⁴ / R ⁵	R ¹⁰ / R ¹¹	R ²⁴
788	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	OC(=O)CH ₃
789	H / H / Cl / H	H / Cl	OC(=O)NHCH ₃
790	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	OC(=O)NHCH ₃
791	H / H / OCF ₃ / H	H / OCF ₃	OC(=O)NHCH ₃
792	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	OC(=O)NHCH(CH ₃) ₂
793	H / H / H / H	H / H	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
794	H / H / F / H	H / F	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
795	H / Cl / Cl / H	Cl / Cl	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
796	H / F / Cl / H	F / Cl	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
797	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	NHCO ₂ CH ₂ C=CH ₂
798	H / H / Cl / H	H / Cl	NHCO ₂ CH ₂ C=CHCH ₃
799	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	NHCO ₂ CH ₂ C=CHCH ₃
800	H / H / Cl / H	H / Cl	NHCO ₂ CH ₂ C(CH ₃)=CH ₂
801	H / H / Cl / H	H / Cl	NHCO ₂ CH ₂ C≡CH
802	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	NHCO ₂ CH ₂ C≡CH
803	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	OSO ₂ CH ₃
804	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	OSO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
805	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	NHSO ₂ CH ₃
806	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	O(2-F-Ph)
807	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	pyrid-2-yl

Cmpd. No.	R ² / R ³ / R ⁴ / R ⁵	R ¹⁰ / R ¹¹	R ²⁴
808	H / H / H / H	H / H	pyrid-2-yloxy
809	H / H / Cl / H	H / Cl	pyrid-2-yloxy
810	H / H / F / H	H / F	pyrid-2-yloxy
811	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	pyrid-2-ylamino
812	H / H / Cl / H	H / Cl	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
813	H / Cl / Cl / H	Cl / Cl	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
814	Cl / H / H / H	H / CF ₃	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
815	H / Cl / H / H	H / CF ₃	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
816	H / H / Cl / H	H / CF ₃	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
817	H / F / H / H	H / CF ₃	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
818	H / Cl / Cl / H	H / CF ₃	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
819	H / Cl / H / Cl	H / CF ₃	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
820	H / F / H / F	H / CF ₃	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
821	H / F / Cl / H	H / CF ₃	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
822	H / CF ₃ / H / H	H / CF ₃	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
823	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	3,4,5,6-tetrahydropyrimidin-2-yloxy
824	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
825	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	pyrazin-2-yloxy
826	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	6-chloropyridazin-3-yloxy

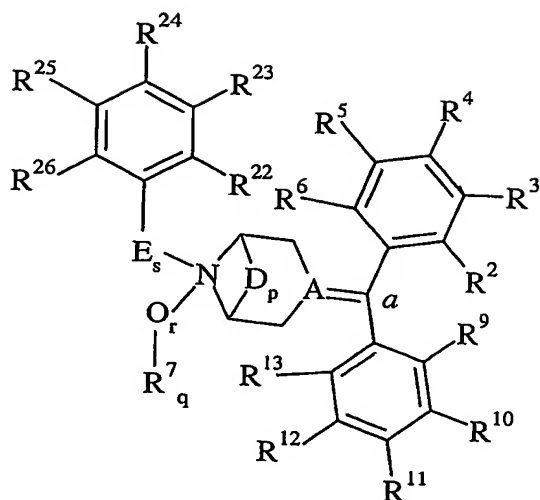
Compounds of formula **I** where A is C, forming a piperidine ring; s is 1; n is 0, forming a double bond between the methyl carbon (a) and the 4-position of the piperidine ring; m and p are 0; q is 0 and r is 1, forming an N-oxide; E is - (CR²⁷R²⁸)_x-(CR²⁹R³⁰)_y, where x is 1, and y is 0; R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; B is phenyl substituted with R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹, R¹², and R¹³; where R⁶, R⁹, R¹², R¹³, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷ and R²⁸ are hydrogen;



Cmpd. No.	R ² / R ³ / R ⁴ / R ⁵	R ¹⁰ / R ¹¹	R ²⁴
827	H / H / Cl / H	H / Cl	OC(=O)NHCH ₃
828	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	OC(=O)NHCH ₃
829	H / H / OCF ₃ / H	H / OCF ₃	OC(=O)NHCH ₃
830	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	OC(=O)NHCH(CH ₃) ₂
831	H / H / Cl / H	H / Cl	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
832	H / H / F / H	H / F	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
833	H / Cl / Cl / H	Cl / Cl	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
834	H / F / Cl / H	F / Cl	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
835	H / H / OCH ₃ / H	H / OCH ₃	NHCO ₂ CH(CH ₃) ₂
836	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	NHCO ₂ CH ₂ CH=CH ₂
837	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	NHCO ₂ CH ₂ CH=CHCH ₃
838	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	NHCO ₂ CH ₂ C≡CH
839	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	O(2-F-Ph)
840	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	pyrid-2-yl
841	H / H / Cl / H	H / Cl	pyrid-2-yloxy
842	H / H / F / H	H / F	pyrid-2-yloxy
843	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	pyrid-2-ylamino
844	H / H / Cl / H	H / Cl	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
845	Cl / H / H / H	H / CF ₃	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
846	H / Cl / H / H	H / CF ₃	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
847	H / H / Cl / H	H / CF ₃	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
848	H / F / H / H	H / CF ₃	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
849	H / Cl / Cl / H	Cl / Cl	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
850	H / Cl / Cl / H	H / CF ₃	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
851	H / Cl / H / Cl	H / CF ₃	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
852	H / F / Cl / H	H / CF ₃	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
853	H / CF ₃ / H / H	H / CF ₃	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
854	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
855	H / H / CF ₃ / H	H / CF ₃	6-chloropyridazin-3-yloxy

5 Compounds of formula I where A is C, forming a piperidine ring; s is 1; n is 0, forming a double bond between the methyl carbon (a) and the 4-position of the piperidine ring; m and p are 0; q is 0 and r is 1, forming an N-oxide; E is - (CR²⁷R²⁸)_x-(CR²⁹R³⁰)_y-, where x is 1, and y is 0; R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; B is phenyl substituted with R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹, R¹², and R¹³; where R⁶, R⁹, R¹¹, R¹³, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷ and R²⁸ are hydrogen;

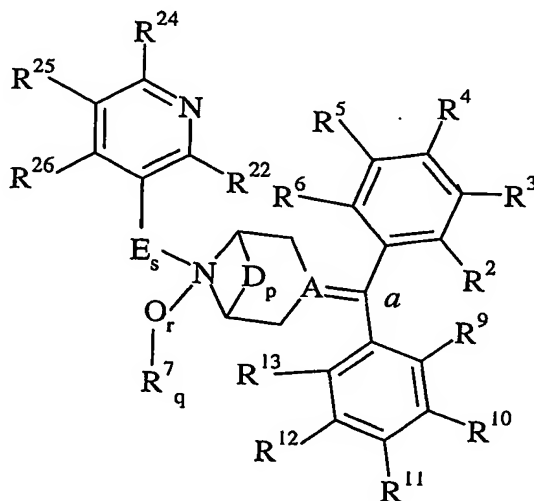
10



I

Cmpd. No.	R ³ / R ⁴	R ⁹	R ¹⁰	R ¹²	R ²⁴
856	H / CF ₃	H	Cl	Cl	pyrimidin-2-yloxy
857	H / CF ₃	Cl	H	H	pyrimidin-2-yloxy

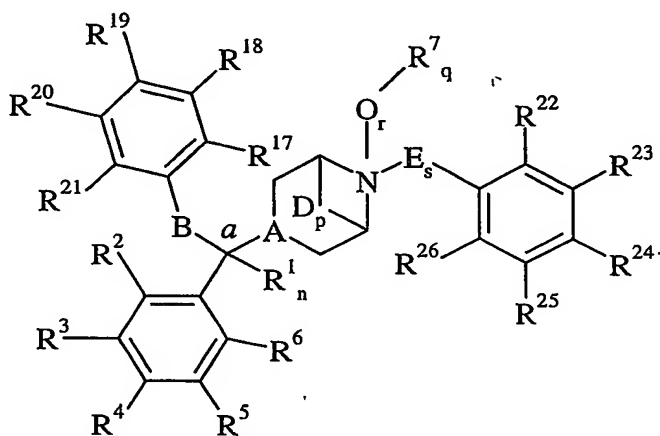
- 5 Compounds of formula I where A is C, forming a piperidine ring; m, p, q, and r are 0; s is 1; n is 0, forming a double bond between the methyl carbon (a) and the 4-position of the piperidine ring; R⁸ is pyrid-3-yl substituted with R²², R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; E is $-(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y$, where x is 1, and y is 0; B is phenyl substituted with R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹, R¹², and R¹³; where R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹², R¹³, R²², R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen;



I

Cmpd. No.	R ⁴	R ¹¹	R ²⁴
858	CF ₃	CF ₃	phenoxy
859	CF ₃	CF ₃	pyrimidin-2-ylamino

- Compounds of formula I where A is CH, forming a piperidine ring; n is 1, forming single bonds from the methyl carbon (*a*) and its substituents; p is 0; q, and r are 1, forming an N-substituted oxy derivative; m and s are 1; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R; where R is phenyl substituted with R¹⁷, R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²⁰, and R²¹; E is -(CR²⁷R²⁸)_x-(CR²⁹R³⁰)_y, where x is 1, and y is 0; and R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; where R¹, R², R³, R⁶, R²¹, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen:

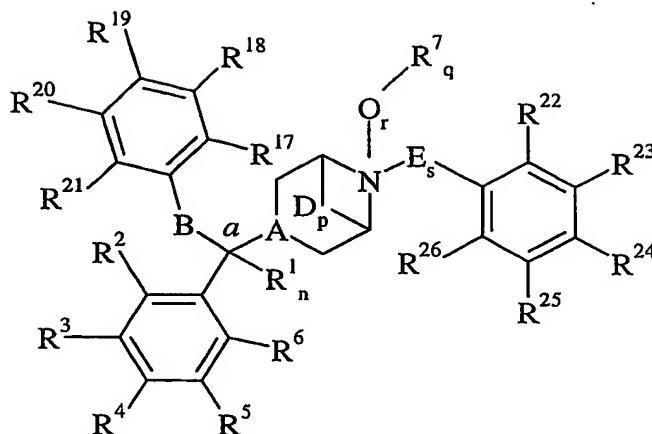


I

Cmpd. No.	B	R ¹⁵	R ⁴	R ⁷	R ¹⁹	R ²⁴
860 ⁹	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	H	CF ₃	C ₂ H ₅	Cl	pyrid-2-yloxy

- Compounds of formula I where A is CH, forming a piperidine ring; n is 1, forming single bonds from the methyl carbon (*a*) and its substituents; p is 0; and; m and s are 1; B is a bridging group from the methyl carbon to R; where R is phenyl substituted with R¹⁷, R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²⁰, and R²¹; q is 0 and r is 1, forming an N-oxide; E is -(CR²⁷R²⁸)_x-(CR²⁹R³⁰)_y, where x is 1, and y is 0; and R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶; where R¹, R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R²¹, R²², R²³, R²⁵, R²⁶, R²⁷, and R²⁸ are hydrogen:

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I

Cmpd. No.	B	R ⁴	R ¹⁷ / R ¹⁸	R ¹⁹ / R ²⁰	R ²⁴
861	OC(=O)NR ^{15*}	CF ₃	H / F	H / F	6-chloropyrid-3-yloxy
862	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	CF ₃	H / H	Cl / H	CH=NOC ₂ H ₅
863	OC(=O)NR ¹⁵	Cl	H / H	OCF ₃ / H	pyrid-2-yloxy

5 *R¹⁵ in Cmpds 861-863 is hydrogen.

¹chloride salt, ²trifluoroacetate salt, ³succinate salt, ⁴tartarate salt, ⁵bromide salt, ⁶oxalate salt, ⁷chloride salt, monohydrate, ⁸ethanesulfonate salt, ⁹ethyl sulfate salt

10

The following table sets forth physical characterizing data for compounds of formula I of the present invention:

15

Table 2
Physical Characteristics

Cmpd No.	Emperical Formula	Physical State / Melting Point (°C)
1	C ₁₈ H ₁₉ N	--
2	C ₁₈ H ₁₉ N.HCl	--
3	C ₁₈ H ₁₉ N.HBr	Solid, 200
4	C ₁₈ H ₁₈ ClN.HCl	--
5	C ₁₈ H ₁₈ ClN.HCl	--
6	C ₁₈ H ₁₈ ClN.HCl	--
7	C ₁₈ H ₁₇ F ₂ N.C ₂ H ₂ O ₄ .H ₂ O	--
8	C ₂₀ H ₁₇ F ₃ N ₆	Solid, 93-95
9	C ₂₀ H ₁₇ F ₆ NO ₂	Oil
10	C ₂₂ H ₂₇ N	Oil
11	C ₁₉ H ₂₀ ClN.HCl	--
12	C ₂₁ H ₁₉ F ₆ NO ₂	Oil
13	C ₃₁ H ₃₃ FN ₂	Oil

Cmpd No.	Emperical Formula	Physical State / Melting Point (°C)
14	$C_{28}H_{28}N_2$	Flakes, 105-107
15	$C_{28}H_{25}F_2N_3OS$	Solid, 228-230
16	$C_{27}H_{26}FN_3OS$	Solid, 153-155
17	$C_{27}H_{25}F_2N_3OS$	Solid, 134-137
18	$C_{28}H_{32}F_6N_2.HCl$	--
19	$C_{30}H_{34}N_2.HCl.H_2O$	--
20	$C_{22}H_{28}N_2$	Liquid
21	$C_{30}H_{30}N_2O_2$	Solid, 105-107
22	$C_{25}H_{30}N_2O_2$	--
23	$C_{25}H_{31}N_2O_2S_2$	Solid, 136-137
24	$C_{18}H_{18}ClN.HCl$	--
25	$C_{30}H_{33}N_3O$	Solid, 159-160
26	$C_{31}H_{35}N_3O$	Solid, 134-135
27	$C_{22}H_{22}N_2S$	--
28	$C_{25}H_{23}ClFN$	Oil
29	$C_{25}H_{23}F_2N$	Oil
30	$C_{26}H_{24}F_3N$	Oil
31	$C_{26}H_{23}F_4N$	Oil
32	$C_{26}H_{24}F_3NO$	Oil
33	$C_{27}H_{22}BrF_6N$	Solid
34	$C_{26}H_{23}F_4N$	Viscous oil
35	$C_{26}H_{23}F_4NO$	Oil
36	$C_{25}H_{22}ClF_2N$	Viscous oil
37	$C_{25}H_{22}F_3N$	Viscous oil
38	$C_{26}H_{22}F_5N$	Viscous oil
39	$C_{26}H_{26}ClNO$	Viscous oil
40	$C_{26}H_{26}FNO$	Solid, 87-89
41	$C_{27}H_{26}F_3NO$	Viscous oil
42	$C_{28}H_{25}F_6NO_3$	Oil
43	$C_{30}H_{35}NO$	Solid, 86-89
44	$C_{28}H_{31}NO_3$	Solid, 114-115
45	$C_{30}H_{29}F_6NO$	Solid
46	$C_{29}H_{27}F_6NO$	Solid
47	$C_{30}H_{29}F_6NO_3$	Solid
48	$C_{30}H_{29}F_6NO_3$	Oil
49	$C_{31}H_{31}F_6NO_4$	Oil
50	$C_{30}H_{27}F_6NO_2$	Sticky solid
51	$C_{31}H_{29}F_6NO_2$	Sticky solid
52	$C_{29}H_{26}F_6N_2O$	Solid
53	$C_{29}H_{23}F_9N_2O$	Solid
54	$C_{29}H_{26}F_6N_2O_2$	Solid
55	$C_{30}H_{28}F_6N_2O_2$	Solid
56	$C_{31}H_{30}F_6N_2O_2$	Sticky solid
57	$C_{31}H_{30}F_6N_2O_2$	Solid
58	$C_{31}H_{30}F_6N_2O_2$	Solid, 60-65
59	$C_{32}H_{32}F_6N_2O_2$	Solid
60	$C_{30}H_{28}F_6N_2O$	Solid
61	$C_{31}H_{26}F_6N_2OS$	Sticky solid
62	$C_{32}H_{26}F_6N_2O$	Solid
63	$C_{32}H_{25}ClF_6N_2O$	Solid
64	$C_{32}H_{25}ClF_6N_2O_3$	Solid
65	$C_{32}H_{25}ClF_6N_2O$	Solid
66	$C_{32}H_{25}ClF_6N_2O$	Solid
67	$C_{33}H_{25}F_9N_2O$	Solid
68	$C_{33}H_{25}F_9N_2O_3$	Solid

Cmpd No.	Emperical Formula	Physical State / Melting Point (°C)
69	C ₃₃ H ₂₅ F ₉ N ₂ O	Solid
70	C ₃₃ H ₂₅ F ₆ N ₃ O	Solid
71	C ₃₃ H ₂₅ F ₆ N ₃ O	Solid
72	C ₃₂ H ₂₅ F ₆ N ₃ O ₃	Solid
73	C ₃₄ H ₂₉ F ₆ N ₃ O ₃	Solid
74	C ₂₈ H ₂₅ ClF ₃ N ₅	Oil
75	C ₂₉ H ₂₅ F ₆ N ₅	Solid, 58-63
76	C ₂₈ H ₂₈ ClN ₅	Solid
77	C ₂₈ H ₂₇ Cl ₂ N ₅	Oil
78	C ₂₈ H ₂₇ F ₂ N ₅	Oil
79	C ₂₈ H ₂₇ ClFN ₅	Solid
80	C ₂₉ H ₂₈ F ₃ N ₅	Oil
81	C ₂₉ H ₂₇ F ₄ N ₅	Oil
82	C ₃₀ H ₂₇ F ₆ N ₅	Solid, 104-106
83	C ₃₀ H ₂₅ F ₄ N ₅ O ₄	Solid
84	C ₂₆ H ₂₅ ClN ₂ S	--
85	C ₂₇ H ₂₈ NO	--
86	C ₂₇ H ₂₂ BrF ₆ NO	Solid
87	C ₂₇ H ₂₁ BrF ₇ NO	Solid
88	C ₂₅ H ₂₂ ClF ₂ NO	Solid, 90-96
89	C ₂₅ H ₂₂ F ₃ NO ₂	Solid, 159-160
90	C ₂₆ H ₂₂ F ₅ NO	Solid, 162-167
91	C ₂₆ H ₂₆ ClNO ₂	Solid, 155-163
92	C ₂₆ H ₂₆ FNO ₂	Solid, 179-183
93	C ₂₇ H ₂₆ F ₃ NO ₂	Solid, 158-162
94	C ₂₉ H ₂₇ F ₆ NO ₂	Sticky solid
95	C ₃₀ H ₂₉ F ₆ NO ₂	Solid
96	C ₃₀ H ₃₁ F ₆ NO ₄	Solid, 76-80
97	C ₃₂ H ₂₇ F ₈ NO ₄	Solid
98	C ₃₁ H ₂₉ F ₆ NO ₂	Sticky solid
99	C ₃₀ H ₂₇ F ₆ NO ₃	Solid
100	C ₃₁ H ₂₉ F ₆ NO ₃	Solid
101	C ₃₀ H ₂₈ F ₆ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
102	C ₃₁ H ₃₀ F ₆ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
103	C ₃₁ H ₃₀ F ₆ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
104	C ₃₂ H ₃₂ F ₆ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
105	C ₃₁ H ₂₆ F ₆ N ₂ O ₂ S	Sticky solid
106	C ₃₂ H ₂₆ F ₆ N ₂ O ₂	Solid
107	C ₃₂ H ₂₅ ClF ₆ N ₂ O ₂	Solid
108	C ₃₂ H ₂₅ ClF ₆ N ₂ O ₂	Solid
109	C ₃₃ H ₂₅ F ₉ N ₂ O ₂	Solid
110	C ₃₃ H ₂₅ F ₉ N ₂ O ₂	Solid
111	C ₃₃ H ₂₅ F ₆ N ₃ O ₂	Solid
112	C ₂₉ H ₂₅ F ₆ N ₅ O	Solid, 90-95
113	C ₂₈ H ₂₇ Cl ₂ N ₅ O	Solid
114	C ₃₀ H ₂₇ F ₆ N ₅ O	Sticky solid
115	C ₃₀ H ₂₅ F ₄ N ₅ O ₅	Solid
116	C ₄₀ H ₄₃ F ₄ NO ₄ .HBr	Solid, 121-123
117	C ₃₅ H ₃₀ F ₆ N ₂ O	Solid
118	C ₄₀ H ₃₈ F ₆ N ₂ O ₄ .HBr	Solid
181	C ₃₄ H ₃₀ F ₅ N ₃ O ₅	Solid, 98-103
182	C ₃₀ H ₃₁ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₃	Solid foam
183	C ₃₀ H ₃₁ BrF ₃ N ₃ O ₃	--
184	C ₂₉ H ₂₉ F ₄ N ₃ O ₄	Oil
185	C ₃₀ H ₃₁ F ₄ N ₃ O ₄	Oil

Cmpd No.	Emperical Formula	Physical State / Melting Point (°C)
186	$C_{29}H_{29}F_4N_3O_4$	Oil
187	$C_{30}H_{31}F_4N_3O_4$	Oil
188	$C_{30}H_{30}Cl_2F_3N_3O_3$	--
189	$C_{30}H_{30}Cl_2F_3N_3O_3$	--
190	$C_{30}H_{30}Cl_2F_3N_3O_3$	--
191	$C_{30}H_{30}Cl_2F_3N_3O_3$	--
192	$C_{30}H_{29}Cl_3F_3N_3O_3$	--
193	$C_{30}H_{30}F_5N_3O_3$	--
194	$C_{29}H_{28}F_5N_3O_4$	Sticky solid
195	$C_{30}H_{30}F_5N_3O_4$	Oil
196	$C_{30}H_{30}F_5N_3O_3$	--
197	$C_{32}H_{34}F_5N_3O_3$	--
198	$C_{30}H_{30}F_5N_3O_3$	--
199	$C_{30}H_{30}F_5N_3O_3$	--
200	$C_{30}H_{30}F_5N_3O_3$	--
201	$C_{30}H_{29}F_6N_3O_3$	--
202	$C_{30}H_{27}F_8N_3O_3$	--
203	$C_{31}H_{31}F_6N_3O_3$	--
204	$C_{31}H_{31}F_6N_3O_3$	--
205	$C_{31}H_{31}F_6N_3O_3$	--
206	$C_{31}H_{30}ClF_6N_3O_3$	--
207	$C_{31}H_{30}ClF_6N_3O_3$	--
208	$C_{31}H_{30}BrF_6N_3O_3$	--
209	$C_{31}H_{34}F_3N_3O_4$	--
210	$C_{32}H_{35}ClF_3N_3O_5$	--
211	$C_{31}H_{31}F_6N_3O_4$	--
212	$C_{36}H_{36}F_3N_3O_3$	--
213	$C_{36}H_{36}F_3N_3O_3$	--
214	$C_{34}H_{34}F_3N_3O_3$	--
227	$C_{32}H_{29}ClF_3N_3O_3$	--
228	$C_{32}H_{28}Cl_2F_3N_3O_3$	--
229	$C_{32}H_{28}Cl_2F_3N_3O_3$	--
230	$C_{32}H_{28}Cl_2F_3N_3O_3$	--
231	$C_{32}H_{28}Cl_2F_3N_3O_3$	--
232	$C_{32}H_{28}Cl_2F_3N_3O_3$	--
233	$C_{32}H_{28}Cl_2F_3N_3O_3$	--
234	$C_{32}H_{27}Cl_3F_3N_3O_3$	--
235	$C_{32}H_{29}F_4N_3O_4$	Solid, 73-78
236	$C_{32}H_{29}F_4N_3O_4$	Solid, 75-80
237	$C_{32}H_{28}F_5N_3O_3$	--
238	$C_{32}H_{28}F_5N_3O_4$	Solid, 65-70
239	$C_{32}H_{28}F_5N_3O_3$	--
240	$C_{32}H_{28}F_5N_3O_3$	--
241	$C_{32}H_{28}F_5N_3O_3$	--
242	$C_{32}H_{27}F_6N_3O_3$	--
243	$C_{32}H_{25}F_8N_3O_3$	--
244	$C_{33}H_{29}F_6N_3O_3$	--
245	$C_{33}H_{29}F_6N_3O_3$	Solid foam
246	$C_{33}H_{29}F_6N_3O_4$	Solid, 75-80
247	$C_{33}H_{28}ClF_6N_3O_3$	--
248	$C_{34}H_{28}F_9N_3O_3$	--
249	$C_{33}H_{29}F_6N_3O_4$	--
250	$C_{38}H_{34}F_3N_3O_3$	--
251	$C_{38}H_{34}F_3N_3O_3$	--
261	$C_{30}H_{31}F_3N_6O_3$	Solid foam, 70-75

Cmpd No.	Emperical Formula	Physical State / Melting Point (°C)
262	$C_{29}H_{28}ClF_3N_6O_3$	Solid foam, 65-69
263	$C_{29}H_{28}ClF_3N_6O_3$	Solid foam, 79-83
264	$C_{28}H_{28}Cl_2N_6O_2$	Solid
265	$C_{30}H_{30}ClF_3N_6O_2$	--
267	$C_{29}H_{28}ClF_3N_6O_3$	Solid foam, 85-89
267	$C_{30}H_{30}ClF_3N_6O_3$	Solid foam, 85-89
268	$C_{30}H_{30}BrF_3N_6O_2$	--
269	$C_{30}H_{30}BrF_3N_6O_2$	--
270	$C_{30}H_{30}BrF_3N_6O_3$	Solid foam, 93-97
271	$C_{30}H_{30}F_3IN_6O_3$	Solid foam, 89-92
272	$C_{29}H_{28}F_4N_6O_3$	Solid foam, 66-70
273	$C_{29}H_{28}F_4N_6O_3$	Solid foam, 80-84
274	$C_{28}H_{28}ClFN_6O_2$	Solid
275	$C_{29}H_{28}F_4N_6O_3$	Solid foam, 78-81
276	$C_{29}H_{29}F_4N_6O_3 \cdot C_2H_5O_3S$	Solid
277	$C_{30}H_{30}F_4N_6O_3$	Semi-solid
278	$C_{30}H_{30}F_4N_6O_3$	--
279	$C_{30}H_{29}Cl_2F_3N_6O_2$	--
280	$C_{30}H_{29}Cl_2F_3N_6O_2$	--
281	$C_{30}H_{29}Cl_2F_3N_6O_2$	--
282	$C_{30}H_{29}Cl_2F_3N_6O_2$	--
283	$C_{30}H_{29}Cl_2F_3N_6O_2$	--
284	$C_{30}H_{29}Cl_2F_3N_6O_2$	--
285	$C_{31}H_{33}F_3N_6O_3$	Solid foam, 81-83
286	$C_{33}H_{37}F_3N_6O_3$	Solid foam, 76-79
287	$C_{31}H_{33}F_3N_6O_4$	Solid foam, 76-79
288	$C_{31}H_{30}F_6N_6O_2$	--
289	$C_{31}H_{30}F_6N_6O_2$	Solid foam
290	$C_{30}H_{28}F_6N_6O_3$	Solid, 70-80
291	$C_{31}H_{30}F_6N_6O_3$	Gum
292	$C_{31}H_{29}ClF_6N_6O_2$	--
293	$C_{32}H_{29}F_9N_6O_2$	--
294	$C_{30}H_{28}F_6N_6O_4$	Solid, 70-80
295	$C_{31}H_{30}F_6N_6O_4$	Gum
296	$C_{30}H_{30}F_3N_7O_5$	--
297	$C_{36}H_{35}F_3N_6O_2$	--
298	$C_{36}H_{35}F_3N_6O_3$	--
302	$C_{31}H_{30}F_6N_6O_2S$	Semi-solid
304	$C_{31}H_{31}F_6N_5O_2$	Gum
305	$C_{31}H_{31}F_6N_5O_3$	Gum
306	$C_{31}H_{32}F_3N_9O_2$	Solid, 148-155
307	$C_{31}H_{29}F_6N_5O_3$	Gum
308	$C_{31}H_{29}F_6N_5O_4$	Gum
309	$C_{29}H_{30}ClF_3N_6O$	Syrup
310	$C_{29}H_{30}ClF_3N_6O$	Syrup
311	$C_{29}H_{30}ClF_3N_6O$	Syrup
312	$C_{29}H_{30}BrF_3N_6O$	Semi-solid, 56-61
313	$C_{29}H_{30}F_4N_6O$	Syrup
314	$C_{29}H_{30}F_4N_6O$	Syrup
315	$C_{29}H_{30}F_4N_6O$	Syrup
316	$C_{29}H_{30}F_3IN_6O$	Semi-solid, 58-62
317	$C_{30}H_{33}F_3N_6O$	Syrup
318	$C_{30}H_{33}F_3N_6O_2$	Syrup
319	$C_{30}H_{30}F_6N_6O_2$	Syrup
320	$C_{29}H_{30}F_3N_7O_3$	Semi-solid, 57-62

Cmpd No.	Emperical Formula	Physical State / Melting Point (°C)
321	$C_{29}H_{29}F_3N_6O_2$	Solid, 180-184
322	$C_{29}H_{28}ClF_3N_6O_2$	Solid, 173-175
323	$C_{29}H_{28}ClF_3N_6O_2$	Solid, 143-146
324	$C_{29}H_{28}ClF_3N_6O_2$	Solid, 217-220
325	$C_{29}H_{28}BrF_3N_6O_2$	Solid, 217-220
326	$C_{29}H_{28}F_4N_6O_2$	Solid, 141-144
327	$C_{29}H_{28}F_4N_6O_2$	Solid, 151-159
328	$C_{29}H_{28}F_4N_6O_2$	Solid, 195-198
329	$C_{29}H_{28}F_3IN_6O_2$	Solid, 225-229
330	$C_{30}H_{31}F_3N_6O_2$	Solid, 215-218
331	$C_{30}H_{31}F_3N_6O_3$	Solid, 204-209
332	$C_{30}H_{28}F_6N_6O_3$	Solid, 210-213
333	$C_{29}H_{28}F_3N_7O_4$	Solid, 232-236
334	$C_{29}H_{29}ClF_3N_7O_2$	Solid foam, 86-90
335	$C_{29}H_{29}ClF_3N_7O_2$	Solid foam, 75-78
336	$C_{29}H_{29}ClF_3N_7O_2$	Solid foam, 89-93
337	$C_{29}H_{29}BrF_3N_7O_2$	Solid foam, 94-99
338	$C_{29}H_{29}F_4N_7O_2$	Solid foam, 84-88
339	$C_{29}H_{29}F_4N_7O_2$	Solid foam, 89-92
340	$C_{29}H_{29}F_4N_7O_2$	Solid foam, 74-78
341	$C_{29}H_{29}F_3IN_7O_2$	Solid foam, 142-149
342	$C_{30}H_{32}F_3N_7O_2$	Solid foam, 198-200
343	$C_{30}H_{32}F_3N_7O_3$	Solid foam, 83-87
344	$C_{30}H_{29}F_6N_7O_2$	Solid foam, 93-98
345	$C_{30}H_{29}F_6N_7O_3$	Solid foam, 83-88
346	$C_{29}H_{29}F_3N_8O_4$	Solid foam, 105-110
347	$C_{29}H_{28}ClF_3N_6O_3$	Solid foam, 76-79
348	$C_{29}H_{28}ClF_3N_6O_3$	Solid foam, 58-61
349	$C_{29}H_{28}ClF_3N_6O_3$	Solid foam, 153-156
350	$C_{29}H_{28}BrF_3N_6O_3$	Solid foam, 73-76
351	$C_{29}H_{28}F_4N_6O_3$	Solid foam, 76-80
352	$C_{29}H_{28}F_4N_6O_3$	Solid foam, 63-69
353	$C_{29}H_{28}F_4N_6O_3$	Solid foam, 92-95
354	$C_{29}H_{28}F_3IN_6O_3$	Solid foam, 73-75
355	$C_{30}H_{31}F_3N_6O_3$	Solid foam, 73-76
356	$C_{30}H_{31}F_3N_6O_4$	Solid foam, 73-75
357	$C_{30}H_{28}F_6N_6O_4$	Solid foam, 69-72
358	$C_{29}H_{28}F_3N_7O_5$	Solid, 143-146
395	$C_{32}H_{29}ClF_3N_3O_4$	--
396	$C_{32}H_{28}Cl_2F_3N_3O_4$	--
397	$C_{32}H_{28}F_5N_3O_4$	--
398	$C_{33}H_{29}F_6N_3O_4$	--
399	$C_{29}H_{28}ClF_3N_6O_4$	Solid
400	$C_{29}H_{28}F_4N_6O_4$	Solid
401	$C_{30}H_{30}F_4N_6O_4$	Solid, 130-137
402	$C_{30}H_{28}F_6N_6O_4$	Solid, 138-142
403	$C_{31}H_{30}F_6N_6O_5$	Solid foam, 118-122
404	$C_{30}H_{28}F_6N_6O_5$	Solid, 136-140
405	$C_{31}H_{30}F_6N_6O_5$	Solid foam, 120-125
427	$C_{29}H_{32}F_3N_3O_3$	Oil
429	$C_{29}H_{32}F_3N_3O_3$	Oil
432	$C_{32}H_{36}F_3N_3O_3$	Oil
433	$C_{25}H_{31}F_3N_6O_3S$	Oil
434	$C_{28}H_{26}F_6N_6O_2$	Oil
435	$C_{27}H_{26}ClF_3N_6O$	Liquid

Cmpd No.	Emperical Formula	Physical State / Melting Point (°C)
436	C ₃₁ H ₂₉ F ₃ N ₄ O ₃	White solid
437	C ₃₁ H ₂₇ F ₆ N ₃ O ₂	Paste
438	C ₃₁ H ₂₇ F ₆ N ₃ O ₂	Pasty solid
439	C ₃₁ H ₂₈ ClF ₃ N ₄ O ₃	Solid
440	C ₃₀ H ₂₅ ClF ₆ N ₄ O ₂	Solid
441	C ₃₀ H ₂₅ ClF ₆ N ₄ O ₂	Solid
442	C ₃₁ H ₂₇ F ₆ N ₃ O ₃	Solid
443	C ₃₀ H ₂₇ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₂	Sticky solid
444	C ₃₁ H ₂₉ F ₃ N ₄ O ₃	White solid
445	C ₃₁ H ₂₈ ClF ₃ N ₄ O ₃	White solid
446	C ₃₂ H ₂₈ F ₃ N ₅ O ₃	Solid
447	C ₃₁ H ₂₈ ClF ₃ N ₄ O ₃	White solid
448	C ₃₂ H ₂₈ F ₆ N ₄ O ₃	Solid
449	C ₂₇ H ₂₇ F ₃ N ₆ O ₃	Solid
450	C ₃₁ H ₂₉ F ₃ N ₄ O ₃	White solid
451	C ₃₁ H ₂₇ Cl ₂ F ₃ N ₄ O ₃	--
452	C ₂₉ H ₂₆ ClF ₃ N ₄ O ₂	Sticky solid
453	C ₂₆ H ₂₅ ClF ₃ N ₇ O ₂	Solid
454	C ₃₀ H ₃₀ F ₆ N ₂ O ₂	Goosey solid
455	C ₃₂ H ₂₈ F ₆ N ₂ O ₂	Goosey solid
456	C ₃₁ H ₂₇ F ₆ N ₃ O ₃	Solid
457	C ₃₅ H ₄₂ F ₃ N ₃ O ₅	Solid
458	C ₂₇ H ₂₆ F ₄ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
459	C ₂₇ H ₂₅ ClF ₄ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
460	C ₂₇ H ₂₄ ClF ₅ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
461	C ₂₇ H ₂₄ F ₆ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
462	C ₂₇ H ₂₄ F ₅ IN ₂ O ₃	Solid
463	C ₂₇ H ₂₆ ClF ₃ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
464	C ₂₇ H ₂₅ F ₅ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
465	C ₂₇ H ₂₇ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₂	Solid
466	C ₂₇ H ₂₆ F ₅ N ₃ O ₂	Solid
467	C ₃₂ H ₃₅ F ₅ N ₂ O ₂	Solid
468	C ₂₈ H ₂₈ F ₄ N ₂ O ₄	Solid
469	C ₂₈ H ₂₇ F ₅ N ₂ O ₄	Solid
470	C ₂₉ H ₃₂ Cl ₂ N ₂ O ₃	--
471	C ₂₉ H ₃₂ ClFN ₂ O ₃	--
474	C ₃₀ H ₃₂ ClF ₃ N ₂ O ₃	--
473	C ₃₀ H ₃₂ ClF ₃ N ₂ O ₃	--
474	C ₂₉ H ₃₁ ClF ₂ N ₂ O ₃	--
475	C ₂₉ H ₃₂ ClFN ₂ O ₃	--
476	C ₂₉ H ₃₂ F ₂ N ₂ O ₃	--
477	C ₃₀ H ₃₂ F ₄ N ₂ O ₃	--
478	C ₃₀ H ₃₂ F ₄ N ₂ O ₃	--
479	C ₂₉ H ₃₁ F ₃ N ₂ O ₃	--
480	C ₂₉ H ₃₁ Cl ₃ N ₂ O ₃	--
481	C ₂₉ H ₃₁ Cl ₂ FN ₂ O ₃	--
482	C ₂₉ H ₃₀ Cl ₂ F ₂ N ₂ O ₃	--
483	C ₃₀ H ₃₁ Cl ₂ F ₃ N ₂ O ₃	--
484	C ₃₀ H ₃₁ Cl ₂ F ₃ N ₂ O ₃	--
485	C ₃₀ H ₃₂ ClF ₃ N ₂ O ₃	--
486	C ₃₀ H ₃₂ F ₄ N ₂ O ₃	--
487	C ₃₀ H ₃₁ F ₅ N ₂ O ₃	--
488	C ₃₁ H ₃₂ F ₆ N ₂ O ₃	--
489	C ₃₁ H ₃₂ F ₆ N ₂ O ₃	--
490	C ₃₀ H ₃₂ ClF ₃ N ₂ O ₃	Solid

Cmpd No.	Emperical Formula	Physical State / Melting Point (°C)
491	C ₃₀ H ₃₁ F ₅ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
492	C ₃₁ H ₃₂ ClF ₃ N ₂ O ₄	Solid
493	C ₃₁ H ₃₁ F ₅ N ₂ O ₄	Solid
494	C ₂₉ H ₂₉ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₃	Solid
495	C ₂₉ H ₂₈ F ₅ N ₃ O ₃	Solid
496	C ₃₁ H ₃₂ F ₅ N ₃ O ₃	Solid
497	C ₃₂ H ₃₄ F ₅ N ₃ O ₃	Solid
498	C ₂₉ H ₂₈ F ₅ N ₃ O ₄	Solid
499	C ₃₀ H ₃₀ F ₅ N ₃ O ₄	Solid
500	C ₃₀ H ₃₃ Cl ₂ N ₃ O ₄	--
501	C ₃₀ H ₃₃ ClFN ₃ O ₄	--
502	C ₃₀ H ₃₂ ClF ₂ N ₃ O ₄	--
503	C ₃₀ H ₃₃ ClFN ₃ O ₄	--
504	C ₃₀ H ₃₃ F ₂ N ₃ O ₄	--
505	C ₃₀ H ₃₂ F ₃ N ₃ O ₄	--
506	C ₃₀ H ₃₂ Cl ₃ N ₃ O ₄	--
507	C ₃₀ H ₃₁ Cl ₂ F ₂ N ₃ O ₄	--
508	C ₃₀ H ₃₂ Cl ₃ N ₃ O ₄	--
509	C ₃₀ H ₃₂ Cl ₂ FN ₃ O ₄	--
510	C ₃₀ H ₃₁ Cl ₂ F ₂ N ₃ O ₄	--
511	C ₃₁ H ₂₅ F ₆ N ₃ O	Solid
512	C ₃₁ H ₃₂ F ₅ N ₃ O ₄	Solid
513	C ₃₁ H ₃₃ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₅	--
514	C ₃₁ H ₃₃ F ₄ N ₃ O ₅	--
515	C ₃₁ H ₃₂ F ₅ N ₃ O ₅	--
516	C ₃₄ H ₃₁ F ₅ N ₄ O ₄	Solid, 95-110
517	C ₃₀ H ₃₁ F ₅ N ₄ O ₃	Solid
518	C ₃₀ H ₃₁ F ₅ N ₄ O ₂ S	Solid
519	C ₃₀ H ₃₁ F ₅ N ₄ O ₃	Solid
520	C ₃₂ H ₃₆ F ₅ N ₄ O ₆ P	Solid
521	C ₂₉ H ₃₀ F ₃ N ₃ O ₄	Solid
522	C ₃₁ H ₃₁ F ₅ N ₄ O ₅	Solid
523	C ₂₉ H ₃₁ Cl ₂ N ₃ O ₃	--
524	C ₂₉ H ₃₁ ClFN ₃ O ₃	--
525	C ₂₉ H ₃₀ ClF ₂ N ₃ O ₃	--
526	C ₂₉ H ₃₁ ClFN ₃ O ₃	--
527	C ₂₉ H ₃₁ F ₂ N ₃ O ₃	--
528	C ₂₉ H ₃₀ F ₃ N ₃ O ₃	--
529	C ₂₉ H ₃₀ Cl ₃ N ₃ O ₃	--
530	C ₂₉ H ₃₀ Cl ₂ FN ₃ O ₃	--
531	C ₂₉ H ₂₉ Cl ₂ F ₂ N ₃ O ₃	--
532	C ₂₉ H ₃₀ Cl ₃ N ₃ O ₃	--
533	C ₂₉ H ₃₀ Cl ₂ FN ₃ O ₃	--
534	C ₂₉ H ₂₉ Cl ₂ F ₂ N ₃ O ₃	--
535	C ₃₀ H ₃₁ F ₄ N ₃ O ₃	Solid, 63-73
536	C ₃₁ H ₃₄ F ₃ N ₃ O ₃	Solid
537	C ₃₀ H ₃₁ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₄	--
538	C ₃₀ H ₃₀ F ₅ N ₃ O ₄	--
539	C ₃₁ H ₂₉ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₃	Solid
540	C ₃₁ H ₂₈ F ₅ N ₃ O ₃	Solid
541	C ₃₁ H ₃₄ F ₅ N ₃ O ₄ S	--
542	C ₃₂ H ₃₄ F ₅ N ₃ O ₄ S	--
543	C ₃₃ H ₃₀ ClF ₃ N ₂ O ₂	Solid
544	C ₃₃ H ₂₉ F ₅ N ₂ O ₂	Solid
545	C ₃₃ H ₃₀ ClF ₃ N ₂ O ₃	Solid

Cmpd No.	Emperical Formula	Physical State / Melting Point (°C)
546	C ₃₃ H ₂₉ F ₅ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
547	C ₃₃ H ₂₈ F ₆ N ₂ O ₃	Solid, 58-67
548	C ₃₃ H ₂₇ F ₇ N ₂ O ₃	Solid, 72-81
549	C ₃₄ H ₃₁ F ₅ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
550	C ₃₄ H ₂₉ ClF ₅ N ₃ O ₃	Solid
551	C ₃₄ H ₂₈ Cl ₂ F ₅ N ₃ O ₃	Solid
552	C ₃₄ H ₂₈ F ₇ N ₃ O ₃	Solid
553	C ₃₅ H ₃₂ F ₅ N ₃ O ₄	Solid
554	C ₃₅ H ₃₂ F ₅ N ₃ O ₄	Solid
555	C ₃₀ H ₂₈ F ₄ N ₄ O ₂	Solid
556	C ₃₀ H ₂₇ F ₅ N ₄ O ₂	Solid
557	C ₂₉ H ₂₇ F ₄ N ₅ O ₂	Solid
558	C ₂₉ H ₂₆ F ₅ N ₅ O ₂	Solid
559	C ₂₉ H ₂₆ F ₄ N ₄ O ₂ S	Solid
560	C ₂₉ H ₂₅ F ₅ N ₄ O ₂ S	Solid
561	C ₂₉ H ₂₅ Cl ₂ F ₃ N ₄ O ₃ S	Solid
562	C ₂₉ H ₂₄ ClF ₅ N ₄ O ₃ S	Solid
563	C ₃₀ H ₂₉ F ₅ N ₄ O ₃	Solid
564	C ₂₉ H ₃₁ ClN ₆ O ₂	--
565	C ₃₀ H ₃₁ F ₃ N ₆ O ₂	--
566	C ₃₀ H ₃₀ F ₄ N ₆ O ₂	--
567	C ₂₉ H ₃₀ Cl ₂ N ₆ O ₂	--
568	C ₂₉ H ₂₉ Cl ₃ N ₆ O ₂	--
569	C ₂₉ H ₂₉ ClF ₂ N ₆ O ₂	--
570	C ₂₉ H ₂₉ ClF ₂ N ₆ O ₂	--
571	C ₃₀ H ₃₀ ClF ₃ N ₆ O ₂	--
572	C ₂₉ H ₂₉ Cl ₃ N ₆ O ₂	--
573	C ₂₉ H ₂₈ Cl ₄ N ₆ O ₂	--
574	C ₂₉ H ₂₈ Cl ₂ F ₂ N ₆ O ₂	--
575	C ₂₉ H ₂₈ Cl ₂ F ₂ N ₆ O ₂	--
576	C ₃₀ H ₂₉ Cl ₂ F ₃ N ₆ O ₂	--
577	C ₂₉ H ₂₉ Cl ₃ N ₆ O ₂	--
578	C ₂₉ H ₂₈ Cl ₄ N ₆ O ₂	--
579	C ₂₉ H ₂₈ Cl ₂ F ₂ N ₆ O ₂	--
580	C ₂₉ H ₂₈ Cl ₂ F ₂ N ₆ O ₂	--
581	C ₃₀ H ₂₉ Cl ₂ F ₃ N ₆ O ₂	--
582	C ₂₉ H ₃₀ ClFN ₆ O ₂	--
583	C ₂₉ H ₂₉ Cl ₂ FN ₆ O ₂	--
584	C ₂₉ H ₂₉ F ₃ N ₆ O ₂	--
585	C ₂₉ H ₂₉ F ₃ N ₆ O ₂	--
586	C ₃₀ H ₃₀ F ₄ N ₆ O ₂	--
587	C ₃₀ H ₃₀ F ₄ N ₆ O ₂	--
588	C ₂₉ H ₂₉ ClF ₂ N ₆ O ₂	--
589	C ₂₉ H ₂₈ F ₄ N ₆ O ₂	--
590	C ₂₉ H ₂₉ ClF ₂ N ₆ O ₂	--
591	C ₂₉ H ₂₈ Cl ₂ F ₂ N ₆ O ₂	--
592	C ₂₉ H ₂₈ F ₄ N ₆ O ₂	--
593	C ₂₉ H ₂₈ F ₄ N ₆ O ₂	--
594	C ₃₀ H ₂₉ F ₅ N ₆ O ₂	--
595	C ₃₀ H ₃₃ ClN ₆ O ₂	--
596	C ₃₀ H ₃₂ Cl ₂ N ₆ O ₂	--
597	C ₃₀ H ₃₂ F ₂ N ₆ O ₂	--
598	C ₃₀ H ₃₂ F ₂ N ₆ O ₂	--
599	C ₃₁ H ₃₃ F ₃ N ₆ O ₂	--
600	C ₃₁ H ₃₃ F ₃ N ₆ O ₂	--

Cmpd No.	Emperical Formula	Physical State / Melting Point (°C)
601	C ₃₀ H ₃₃ ClN ₆ O ₃	--
602	C ₃₀ H ₃₂ Cl ₂ N ₆ O ₃	--
603	C ₃₀ H ₃₂ F ₂ N ₆ O ₃	--
604	C ₃₀ H ₃₂ F ₂ N ₆ O ₃	--
605	C ₃₁ H ₃₃ F ₃ N ₆ O ₃	--
606	C ₃₁ H ₃₃ F ₃ N ₆ O ₃	--
607	C ₃₆ H ₃₈ N ₆ O ₃	--
608	C ₃₁ H ₃₅ ClN ₆ O ₄	--
609	C ₃₁ H ₃₄ F ₂ N ₆ O ₄	--
610	C ₃₀ H ₂₉ F ₅ N ₆ O ₂	--
611	C ₃₅ H ₃₅ ClN ₆ O ₂	--
612	C ₃₅ H ₃₄ Cl ₂ N ₆ O ₂	--
613	C ₃₅ H ₃₄ F ₂ N ₆ O ₂	--
614	C ₃₅ H ₃₄ F ₂ N ₆ O ₂	--
615	C ₃₆ H ₃₅ F ₃ N ₆ O ₂	--
616	C ₃₅ H ₃₅ ClN ₆ O ₃	--
617	C ₃₅ H ₃₄ Cl ₂ N ₆ O ₃	--
618	C ₃₅ H ₃₄ F ₂ N ₆ O ₃	--
619	C ₃₅ H ₃₄ F ₂ N ₆ O ₃	--
620	C ₃₆ H ₃₅ F ₃ N ₆ O ₃	--
621	C ₄₁ H ₄₀ N ₆ O ₃	--
622	C ₄₁ H ₄₀ N ₆ O ₄	--
623	C ₃₃ H ₃₃ ClN ₆ O ₂	--
624	C ₃₃ H ₃₂ Cl ₂ N ₆ O ₂	--
625	C ₃₃ H ₃₂ F ₂ N ₆ O ₂	--
626	C ₃₃ H ₃₂ F ₂ N ₆ O ₂	--
627	C ₃₂ H ₂₉ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₂	Solid
628	C ₃₂ H ₂₈ F ₅ N ₃ O ₂	Solid
629	C ₃₁ H ₂₉ Cl ₂ N ₃ O ₃	--
630	C ₃₁ H ₂₉ ClFN ₃ O ₃	--
631	C ₃₁ H ₂₈ ClF ₂ N ₃ O ₃	--
632	C ₃₃ H ₃₄ ClN ₃ O ₃	--
633	C ₃₃ H ₃₄ ClN ₃ O ₅	--
634	C ₃₂ H ₂₉ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₃	--
635	C ₃₂ H ₂₉ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₃	--
636	C ₃₃ H ₃₁ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₃	White solid
637	C ₃₄ H ₃₃ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₃	White solid
638	C ₃₃ H ₃₂ ClN ₃ O ₅	--
639	C ₃₁ H ₂₉ ClFN ₃ O ₃	--
640	C ₃₁ H ₂₉ F ₂ N ₃ O ₃	--
641	C ₃₁ H ₂₈ F ₃ N ₃ O ₃	--
642	C ₃₂ H ₂₉ F ₄ N ₃ O ₃	--
643	C ₃₂ H ₂₉ F ₄ N ₃ O ₃	--
644	C ₃₁ H ₂₉ Cl ₂ N ₃ O ₅ S	--
645	C ₃₁ H ₂₈ Cl ₃ N ₃ O ₃	--
646	C ₃₁ H ₂₈ Cl ₂ FN ₃ O ₃	--
647	C ₃₁ H ₂₇ Cl ₂ F ₂ N ₃ O ₃	--
648	C ₃₂ H ₃₁ Cl ₂ N ₃ O ₄	--
649	C ₃₃ H ₃₃ Cl ₂ N ₃ O ₅	--
650	C ₃₂ H ₂₈ Cl ₂ F ₃ N ₃ O ₃	--
651	C ₃₂ H ₂₈ Cl ₂ F ₃ N ₃ O ₃	--
652	C ₃₂ H ₂₉ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₃	--
653	C ₃₂ H ₂₉ F ₄ N ₃ O ₃	--
654	C ₃₂ H ₂₈ F ₅ N ₃ O ₃	--
655	C ₃₃ H ₂₉ F ₆ N ₃ O ₃	--

Cmpd No.	Emperical Formula	Physical State / Melting Point (°C)
656	C ₃₃ H ₂₉ F ₆ N ₃ O ₃	--
657	C ₃₂ H ₃₀ F ₃ N ₃ O ₃	--
658	C ₃₃ H ₃₂ F ₃ N ₃ O ₃	White solid
659	C ₃₃ H ₃₂ F ₃ N ₃ O ₃	Oil
660	C ₃₄ H ₃₄ F ₃ N ₃ O ₃	Oil
661	C ₃₂ H ₂₉ F ₃ N ₂ O ₄	White solid
662	C ₃₂ H ₂₉ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₃	Tan solid
663	C ₃₃ H ₃₁ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₃	Oil
664	C ₃₂ H ₂₉ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₃	Yellow solid
665	C ₃₂ H ₂₉ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₃	Solid
666	C ₃₂ H ₂₉ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₃ .HCl	--
667	C ₃₂ H ₂₉ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₂ S	--
668	C ₃₂ H ₂₉ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₅ S	--
669	C ₃₂ H ₂₉ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₄	Solid
670	C ₃₃ H ₂₈ ClF ₃ N ₄ O ₃	White solid
671	C ₃₃ H ₂₈ ClF ₃ N ₄ O ₃	White solid
672	C ₃₂ H ₂₉ BrF ₃ N ₃ O ₃	Thick oil
673	C ₃₂ H ₂₉ BrF ₃ N ₃ O ₃	Tan solid
674	C ₃₂ H ₂₉ F ₄ N ₃ O ₃	Yellow paste
675	C ₃₂ H ₂₉ F ₄ N ₃ O ₃	--
676	C ₃₃ H ₃₁ F ₄ N ₃ O ₃	Oil
677	C ₃₂ H ₂₉ F ₃ IN ₃ O ₃	Solid, 85-99
678	C ₃₃ H ₃₀ Cl ₂ F ₃ N ₃ O ₃	Oil
679	C ₃₂ H ₂₈ F ₅ N ₃ O ₃	Solid
680	C ₃₂ H ₂₈ F ₅ N ₃ O ₃	Solid
681	C ₃₂ H ₂₈ F ₅ N ₃ O ₂ S	--
682	C ₃₂ H ₂₈ F ₅ N ₃ O ₄	White solid
683	C ₃₂ H ₂₇ ClF ₅ N ₃ O ₃	Solid, 81-91
684	C ₃₂ H ₂₇ ClF ₅ N ₃ O ₃	Solid, 61-77
685	C ₃₂ H ₂₇ ClF ₅ N ₃ O ₃	Solid, 76-83
686	C ₃₂ H ₂₆ Cl ₂ F ₅ N ₃ O ₃	Solid, 78-90
687	C ₃₃ H ₂₇ F ₅ N ₄ O ₃	White solid
688	C ₃₃ H ₂₇ F ₅ N ₄ O ₃	White solid
689	C ₃₃ H ₂₇ F ₈ N ₃ O ₃	Solid, 75-86
690	C ₃₃ H ₂₇ F ₈ N ₃ O ₃	Solid, 77-86
691	C ₃₃ H ₂₇ F ₈ N ₃ O ₃	Solid, 80-88
692	C ₃₃ H ₂₉ F ₆ N ₃ O ₂ S	--
693	C ₃₃ H ₂₉ F ₆ N ₃ O ₂ S	--
694	C ₃₄ H ₃₄ F ₃ N ₃ O ₃	Oil
695	C ₃₄ H ₃₄ F ₃ N ₃ O ₃	Oil
696	C ₃₃ H ₃₂ F ₃ N ₃ O ₅ S	--
697	C ₃₂ H ₂₇ F ₆ N ₃ O ₃	White solid
698	C ₃₄ H ₃₄ F ₃ N ₃ O ₄	Oil
699	C ₃₃ H ₃₁ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₄	Solid
700	C ₃₃ H ₃₁ F ₄ N ₃ O ₄	Solid
701	C ₃₃ H ₃₀ F ₅ N ₃ O ₄	--
702	C ₃₃ H ₃₂ F ₃ N ₃ O ₃ S	--
703	C ₃₃ H ₂₉ F ₆ N ₃ O ₃ S	--
704	C ₃₃ H ₂₉ F ₃ N ₄ O ₃	--
705	C ₃₄ H ₃₂ F ₃ N ₃ O ₄	--
706	C ₃₂ H ₂₉ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₅	Solid
707	C ₃₃ H ₂₈ ClF ₃ N ₄ O ₄	White solid
708	C ₃₃ H ₂₈ ClF ₃ N ₄ O ₄	White solid
709	C ₃₂ H ₂₈ F ₅ N ₃ O ₅	Solid
710	C ₃₃ H ₂₇ F ₅ N ₄ O ₄	White solid

Cmpd No.	Emperical Formula	Physical State / Melting Point (°C)
711	C ₃₃ H ₂₇ F ₅ N ₄ O ₄	White solid
712	C ₃₀ H ₂₈ Cl ₂ N ₄ O ₃	--
713	C ₃₀ H ₂₈ ClFN ₄ O ₃	--
714	C ₃₀ H ₂₇ ClF ₂ N ₄ O ₃	--
715	C ₃₀ H ₂₈ ClFN ₄ O ₃	--
716	C ₃₀ H ₂₈ F ₂ N ₄ O ₃	--
717	C ₃₀ H ₂₇ F ₃ N ₄ O ₃	--
718	C ₃₀ H ₂₇ Cl ₃ N ₄ O ₃	--
719	C ₃₀ H ₂₇ Cl ₂ FN ₄ O ₃	--
720	C ₃₀ H ₂₆ Cl ₂ F ₂ N ₄ O ₃	--
721	C ₃₀ H ₂₇ Cl ₃ N ₄ O ₃	Solid
722	C ₃₀ H ₂₇ Cl ₂ FN ₄ O ₃	Solid
723	C ₃₀ H ₂₆ Cl ₂ F ₂ N ₄ O ₃	Solid
724	C ₃₁ H ₂₇ Cl ₂ F ₃ N ₄ O ₃	Solid
725	C ₃₁ H ₂₇ Cl ₂ F ₃ N ₄ O ₃	Solid
726	C ₃₀ H ₂₇ Cl ₃ N ₄ O ₃	--
727	C ₃₀ H ₂₇ Cl ₂ FN ₄ O ₃	--
728	C ₃₀ H ₂₆ Cl ₂ F ₂ N ₄ O ₃	--
729	C ₃₁ H ₂₈ ClF ₃ N ₄ O ₃	Solid, 94-104
730	C ₃₁ H ₂₇ F ₅ N ₄ O ₃	Solid
731	C ₃₁ H ₂₇ F ₅ N ₄ O ₃	Solid, 92-102
732	C ₃₁ H ₂₇ F ₅ N ₄ O ₃	Solid
733	C ₃₁ H ₂₈ ClF ₃ N ₄ O ₄	--
734	C ₃₁ H ₂₈ F ₄ N ₄ O ₄	--
735	C ₃₁ H ₂₇ F ₅ N ₄ O ₄	--
736	C ₃₁ H ₂₇ F ₅ N ₄ O ₃	Solid
737	C ₃₁ H ₂₇ Cl ₂ F ₃ N ₄ O ₃	Solid
738	C ₃₁ H ₂₆ ClF ₅ N ₄ O ₃	Solid
739	C ₃₀ H ₂₆ F ₅ N ₅ O ₃	--
740	C ₃₂ H ₃₀ F ₅ N ₅ O ₅	--
741	C ₃₀ H ₃₁ F ₅ N ₂ O ₄	Solid
742	C ₃₀ H ₃₁ F ₄ N ₃ O ₄	Solid, 136-142
743	C ₃₀ H ₃₀ F ₅ N ₃ O ₄	Solid, 138-143
744	C ₃₁ H ₂₈ F ₅ N ₃ O ₄	Solid
745	C ₃₁ H ₃₂ ClF ₃ N ₂ O ₅	Solid
746	C ₃₁ H ₃₂ F ₅ N ₃ O ₅	Solid
747	C ₃₃ H ₃₀ ClF ₃ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
748	C ₃₃ H ₂₉ F ₅ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
749	C ₃₃ H ₂₉ F ₅ N ₂ O ₄	Solid
750	C ₃₃ H ₂₈ F ₆ N ₂ O ₄	Solid, 135-144
751	C ₃₃ H ₂₇ F ₇ N ₂ O ₄	Solid, 141-146
752	C ₃₁ H ₂₈ F ₃ N ₃ O ₄	--
753	C ₃₂ H ₂₈ F ₅ N ₃ O ₄	Solid
754	C ₃₂ H ₂₈ F ₅ N ₃ O ₄	Solid
755	C ₃₂ H ₂₇ ClF ₅ N ₃ O ₄	Solid, 145-148
756	C ₃₂ H ₂₇ ClF ₅ N ₃ O ₄	Solid, 157-161
757	C ₃₂ H ₂₇ ClF ₅ N ₃ O ₄	Solid, 137-142
758	C ₃₂ H ₂₆ Cl ₂ F ₅ N ₃ O ₄	Solid, 172-174
759	C ₃₃ H ₂₇ F ₈ N ₃ O ₄	Solid, 142-144
760	C ₃₃ H ₂₇ F ₈ N ₃ O ₄	Solid, 159-161
761	C ₃₄ H ₃₁ F ₅ N ₄ O ₅	Solid, 149-153
762	C ₃₁ H ₂₈ ClF ₃ N ₄ O ₄	Solid, 171-175
763	C ₃₁ H ₂₇ F ₅ N ₄ O ₄	Solid
764	C ₃₁ H ₂₇ F ₅ N ₄ O ₄	Solid
765	C ₃₁ H ₂₇ F ₅ N ₄ O ₄	Solid, 150-153

Cmpd No.	Emperical Formula	Physical State / Melting Point (°C)
766	$C_{31}H_{27}F_6N_3O_4$	Solid
767	$C_{31}H_{27}Cl_2F_3N_4O_4$	Solid, 152-154
768	$C_{31}H_{26}ClF_5N_4O_4$	Solid, 151-154
769	$C_{28}H_{29}F_3N_2O_2$	Solid
770	$C_{29}H_{31}F_3N_2O_4$	Gum
771	$C_{27}H_{28}F_3N_3O_3$	White solid
772	$C_{27}H_{28}F_3N_3O_2S$	Yellow solid
773	$C_{26}H_{32}F_3N_3O_3$	Solid
774	$C_{28}H_{30}F_3N_3O_3$	Tan solid
775	$C_{29}H_{32}F_3N_3O_3$	Oil
776	$C_{29}H_{32}F_3N_3O_3$	Oily solid
777	$C_{29}H_{32}F_3N_3O_2S$	Yellow solid
778	$C_{30}H_{34}F_3N_3O_3$	Yellow solid
779	$C_{30}H_{34}F_3N_3O_3$	Solid
780	$C_{29}H_{30}F_3N_3O_3$	Oil
781	$C_{31}H_{34}F_3N_3O_3$	Solid
782	$C_{32}H_{36}F_3N_3O_3$	Oil
783	$C_{30}H_{32}F_3N_3O_5$	Solid
784	$C_{32}H_{36}F_3N_3O_5$	Oil
785	$C_{29}H_{32}F_3N_3O_4$	Solid
786	$C_{31}H_{25}F_5N_4O_3$	Solid, 85-92
787	$C_{31}H_{25}F_5N_4O_4$	Solid, 137-141
788	$C_{29}H_{25}F_6NO_2$	Solid
789	$C_{27}H_{26}Cl_2N_2O_2$	Solid
790	$C_{29}H_{26}F_6N_2O_2$	Solid
791	$C_{29}H_{26}F_6N_2O_4$	Solid
792	$C_{31}H_{30}F_6N_2O_2$	Solid
793	$C_{29}H_{32}N_2O_2$	Solid
794	$C_{29}H_{30}F_2N_2O_2$	Solid
795	$C_{29}H_{28}Cl_4N_2O_2$	Solid
796	$C_{29}H_{28}Cl_2F_2N_2O_2$	Solid
797	$C_{31}H_{28}F_6N_2O_2$	Solid
798	$C_{30}H_{30}Cl_2N_2O_2$	Solid
799	$C_{32}H_{30}F_6N_2O_2$	Solid
800	$C_{30}H_{30}Cl_2N_2O_2$	Solid
801	$C_{29}H_{26}Cl_2N_2O_2$	Solid
802	$C_{31}H_{26}F_6N_2O_2$	Solid
803	$C_{28}H_{25}F_6NO_3S$	Solid
804	$C_{30}H_{29}F_6NO_3S$	Solid
805	$C_{28}H_{26}F_6N_2O_2S$	Solid
806	$C_{33}H_{26}F_7NO$	Solid, 50-59
807	$C_{32}H_{26}F_6N_2$	Solid
808	$C_{30}H_{28}N_2O$	Solid
809	$C_{30}H_{26}Cl_2N_2O$	Solid
810	$C_{30}H_{26}F_2N_2O$	Solid
811	$C_{32}H_{27}F_6N_3$	Paste
812	$C_{29}H_{25}Cl_2N_3O$	Paste
813	$C_{29}H_{23}Cl_4N_3O$	Solid
814	$C_{30}H_{25}ClF_3N_3O$	Solid
815	$C_{30}H_{25}ClF_3N_3O$	Solid
816	$C_{30}H_{25}ClF_3N_3O$	Solid
817	$C_{30}H_{25}F_4N_3O$	Solid
818	$C_{30}H_{24}Cl_2F_3N_3O$	Solid
819	$C_{30}H_{24}Cl_2F_3N_3O$	Solid
820	$C_{30}H_{24}F_5N_3O$	Solid

Cmpd No.	Emperical Formula	Physical State / Melting Point (°C)
821	C ₃₀ H ₂₄ ClF ₄ N ₃ O	Solid
822	C ₃₁ H ₂₅ F ₆ N ₃ O	Solid
823	C ₃₁ H ₂₉ F ₆ N ₃ O	Paste
824	C ₃₁ H ₂₅ F ₆ N ₃ O	Solid
825	C ₃₁ H ₂₅ F ₆ N ₃ O	Solid
826	C ₃₁ H ₂₄ ClF ₆ N ₃ O	Solid, 68-77
827	C ₂₇ H ₂₆ Cl ₂ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
828	C ₂₉ H ₂₆ F ₆ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
829	C ₂₉ H ₂₆ F ₆ N ₂ O ₅	Solid
830	C ₃₁ H ₃₀ F ₆ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
831	C ₂₉ H ₃₀ Cl ₂ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
832	C ₂₉ H ₃₀ F ₂ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
833	C ₂₉ H ₂₈ Cl ₄ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
834	C ₂₉ H ₂₈ Cl ₂ F ₂ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
835	C ₃₁ H ₃₆ N ₂ O ₅	Solid
836	C ₃₁ H ₂₈ F ₆ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
837	C ₃₂ H ₃₀ F ₆ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
838	C ₃₁ H ₂₆ F ₆ N ₂ O ₃	Solid
839	C ₃₃ H ₂₆ F ₇ NO ₂	Solid, 171-173
840	C ₃₂ H ₂₆ F ₆ N ₂ O	Solid
841	C ₃₀ H ₂₆ Cl ₂ N ₂ O ₂	Solid
842	C ₃₀ H ₂₆ F ₂ N ₂ O ₂	Solid
843	C ₃₂ H ₂₇ F ₆ N ₃ O	Paste
844	C ₂₉ H ₂₅ Cl ₂ N ₃ O ₂	Solid
845	C ₃₀ H ₂₅ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₂	Solid
846	C ₃₀ H ₂₅ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₂	Solid
847	C ₃₀ H ₂₅ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₂	Solid
848	C ₃₀ H ₂₅ F ₄ N ₃ O ₂	Solid
849	C ₂₉ H ₂₃ Cl ₄ N ₃ O ₂	Solid
850	C ₃₀ H ₂₄ Cl ₂ F ₃ N ₃ O ₂	Solid
851	C ₃₀ H ₂₄ Cl ₂ F ₃ N ₃ O ₂	Solid
852	C ₃₀ H ₂₄ ClF ₄ N ₃ O ₂	Solid
853	C ₃₁ H ₂₅ F ₆ N ₃ O ₂	Solid
854	C ₃₁ H ₂₅ F ₆ N ₃ O ₂	Solid
955	C ₃₁ H ₂₄ ClF ₆ N ₃ O ₂	Solid, 128-135
856	C ₃₀ H ₂₄ Cl ₂ F ₃ N ₃ O ₂	Solid
857	C ₃₀ H ₂₅ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₂	Solid
858	C ₃₂ H ₂₆ F ₆ N ₂ O	Solid
859	C ₃₀ H ₂₅ F ₆ N ₅	Solid
860	C ₃₄ H ₃₄ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₄ C ₂ H ₅ O ₄ S	Solid
861	C ₃₂ H ₂₇ ClF ₅ N ₃ O ₄	Solid, 158-161
862	C ₃₀ H ₃₁ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₄	Solid
863	C ₃₂ H ₂₉ ClF ₃ N ₃ O ₅	Solid

Candidate insecticides were evaluated for activity against the tobacco budworm (*Heliothis virescens* [Fabricius]) in a surface-treated diet test.

- 5 In this test one mL of molten (65-70°C) wheat germ-based artificial diet was pipetted into each well of a four by six (24 well) multi-well plate (ID# 430345-15.5 mm dia. x 17.6 mm deep; Corning Costar Corp., One Alewife

Center, Cambridge, MA 02140). The diet was allowed to cool to ambient temperature before treatment with candidate insecticide.

For a determination of insecticidal activity, solutions of the candidate insecticides were prepared for testing using a Packard 204DT Multiprobe[®]

- 5 Robotic System (Packard Instrument Company, 800 Research Parkway, Meriden, CT 06450), in which the robot first diluted a standard 50 millimolar DMSO solution of candidate insecticide with a 1:1 water/acetone solution (V/V) in a ratio of 1:7 stock solution to water/acetone. The robot subsequently pipetted 40 microliters of the so-prepared solution onto the surface of the diet
- 10 in each of three wells in the 24 multi-well plate. The process was repeated with solutions of seven other candidate insecticides. Once treated, the contents of the multi-well plate were allowed to dry, leaving 0.25 millimoles of candidate insecticide on the surface of the diet, or a concentration of 0.25 millimolar. Appropriate untreated controls containing only DMSO on the diet surface were
- 15 also included in this test.

- For evaluations of the insecticidal activity of a candidate insecticide at varying rates of application, the test was established as described above using sub-multiples of the standard 50 millimolar DMSO solution of candidate insecticide. For example, the standard 50 millimolar solution was diluted by
- 20 the robot with DMSO to give 5, 0.5, 0.05, 0.005, 0.0005 millimolar, or more dilute solutions of the candidate insecticide. In these evaluations there were six replicates of each rate of application placed on the surface of the diet in the 24 multi-well plate, for a total of four rates of application of candidate insecticide in each plate.

- 25 In each well of the test plate was placed one second instar tobacco budworm larva, each weighing approximately five milligrams. After the larvae were placed in each well, the plate was sealed with clear polyfilm adhesive tape. The tape over each well was perforated to ensure an adequate air supply. The plates were then held in a growth chamber at 25 °C and 60%
- 30 relative humidity for five days (light 14 hours/day).

After the five-day exposure period insecticidal activity for each rate of application of candidate insecticide was assessed as percent inhibition of insect weight relative to the weight of insects from untreated controls, and percent mortality when compared to the total number of insects infested.

5 Insecticidal activity data at selected rates of application from this test are provided in Table 3. The test compounds of formula I are identified by numbers that correspond to those in Table 1.

Table 3
Insecticidal Activity of Test Compounds Applied to the
Surface of the Diet of Tobacco Budworm

10

[illegible]

[illegible]

Cmpd. No	265	266	267	268	269	270	271	272	273
Percent Mortality	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	99	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	274	275	276	277	279	280	281	282	283
Percent Mortality	100	100	17	100	100	100	100	0	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	79	100	100	100	100	95	100
Cmpd. No	284	285	286	287	288	289	290	291	292
Percent Mortality	100	100	50	100	100	100	100	100	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	94	100	100	100	100	95	100
Cmpd. No	293	294	295	297	298	302	304	305	306
Percent Mortality	17	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	33
Percent Growth Inhibition	93	100	92	100	100	100	95	95	59
Cmpd. No	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315
Percent Mortality	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	92	92	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324
Percent Mortality	50	100	100	100	100	17	0	67	83
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	95	78	98	99
Cmpd. No	325	326	327	328	329	330	331	332	333
Percent Mortality	50	0	0	0	50	33	67	100	17
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	93	99	95	99	89	98	100	99

Cmpd. No	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342
Percent Mortality	100	100	100	100	100	50	83	100	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351
Percent Mortality	100	100	100	100	83	100	100	100	50
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	395	396
Percent Mortality	83	17	100	100	100	100	83	100	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	87	100	100	100	100	99	100	100
Cmpd. No	397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405
Percent Mortality	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	427	429	432	433	434	435	436	437	438
Percent Mortality	33	100	100	100	100	100	50	100	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	439	440	441	442	443	444	445	446	447
Percent Mortality	100	100	100	100	33	0	100	17	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	96	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	448	450	451	452	453	454	455	456	457
Percent Mortality	100	0	100	67	83	100	100	17	0
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	62	100	100	100	100	100	100	16

Cmpd. No	458	459	460	461	462	463	464	465	466
Percent Mortality	0	0	0	0	83	0	0	0	17
Percent Growth Inhibition	94	99	100	98	100	65	63	92	77
Cmpd. No	467	468	469	470	471	472	473	474	475
Percent Mortality	0	33	17	100	100	100	100	100	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	68	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	476	477	478	479	480	481	482	483	484
Percent Mortality	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	485	486	487	488	489	490	491	492	493
Percent Mortality	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	494	495	496	497	498	499	501	501	502
Percent Mortality	0	0	100	17	100	100	100	100	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	77	98	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	503	504	505	506	507	508	509	510	511
Percent Mortality	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	512	513	514	515	516	517	518	519	520
Percent Mortality	100	100	100	100	100	0	17	17	17
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	86	96	93	99

[illegible]

Cmpd. No	584	585	586	587	588	589	590	591	592
Percent Mortality	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	593	594	595	596	597	598	599	600	601
Percent Mortality	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	602	603	604	605	606	607	608	609	610
Percent Mortality	100	100	100	100	100	100	83	33	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	611	612	613	614	615	616	617	618	619
Percent Mortality	83	0	83	16	17	100	0	100	17
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	48	100	99	72	100	14	100	100
Cmpd. No	620	621	622	623	624	625	626	627	628
Percent Mortality	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	29	4	4	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	629	630	631	632	633	634	635	636	637
Percent Mortality	100	100	100	100	50	100	100	100	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	638	639	640	641	642	643	644	645	646
Percent Mortality	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	100	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	100	100

[illegible]

Cmpd. No	710	711	712	713	714	715	716	717	718
Percent Mortality	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	719	720	721	722	723	724	725	726	727
Percent Mortality	100	100	100	83	100	100	100	100	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	728	729	730	731	732	733	734	735	736
Percent Mortality	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	737	738	739	740	741	742	743	744	745
Percent Mortality	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	100	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	746	747	748	749	750	751	752	753	754
Percent Mortality	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	755	756	757	758	759	760	761	762	763
Percent Mortality	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	764	765	767	768	769	770	771	772	773
Percent Mortality	100	100	100	100	0	0	17	0	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	13	76	72	78	100

[illegible]

Cmpd. No	837	838	839	840	841	842	843	844	845
Percent Mortality	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	83
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	846	847	848	849	850	851	852	853	854
Percent Mortality	100	100	83	100	100	50	100	100	100
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cmpd. No	855	856	857	858	859	860	861	862	
Percent Mortality	100	50	83	17	0	100	100	100	
Percent Growth Inhibition	100	100	100	99	46	100	100	100	

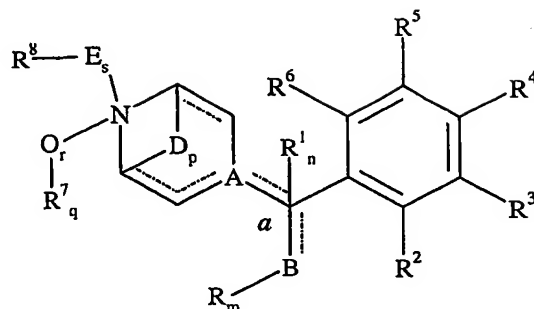
These tests were conducted with 0.25 millimoles of candidate insecticide on the surface of the diet.

5 As set forth in the foregoing Table 3, most of the compounds therein provided 100% mortality and 100% growth inhibition of tobacco budworm.

10 While this invention has been described with an emphasis upon preferred embodiments, it will be understood by those of ordinary skill in the art that variations of the preferred embodiments may be used and that it is intended that the invention may be practiced otherwise than as specifically described herein. Accordingly, this invention includes all modifications encompassed within the spirit and scope of the invention as defined by the following claims.

What is claimed is:

Claim 1. A compound of formula I



I

wherein;

m, n, q, r, and s are independently selected from 0 or 1; and p is 0, 1, 2, or 3;

A is selected from C and CH, forming a six-membered azine ring selected from piperidine, 1,4-dihydropyridine, and 1,2,5,6-tetrahydropyridine;

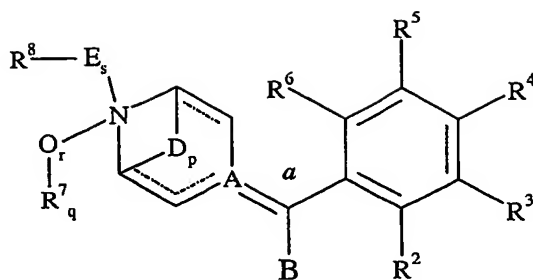
R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, and R⁶ are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, pentahalothio, alkylthio, cyano, nitro, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxy carbonyl, aryl, or aryloxy, provided that at least one of R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, and R⁶ are other than hydrogen; and either of R² and R³, or R³ and R⁴ may be taken together with -OCF₂O-, -OCF₂CF₂-, -CF₂CF₂O-, or -CH=CHCH=CH-, forming a benzo-fused ring;

and when,

(a) m and n are 0;

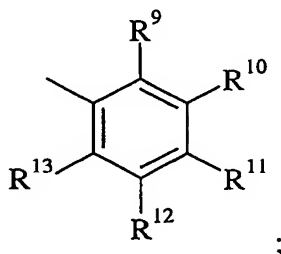
a double bond between methyl carbon (a) and the 4-position of the six-membered azine ring is formed,

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where

B is phenyl substituted with R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} , R^{12} , and R^{13} ,



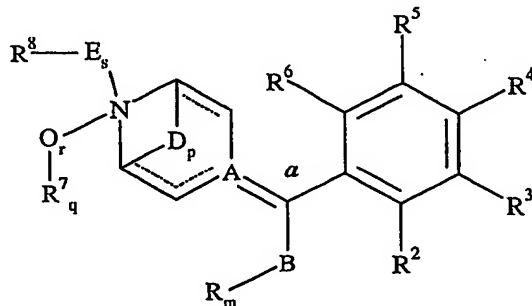
where

R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} , R^{12} , and R^{13} are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, mercapto, and alkylthio, cyano, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, or aryloxy; and, wherein either of R^9 and R^{10} , or R^{10} and R^{11} may be taken together with $-OCF_2O-$, $-OCF_2CF_2-$, or $-CF_2CF_2O-$, forming a benzo-fused ring, and;

and when

(b) m is 1, and n is 0;

a double bond between methyl carbon (a) and the 4-position of the six-membered azine ring is formed,



where

B is a bridging group from methyl carbon (a) to R;

where

B is selected from O, S, $^*\text{CH}_2\text{O}$, $^*\text{OCH}_2$, OC(=O)O , $^*\text{OC(=O)NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C(=O)O}$, $^*\text{OC(=S)NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C(=S)O}$, $^*\text{OCH}_2\text{C(=O)NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C(=O)CH}_2\text{O}$, $^*\text{CH}_2\text{OC(=O)NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C(=O)OCH}_2$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{CH}_2$, $^*\text{CH}_2\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C(=O)}$, $^*\text{C(=O)NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{SO}_2$, $^*\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{NHSO}_2$, $^*\text{SO}_2\text{NHN}^{15}$, $^*\text{OC(=O)NR}^{15}\text{SO}_2$, $^*\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^{15}\text{C(=O)O}$, $^*\text{OC(=O)NR}^{15}\text{CHR}^{16}$, $^*\text{CHR}^{16}\text{NR}^{15}\text{C(=O)O}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C(=O)NR}^{16}$; 1,4-dioxycyclohexyl, or 4-oxypiperidin-1-yl, where the asterisk denotes attachment to the methyl carbon (a);

where

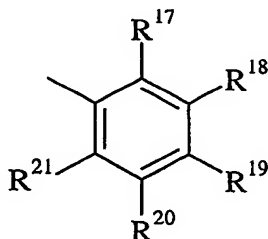
R^{15} and R^{16} are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylcarbonyl wherein the aryl is optionally substituted with halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, or nitro;

where

R is alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, or alkoxy carbonyl;

or

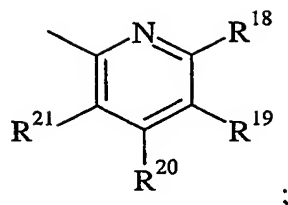
R is phenyl substituted with R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ;



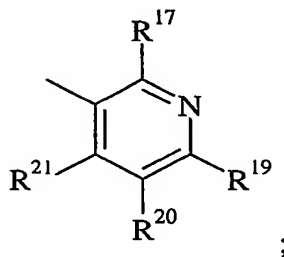
or,

R is pyrid-2-yl substituted with R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ,

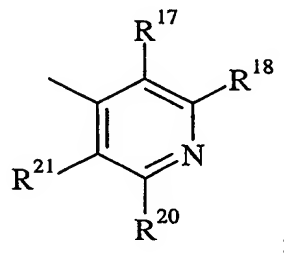
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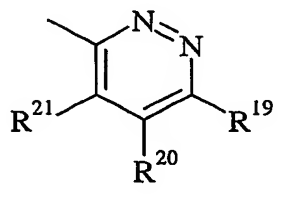
or

pyrid-3-yl substituted with R^{17} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ,

or

pyrid-4-yl substituted with R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ,

or

pyridazin-3-yl substituted with R^{19} , R^{20} and R^{21} ,

where

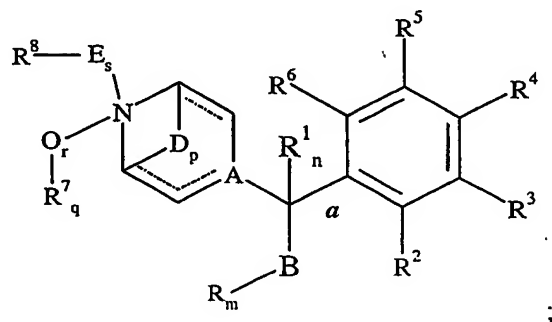
R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, alkylthio, haloalkylthio, cyano, nitro,

alkylcarbonyl, alkoxy carbonyl, alkoxy carbonylamino, aryl, aryloxy, and 2-alkyl-2H-tetrazole, and, wherein either of R^{17} and R^{18} , or R^{18} and R^{19} may be taken together with $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CHCH}_2-$, $-\text{OCF}_2\text{O}-$, $-\text{OCF}_2\text{CF}_2-$, or $-\text{CF}_2\text{CF}_2\text{O}-$, to form a benzo-fused ring;

and when

(c) m and n are 1;

a single bond between methyl carbon (a) and the 4-position of the six-membered azine ring is formed;



where

B is a bridging group from methyl carbon (a) to R;

where

B is selected from O, S, $^*\text{CH}_2\text{O}$, $^*\text{OCH}_2$, $\text{OC}(=\text{O})\text{O}$, $^*\text{OC}(=\text{O})\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{O}$, $^*\text{OC}(=\text{S})\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{S})\text{O}$, $^*\text{OCH}_2\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{CH}_2\text{O}$, $^*\text{CH}_2\text{OC}(=\text{O})\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{OCH}_2$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{CH}_2$, $^*\text{CH}_2\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{O})$, $^*\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{SO}_2$, $^*\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{NH}\text{SO}_2$, $^*\text{SO}_2\text{NH}\text{NR}^{15}$, $^*\text{OC}(=\text{O})\text{NR}^{15}\text{SO}_2$, $^*\text{SO}_2\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{O}$, $^*\text{OC}(=\text{O})\text{NR}^{15}\text{CHR}^{16}$, $^*\text{CHR}^{16}\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{O}$, $^*\text{NR}^{15}\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NR}^{16}$; 1,4-dioxycyclohexyl, or 4-oxypiperidin-1-yl, where the asterisk denotes attachment to the methyl carbon (a); where R^{15} and R^{16} are described above;

and,

R is alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, or alkoxy carbonyl;

or

R is phenyl substituted with R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ; pyrid-2-yl substituted with R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ; pyrid-3-yl substituted with R^{17} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ; pyrid-4-yl substituted with R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{20} , and R^{21} ; or pyridazin-3-yl substituted with R^{19} , R^{20} and R^{21} ; where R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} are described above;

R^1 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxyalkyl, or aryl;

when p is 1, 2, or 3;

D is $-\text{CH}_2-$, and an azabicyclo derivative of the six-membered azine ring is formed;

when q is 0, and r is 1, an N-oxide derivative of the six-membered azine ring nitrogen is formed;

when q is 1 and r is 0 or 1;

R^7 is selected from alkyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, dialkylaminoalkyl, alkylaminocarbonyloxyalkyl, alkylthioalkyl, alkylsulfonylalkyl, alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, carboxyalkyl, arylalkyl, arylcarbonyl, sulfonato, or sulfonatoalkyl, and may bear a negative charge resulting in an inner salt; and a separate ion is chloride, bromide, iodide, or an alkyl or phenyl sulfate or sulfonate;

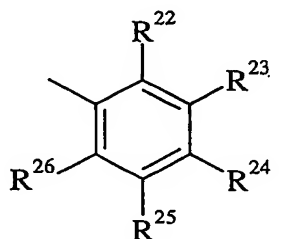
when s is 0 or 1;

R^8 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, amino, morpholinyl, optionally substituted indolyl, piperidiny, optionally substituted (pyridyl)alkenyl, optionally substituted 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthylenyl, optionally substituted arylpyrazolyl, benzo[b]thiophenyl, 5-hydropyridino[1,2a]pyrimidinonyl, optionally substituted 4-hydro-1,3-thiazolino[3,2a]pyrimidinonyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinolinyl, 2-thioxo-1,3-dihydroquinazolinonyl, 1,3-

dihydroquinazolindionyl, or benzo[c]azolindionyl, wherein the optional substituent is selected from halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, and nitro;

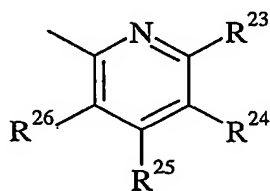
or

R⁸ is phenyl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶,



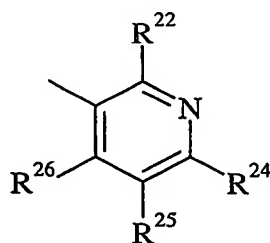
or

pyrid-2-yl substituted with R²³, R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶,



or

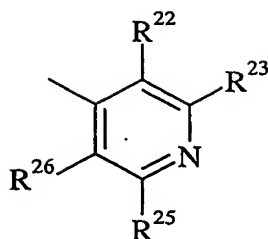
pyrid-3-yl substituted with R²², R²⁴, R²⁵, and R²⁶,



or

pyrid-4-yl substituted with R²², R²³, R²⁵, and R²⁶,

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where

R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and R^{26} are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, dialkoxyalkyl, trialkoxyalkyl, alkoxyiminoalkyl, alkenyloxyiminoalkyl, alkynyloxyiminoalkyl, cycloalkylalkoxy, alkoxyalkoxy, alkylthio, dithioalkoxyalkyl, trithioalkoxyalkyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylaminosulfonyl, dialkylaminosulfonyl, cycloalkylaminosulfonyl, alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, haloalkenyloxy, alkylsulfonyloxy, optionally substituted arylalkoxy, cyano, nitro, amino, alkylamino, alkylcarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkenyloxycarbonylamino, alkynyloxycarbonylamino, haloalkylcarbonylamino, alkoxyalkoxycarbonylamino, (alkyl)(alkoxycarbonyl)amino, alkylsulfonylamino, optionally substituted (heteroaryl)(alkoxycarbonyl)amino, optionally substituted arylcarbonylamino, formyl, optionally substituted 1,3-dioxolan-2-yl, optionally substituted 1,3-dioxan-2-yl, optionally substituted 1,3-oxazolidin-2-yl, optionally substituted 1,3-oxazaperhydroin-2-yl, optionally substituted 1,3-dithiolan-2-yl, optionally substituted 1,3-dithian-2-yl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyloxy, alkylaminocarbonylamino, dialkylaminocarbonylamino, alkylamino(thiocarbonyl)amino, dialkylphosphoroureidyl, optionally substituted thienyl, optionally substituted 1,3-thiazolylalkoxy, optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted aryloxy, optionally substituted aryloxyalkyl, optionally substituted arylaminocarbonyloxy, optionally substituted heteroaryl, optionally substituted heteroaryloxy, optionally substituted pyrrolyl, optionally substituted pyrazolyl, optionally substituted pyrazinyloxy, optionally substituted 1,3-oxazolinyl, optionally substituted 1,3-oxazolinylloxy, optionally substituted 1,3-oxazolinylamino, optionally

substituted 1,2,4-triazolyl, optionally substituted 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, optionally substituted 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl, optionally substituted 1,2,5-thiadiazolyloxy, optionally substituted 2H-tetrazolyl, optionally substituted pyridyl, optionally substituted pyridyloxy, optionally substituted pyridylamino, optionally substituted pyrimidinyl, optionally substituted pyrimidinylloxy, optionally substituted 3,4,5,6-tetrahydropyrimidinylloxy, optionally substituted pyridazinylloxy, or optionally substituted 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl, wherein the optional substituent is selected from one or more of halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, dialkoxyalkyl, dithioalkoxyalkyl, cyano, nitro, amino, or alkoxycarbonylamino, provided that at least one of R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and R^{26} is other than hydrogen;

when s is 1;

E is a bridging group selected from $(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y$, $(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_yO^*$, C_3H_6 , C_4H_8 , $C(=O)$, $C(=O)C_2H_4^*$, $C_2H_4C(=O)^*$, $C_3H_6C(=O)^*$, $C_4H_8NHC(=O)^*$, or $C(=S)NH^*$, where the asterisk denotes attachment at R^8 ,

where

x is 1; y is 0, or 1;

and,

where R^{27} , R^{28} , R^{29} , and R^{30} are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, and aryl optionally substituted with alkoxy;

N-oxides;

and

agriculturally-acceptable salts thereof.

Claim 2. A compound of claim 1, wherein p and q are 0; r is 0 or 1; and s is 1; R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , and R^6 are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, pentahalothio, alkylthio, nitro, aryl, and aryloxy; E is the bridging group $-(CR^{27}R^{28})_x-(CR^{29}R^{30})_y-$, where x is 1 and y is 0, R^{27} and R^{28} are hydrogen; and R^8 is phenyl substituted with R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and R^{26} , where R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and R^{26} are independently selected from hydrogen, alkoxy, dialkoxyalkyl, dithioalkoxyalkyl, alkoxyiminoalkyl,

alkenyloxyiminoalkyl, alkynyloxyiminoalkyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, optionally substituted arylcarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyloxy, optionally substituted 1,3-dioxolane-2-yl, optionally substituted 1,3-dioxan-2-yl, optionally substituted 1,3-dithiolan-2-yl, optionally substituted 1,3-dithian-2-yl, optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted aryloxy, optionally substituted 2H-tetrazole, optionally substituted pyridyl, optionally substituted pyridyloxy, optionally substituted pyrimidinyl, optionally substituted pyrimidinyl, and optionally substituted pyridazinyloxy.

Claim 3. A compound of claim 2, wherein A is C, forming said piperidine ring; m is (a) 0 or (b) 1, and n is 0, forming a double bond between methyl carbon (a) and the 4-position of said piperidine ring; and when

(a) m and n are 0;

B is phenyl substituted with R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} , R^{12} , and R^{13} , where R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} , R^{12} , and R^{13} are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, haloalkoxy, mercapto, and alkylthio;

or

when

(b) m is 1, and n is 0;

B is said bridging group selected from O, $*OC(=O)NR^{15}$, and $*SO_2NR^{15}$, where R^{15} is hydrogen;

and,

R is phenyl substituted with R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} where R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, nitro, aryl, aryloxy, and 2-alkyl-2H-tetrazole.

Claim 4. A compound of claim 3, wherein R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , and R^6 are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, haloalkyl, and haloalkoxy; and R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and R^{26} are independently selected from hydrogen, dialkoxyalkyl, dithioalkoxyalkyl, alkoxyiminoalkyl, alkylaminocarbonyloxy,

optionally substituted 1,3-dioxolan-2-yl, optionally substituted 1,3-dioxan-2-yl, optionally substituted aryloxy, optionally substituted 2H-tetrazole, optionally substituted pyridyloxy, optionally substituted pyrimidinyl, optionally substituted pyrimidinyl, and optionally substituted pyridazinyl.

Claim 5. A compound of claim 4, wherein (a) m and n are 0; and R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} , R^{12} , and R^{13} are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, haloalkyl, and haloalkoxy.

Claim 6. A compound of claim 5, wherein R^2 , R^3 , R^5 , R^6 , R^9 , R^{10} , R^{12} , R^{13} , R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{25} , and R^{26} are hydrogen; R^4 and R^{11} are difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl or trifluoromethoxy; and R^{24} is pyrid-2-yloxy or pyrimidin-2-yloxy.

Claim 7. A compound of claim 4, wherein (b) m is 1, and n is 0; B is the bridging group O or $*OC(=O)NR^{15}$; and R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, haloalkyl, and haloalkoxy.

Claim 8. A compound of claim 7, wherein R^2 , R^3 , R^5 , R^6 , R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{20} , R^{21} , R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{25} , and R^{26} are hydrogen; R^4 and R^{19} are difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl or trifluoromethoxy; and R^{24} is pyrid-2-yloxy or pyrimidin-2-yloxy.

Claim 9. A compound of claim 2, wherein A is CH, forming said piperidine ring;

(c) m and n are 1, forming a single bond between methyl carbon (a) and the 4-position of said rings ;

R^1 is hydrogen;

B is said bridging group selected from O, $*OC(=O)NR^{15}$, and $*SO_2NR^{15}$, where R^{15} is hydrogen;

and

R is phenyl substituted with R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} where R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, nitro, aryl, aryloxy, and 2-alkyl-2H-tetrazole.

Claim 10. A compound of claim 9, wherein R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , and R^6 are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, haloalkyl, and haloalkoxy; and R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{24} , R^{25} , and R^{26} are independently selected from hydrogen, dialkoxyalkyl, dithioalkoxyalkyl, alkoxyiminoalkyl, alkylaminocarbonyloxy, optionally substituted 1,3-dioxolan-2-yl, optionally substituted 1,3-dioxan-2-yl, optionally substituted aryloxy, optionally substituted 2H-tetrazole, optionally substituted pyridyloxy, optionally substituted pyrimidinyl, optionally substituted pyrimidinylloxy, and optionally substituted pyridazinylloxy.

Claim 11. A compound of claim 10, wherein B is the bridging group O or $*OC(=O)NR^{15}$; R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{20} , and R^{21} are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen, haloalkyl, and haloalkoxy.

Claim 12. A compound of claim 11, wherein R^2 , R^3 , R^5 , R^6 , R^{17} , R^{18} , R^{20} , R^{21} , R^{22} , R^{23} , R^{25} , and R^{26} are hydrogen; R^4 and R^{19} are difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl or trifluoromethoxy; and R^{24} is pyrid-2-yloxy or pyrimidin-2-yloxy.

Claim 13. A composition containing an insecticidally effective amount of a compound of claim 1 in admixture with at least one agriculturally acceptable extender or adjuvant.

Claim 14. A composition containing an insecticidally effective amount of a compound of claim 2 in admixture with at least one agriculturally acceptable extender or adjuvant.

Claim 15. A composition containing an insecticidally effective amount of a compound of claim 3 in admixture with at least one agriculturally acceptable extender or adjuvant.

Claim 16. A composition containing an insecticidally effective amount of a compound of claim 4 in admixture with at least one agriculturally acceptable extender or adjuvant.

Claim 17. A composition containing an insecticidally effective amount of a compound of claim 5 in admixture with at least one agriculturally acceptable extender or adjuvant.

Claim 18. A composition containing an insecticidally effective amount of a compound of claim 6 in admixture with at least one agriculturally acceptable extender or adjuvant.

Claim 19. A composition containing an insecticidally effective amount of a compound of claim 7 in admixture with at least one agriculturally acceptable extender or adjuvant.

Claim 20. A composition containing an insecticidally effective amount of a compound of claim 8 in admixture with at least one agriculturally acceptable extender or adjuvant.

Claim 21. A composition containing an insecticidally effective amount of a compound of claim 9 in admixture with at least one agriculturally acceptable extender or adjuvant.

Claim 22. A composition containing an insecticidally effective amount of a compound of claim 10 in admixture with at least one agriculturally acceptable extender or adjuvant.

Claim 23. A composition containing an insecticidally effective amount of a compound of claim 11 in admixture with at least one agriculturally acceptable extender or adjuvant.

Claim 24. A composition containing an insecticidally effective amount of a compound of claim 12 in admixture with at least one agriculturally acceptable extender or adjuvant.

Claim 25. The insecticidal composition of claim 13, further comprising one or more second compounds.

Claim 26. The insecticidal composition of claim 14, further comprising one or more second compounds.

Claim 27. The insecticidal composition of claim 15, further comprising one or more second compounds.

Claim 28. The insecticidal composition of claim 16, further comprising one or more second compounds.

Claim 29. The insecticidal composition of claim 17, further comprising one or more second compounds.

Claim 30. The insecticidal composition of claim 18, further comprising one or more second compounds.

Claim 31. The insecticidal composition of claim 19, further comprising one or more second compounds.

Claim 32. The insecticidal composition of claim 20, further comprising one or more second compounds.

Claim 33. The insecticidal composition of claim 21, further comprising one or more second compounds.

Claim 34. The insecticidal composition of claim 22, further comprising one or more second compounds.

Claim 35. The insecticidal composition of claim 23, further comprising one or more second compounds.

Claim 36. The insecticidal composition of claim 24, further comprising one or more second compounds.

Claim 37. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 13 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

Claim 38. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 14 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

Claim 39. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 15 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

Claim 40. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 16 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

Claim 41. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 17 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

Claim 42. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 18 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

Claim 43. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 19 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

Claim 44. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 20 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

Claim 45. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 21 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

Claim 46. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 22 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

Claim 47. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 23 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

Claim 48. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 24 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

Claim 49. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 25 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

Claim 50. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 26 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

Claim 51. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 27 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

Claim 52. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 28 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

Claim 53. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 29 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

Claim 54. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 30 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

Claim 55. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 31 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

Claim 56. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 32 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

Claim 57. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 33 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

Claim 58. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 34 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

Claim 59. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 35 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

Claim 60. A method of controlling insects, comprising applying an insecticidally effective amount of a composition of claim 36 to a locus where insects are present or are expected to be present.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US03/38878

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(7) : A61K 31/44; C07D 401/02

US CL : 546/277.4, 280.4, 282.1; 514/ 336, 340, 342, 343

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 546/277.4, 280.4, 282.1; 514/ 336, 340, 342, 343

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)
EAST; CAS ONLINE

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	US 6,017,931 (SILVERMAN et al) 25 January 2000, (25.01.2000).	1
A	US 5,795,901 (SZCZEPANSKI et al) 18 August 1998 (18.08.1998).	1

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.

☐ See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:

"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance

"E" earlier application or patent published on or after the international filing date

"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)

"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means

"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

"T"

later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

"X"

document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

"Y"

document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art

"&"

document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

30 March 2004 (30.03.2004)

Date of mailing of the international search report

14 JUN 2004

Name and mailing address of the ISA/US

Mail Stop PCT, Attn: ISA/US

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US03/38878

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of Item 1 of first sheet)

This international report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☐ Claim Nos.:
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
2. ☒ Claim Nos.: 2-60
because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:

Please see continuation sheet
3. ☐ Claim Nos.:
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of Item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☐ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

Remark on Protest

☐
☐

The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.

No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

PCT/US03/38878

Continuation of Box 1 Reason 2:

In these claims, the numerous variables (e.g. R1, R2, R3, R4, R5 etc.) and their voluminous complex meanings and their seemingly endless permutations and combinations make it virtually impossible to determine the full scope and complete meaning of the claimed subject matter. As presented, the claimed subject matter cannot be regarded as being a clear and concise description for which protection is sought and as such the listed claims do not comply with the requirements of PCT article 6. Thus it is impossible to carry out a meaningful search on same. A search will be made on the first discernable invention, which is Example 1, encompassing claim 1.